

PANIGALE

Owner's manual

ENGLISH

PANIGALE V4 S

This manual forms an integral part of the motorcycle and must be kept with it for its whole service life. If the motorcycle is resold, the manual must always be handed over to the new owner. The quality standards and safety of Ducati motorcycles are steadily improved as new design solutions, equipment and accessories are developed. While the information contained in this manual is current at the time of going to print, Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without any obligations. For this reason, the illustrations in this manual might differ from your motorcycle. Any and all reproduction or spreading of the contents herein in whole or in part is forbidden. All rights reserved to Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. Any request for written authorisation shall be addressed to this company, specifying the reasons for request. For any servicing or suggestions you might need, please contact our authorised service centres.

For further information, please contact us at:
contact_us@ducati.com
Our Advisors are available to give you suggestions and useful tips.

Important
The service is active only in the following countries:
Holland, Belgium, Luxembourg, France, Italy, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Ireland, Germany.

Enjoy your ride!

Roadside Assistance



ACI Global Servizi

Important

The "ACI Global Services" roadside assistance is in force only in the following countries: Denmark, Belgium, France, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Ireland, United Kingdom, Italy, Norway, Holland, Spain, Austria, Germany, Sweden, Portugal, Canary Islands, Cyprus, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Finland, Greece, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovakia, Slovenia, Turkey, Ukraine.

The Ducati Card Assistance Programme, created in collaboration with Ducati and ACI Global Services, offers assistance in case of breakdown and/or accident to the Ducati Customer. The service is active 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, for 24 months (in case of extended warranty the relevant conditions will apply) from the date of delivery of the motorcycle or for the period of coverage of the Ever Red warranty extension.

The roadside assistance services include:

- Roadside assistance and towing
- Transport of passengers following roadside assistance
- Return of passengers or continuation of the journey
- Recovery of the repaired motorcycle
- Repatriation of the motorcycle from abroad
- Search and sending of spare parts abroad

- Hotel expenses
- Recovery of the motorcycle off the road in case of accident
- Advance payment of bail abroad

and may be requested in the following countries:
Andorra, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Finland, France (including Corsica, roads open to ordinary traffic) Fyrom (the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia), Germany, Gibraltar, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Italy (including San Marino and the Vatican), Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Monaco, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom.

Important
All information is detailed and available on the Ducati website of the respective country.

Call Centre telephone numbers

The numbers to contact to request the services listed above are the following:

Andorra	+34-91-594 93 40	+34-91-594 93 40
Austria	0800-22 03 50	+43-1-25 119 19398
Belgium	0800-14 134	+32-2-233 22 90
Bulgaria	(02)-986 73 52	+359-2-986 73 52
Cyprus	22 31 31 31	+357-22-31 31 31
Croatia	0800-79 87	+385-1-464 01 41
Denmark	80 20 22 07	+45-80 20 22 07
Estonia	(0)-69 79 199	+372-69 79 199

Finland	(09)-77 47 64 00	-77476051
France (+Corsica)	0800-23 65 10	+33-4-72 17 12 83
FYROM	(02)-3181 192	+389-2-3181 192
Germany	0800-27 22 774	+49-89-76 76 40 90
Gibraltar	91-594 93 40	+34-91-594 93 40
Greece	(210)-9462 058	+30-210-9462 058
Ireland	1800-304 500	+353-1-617 95 61
Iceland	5 112 112	+354-5 112 112
Italy	800.744.444	+39 02 66.16.56.10
Latvia	67 56 65 86	+371-67 56 65 86
Lithuania	(85)-210 44 25	+370-5-210 44 25
Luxembourg	25 36 36 301	+352-25 36 36 301
Malta	21 24 69 68	+356-21 24 69 68
Monaco	+33-4-72 17 12 83	+33-4-72 17 12 83
Montenegro	0800-81 986	+382-20-234 038
Norway	800-30 466	+47-800-30 466
Holland	0800-099 11 20	+31-70-314 51 12
Poland	061 83 19 885	+48 61 83 19 885

Portugal	800-20 66 68	+351-21-942 91 05
United Kingdom	00800-33 22 88 77	00800-33 22 88 77
Czech Republic	261 10 43 48	+420-2-61 10 43 48
Romania	021-317 46 90	+40-21-317 46 90
Serbia	(011)-240 43 51	+381-11-240 43 51
Slovakia	(02)-492 05 963	+421-2-49 20 59 63
Slovenia	(01)-530 53 10	+386-1-530 53 10
Spain	900-101 576	+34-91-594 93 40
Sweden	020-88 87 77	+46-771-88 87 77 (+46 8 5179 2873)
Switzerland (+Liechtenstein)	0800-55 01 41	+41 58 827 60 86
Turkey	(216) 560 07 50	+90 216 560 07 50
Ukraine	044-494 29 52	+380-44-494 29 52
Hungary	(06-1)-345 17 47	+36-1-345 17 47

Table of contents

Introduction 12
Safety guidelines 12
Warning symbols used in the manual 13
Intended use 14
Rider's obligations 15
Rider's training 16
Apparel 16
Safety "Best Practices" 17
Refuelling 19
Carrying the maximum load allowed 20
Information about carrying capacity 20
Dangerous products - warnings 21
Vehicle identification number 23
Engine identification number 24

Instrument panel (Dashboard) 25
Instrument panel 25
Acronyms and abbreviations used in the Manual 29
Technological Dictionary 29
Function buttons 33
Parameter setting and displaying 35
Main and auxiliary functions 40
Engine rpm indication (RPM) 42
Motorcycle speed 43
Gear 44
Clock 45
Engine Coolant temperature 46
Riding Mode (RIDING MODE) 47
Parameter menu and level change 53
DTC 56
DWC 62
DSC 68
EBC 72
Function menu 76
Odometer (TOT) 78
Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1) 79
Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) 80
Average speed (SPEED AVG 1) 82
Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME) 84
Ambient air temperature (T-AIR) 86

Partial fuel reserve counter (TRIP FUEL) 87
Trip meter 2 (TRIP 2) 88
Instantaneous fuel consumption 89
Lap time (LAP Off / On) 90
Player management (PLAYER Off / On) 91
Call management (LAST CALLS) 92
Setting menu (SETTING MENU) 93
Customising the Riding Mode 96
Customizing the Riding Mode: engine adjustment 99
Customizing the Riding Mode: DES adjustment 101
Customizing the Riding Mode: ABS adjustment 119
Customising the Riding Mode: DAVC 127
Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the DTC level 130
Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the DWC level 133
Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the DSC level 136
Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the EBC level 139
Customizing the Riding Mode: DSQ enabling/ disabling 141
Customizing the Riding Mode: display mode setting (Info Mode) 144
Customizing the Riding Mode: restoring default settings 146
Customising Riding Mode: restore default settings (All Default) 148
Pin Code 149
Changing the Pin Code 154
Lap 160
Backlighting setting (Backlight) 166
Date setting (Date and Clock) 168
Clock setting (Date and Clock) 171
Unit of measurement setting (Units) 174
Service thresholds display (Service) 179
Tyre setting and drive ratio (Tyre Calibration) 180
DRL light mode setting (DRL) 184
Bluetooth device setting (Bluetooth) 186
DDA 196
Turn indicator automatic switch-off feature (Turn indicators) 200
Information (Info) 202
Assisted start (Launch Control - DPL) 204
LAP Time 212

Infotainment 218
Heated handgrips 226
DRL automatic mode indication 227
OIL SERVICE zero warning 228
OIL SERVICE or ANNUAL SERVICE or DESMO SERVICE indication 229
OIL SERVICE or ANNUAL SERVICE or DESMO SERVICE countdown indication 230
Warnings/Alarms (WARNING) 231
Error indication 236
Viewing side stand status 237
Light control 238
Immobilizer system 245
Keys 246
Key duplication 247
Restoring motorcycle operation via the PIN CODE 248

Controls 250
Position of motorcycle controls 250
Ignition switch and steering lock 251
Left-hand switch 252
Clutch lever 257
Right-hand switch 258
Throttle twistgrip 260
Front brake lever 261
Rear brake pedal 262
Gear change pedal 263
Adjusting the position of the gearchange pedal and rear brake pedal 264

Main components and devices 265
Position on the vehicle 265
Tank filler plug 266
Seat lock 267
Side stand 269
Bluetooth control unit 271
Steering damper 273
Front fork adjustment 274
Adjusting the rear shock absorber 275

Riding the motorcycle 276
Running-in recommendations 276
Pre-ride checks 279
Engine start 282
Moving off 285
Braking 285
Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS) 286
Stopping the motorcycle 287

Parking 288
Refuelling 289
Tool kit and accessories 292

Main use and maintenance operations 293
Removing the fairing 293
Change air filter 294
Checking coolant level and topping up, if necessary 295
Checking brake and clutch fluid level 296
Checking brake pads for wear 298
Charging the battery 299
Maintaining the battery charge 306
Checking drive chain tension 309
Lubricating the drive chain 311
Replacing the high and low beam bulbs 316
Rear turn indicators 316
Aligning the headlight 317
Adjusting the rear-view mirrors 319
Tubeless tyres 320
Check engine oil level 322
Cleaning the motorcycle 324
Cleaning and replacing the spark plugs 326
Storing the motorcycle 327
Important notes 328
Vehicle transport 329

Scheduled maintenance chart 330
Scheduled maintenance chart: operations to be carried out by the dealer 330
Scheduled maintenance chart: operations to be carried out by the customer 335

Technical data 336
Weights 336
Dimensions 337
Fuel, lubricants and other fluids 338
Engine 340
Timing system 341
Performance data 342
Spark plugs 342
Fuel system 342
Brakes 342
Transmission 343
Frame 344
Wheels 344
Tyres 344
Suspension 344

Exhaust system 345
Available colours 345
Electric system 346

Declarations of conformity 350
Declarations of conformity 350

Introduction

Safety guidelines

We would like to welcome you among Ducati enthusiasts, and congratulate you on your excellent choice of motorcycle. We think you will ride your Ducati motorcycle for long journeys as well as short daily trips. Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. wishes you smooth and enjoyable riding.
Your motorcycle is the result of Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A.'s on-going research and development efforts. It is important that you preserve its quality standard by strictly observing the maintenance plan and using genuine spare parts.
This manual provides instructions on minor maintenance operations. Major maintenance operations are described in the Workshop Manual available to Ducati Authorised Service Centres.
In your own interest, for your safety and in order to guarantee product reliability, you are strongly advised to refer to our authorised Dealers and Service Centres for any operations listed in the scheduled maintenance chart, see page 330.
Our highly skilled staff have access to special implements and appropriate equipment required to perform any servicing job at best, and use Ducati original spare parts only as the best guarantee for full interchangeability, smooth running and long life.
All Ducati motorcycles come with a Warranty Card. The warranty does not apply to motorcycles used in racing competitions. Tampering with or altering any components, even partially, will make the warranty null and void effective immediately. Improper or poor maintenance, using other than original spare parts or parts not expressly approved by Ducati may invalidate your warranty rights and lead to damage or loss of performance.
Your safety and that of other road users are very important. Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. recommends that you ride responsibly.
Before using your motorcycle for the first time, read this entire manual carefully and closely follow the guidelines outlined in it. The manual provides full information on proper motorcycle operation and maintenance. In case of any doubts, please contact a Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Warning symbols used in the manual

Several kinds of warnings are used as an alert of the possible hazards for you or other persons such as:

- Safety labels on the motorcycle;
- Safety messages preceded by a warning symbol and either WARNING or IMPORTANT.



Attention

Failure to comply with these instructions may put you at risk, and could lead to severe injury or even death of the rider or other persons.



Important

Possibility of damaging the motorcycle and/or its components.



Note

Additional information about the current operation.

The terms RIGHT and LEFT are referred to the motorcycle viewed from the riding position.

Intended use

This motorcycle must be ridden on asphalt or on flat and even surfaces, only. This motorcycle may not be used for riding on dirt trails or for off-road riding.

Attention

Off-road riding may lead to loss of control and result in vehicle damage, personal injuries or even death.

Attention

This motorcycle may not be used to tow any trailers or with a side-car attached; this can lead to loss of control and result in an accident.

Attention

The total weight of the motorcycle in running order including rider, luggage and additional accessories should not exceed 370kg/816 lb.

Important

Using the motorcycle under extreme conditions, such as very damp and muddy roads or dusty and dry environment, could cause above-average wear of components like the drive system, the brakes or the air filter. If the air filter is dirty, the engine could get damaged. Therefore, this might translate in required service or replacement of the wear parts earlier than specified in the scheduled maintenance chart.

Rider's obligations

All riders must hold a valid licence.

Attention

Riding without a licence is illegal and is prosecuted by law. Always make sure you have your licence with you when riding. Do not let inexperienced riders or persons without a valid licence use your motorcycle.

Do not ride under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs.

Attention

Riding under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs is illegal and is prosecuted by law.

Do not take prescription or other drugs before riding unless you have consulted your doctor about their side effects.

Attention

Some medications and drugs may cause drowsiness or other effects that slow down reaction time and the rider's ability to control the motorcycle, possibly leading to an accident.

Some states require vehicle insurance.

Attention

Check your state laws. Obtain insurance coverage and keep your insurance document secure with the other motorcycle documents.

To protect rider and passenger safety, some states mandate the use of a certified helmet.

Attention

Check your state laws. Riding without a helmet may be punishable by law.

Attention

Riders without helmets are more likely to suffer severe bodily injury or die if they are in an accident.

Attention

Check that your helmet complies with safety specifications, permits good vision, is the right size for your head, and carries a certification label indicating that it conforms to the standards in force in your state. Road traffic laws differ from state to state. Learn about traffic laws in your state before riding and always obey them.

Rider's training

Accidents are frequently due to inexperience. Riding, manoeuvres and braking must be performed in a different way than on the other vehicles.

Attention

Untrained riders or a wrong use of the vehicle may lead to loss of control, serious injuries or even death.

Apparel

Riding gear is very important for safety. Unlike cars, a motorcycle offers no impact protection in an accident.

Proper riding gear includes helmet, eye protection, gloves, boots, long sleeve jacket and long trousers.

- The helmet must meet the requirements listed at page 15; if your helmet does not have a visor, use suitable eye wear;
- Use five-finger gloves made from leather or abrasion-resistant material;
- Riding boots or shoes must have non-slip soles and offer ankle protection;
- Jacket, trousers or riding suit must be made from leather or abrasion-resistant material and have high-visibility colours and inserts.

Important

Never wear loose clothing, items or accessories that may become tangled in motorcycle parts.

Important

For your safety, always wear suitable protective gear, regardless of season and weather.

Safety "Best Practices"

These few simple operations are critical to people safety and to preserving the full performance of your motorcycle. Never forget to perform them before, while and after riding.

Important

Closely follow the indications provided at chapter "Riding the motorcycle" during the running-in period.
Failure to follow these instructions releases Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. from any liability whatsoever for any engine damage or shorter engine life.

Attention

Before riding your motorcycle, become familiar with the controls you will need to use when riding.

Perform the checks recommended in this manual before each ride (see page 285).

Attention

Failure to carry out these checks before riding may lead to motorcycle damage and injury to rider.

Attention

Start the engine outdoors or in a well ventilated area. The engine should never be started or run indoors.
Exhaust gases are poisonous and may lead to loss of consciousness or even death within a short time.
Use proper body position while riding.

Important

Rider must hold the handlebar with both hands at ALL TIMES while riding.

Important

Rider should keep his feet on the footpegs when the motorcycle is in motion.

Important

Be very careful when tackling road junctions, or when riding in areas near exits from private grounds, car parks or on slip roads to access motorways.

Important

Be sure you are clearly visible and do not ride within the blind spot of vehicles ahead.

Important
ALWAYS signal your intention to turn or pull to the next lane in good time using the suitable turn indicators.

Important
Park your motorcycle where no one is likely to knock against it, and use the side stand. Never park on uneven or soft ground, or your motorcycle may fall over.

Important
Visually inspect the tyres at regular intervals for detecting cracks and cuts, especially on the side walls, bulges or large spots that are indicative of internal damage. Replace them if badly damaged. Remove any stones or other foreign bodies caught in the tread.

Attention
Engine, exhaust pipes and silencers stay hot long after the engine is switched off; pay particular attention not to touch the exhaust system with any body part and do not park the vehicle next to flammable material (wood, leaves etc.).

Attention
Always remove the key when you leave your motorcycle unattended and make sure it is not accessible to persons not authorised to use the motorcycle.

Refuelling

Fuel label

Fuel identification label

Refuel outdoors with engine off.
Do not smoke or use open flames while refuelling. Be careful not to spill fuel on engine or exhaust pipe. Never completely fill the tank when refuelling. Fuel should never be touching the rim of filler recess.

When refuelling, avoid breathing the fuel vapours and prevent fuel from reaching your eyes, skin or clothes.

Attention

The motorcycle is only compatible with fuel having a maximum content of ethanol of 10% (E10). Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% is forbidden. Using it could result in severe damage of the engine and motorcycle components. Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% will make the warranty null and void.



Fig 1

Attention

In case of indisposition caused by breathing fuel vapours for a long time, stay in the open air and contact your doctor. In case of contact with eyes, thoroughly flush with water; in case of contact with skin, immediately clean with water and soap.

Attention

Fuel is highly flammable, in case of accidental spillage of fuel on your clothes it is necessary to change into clean clothes.

Carrying the maximum load allowed

Your motorcycle is designed for long-distance riding, carrying the maximum load allowed in full safety. Even weight distribution is critical to preserving these safety features and avoiding trouble when performing sudden manoeuvres or riding on bumpy roads.

Attention

Do not exceed the total permitted weight for the motorcycle and pay attention to information provided below regarding load capacity.

Information about carrying capacity

Important

Arrange your luggage or heavy accessories in the lowest possible position and close to motorcycle centre.

Important

Never fix bulky or heavy objects to the handlebar or to the front mudguard as this would affect stability and cause danger.

Important

Be sure to secure the luggage to the supports provided on the motorcycle as firmly as possible. Improperly secured luggage may affect stability.

Important

Do not insert any objects you may need to carry into the gaps of the frame as these may foul moving parts.

Attention

Make sure the tyres are inflated to the proper pressure and that they are in good condition.

Refer to paragraph "Tyres" on page 320.

Dangerous products - warnings

Used engine oil

Attention

Prolonged or repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. If working with engine oil on a daily basis, we recommend washing your hands thoroughly with soap immediately afterwards. Keep away from children.

Brake dust

Never clean the brake assembly using compressed air or a dry brush.

Brake fluid

Attention

Spilling brake fluid onto plastic, rubber or painted parts of the motorcycle may cause damages. Protect these parts with a clean shop cloth before proceeding to service the system. Keep away from children.

Attention

The fluid used in the brake system is corrosive. In the event of accidental contact with eyes or skin, wash the affected area with abundant running water.

Coolant

Engine coolant contains ethylene glycol, which may ignite under particular conditions, producing invisible flames. Although the flames from burning ethylene glycol are not visible, they are still capable of causing severe burns.

Attention

Take care not to spill engine coolant on the exhaust system or engine parts.

These parts may be hot and ignite the coolant, which will subsequently burn with invisible flames. Coolant (ethylene glycol) is irritant and poisonous when ingested. Keep away from children. Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. The coolant is under pressure and will cause severe burns.
The cooling fan operates automatically: keep hands well clear and make sure your clothing does not snag on the fan.

Battery

Attention
The battery gives off explosive gases; never cause sparks or allow naked flames and cigarettes near the battery. When charging the battery, ensure that the working area is properly ventilated.

Vehicle identification number

Note

These numbers identify the motorcycle model and should always be indicated when ordering spare parts.

It is recommended to record the frame number of your motorcycle in the space below.

Frame number

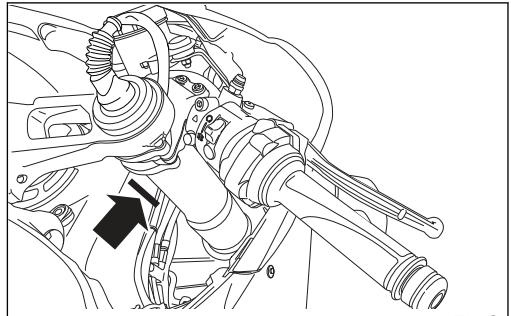


Fig 2

Engine identification number

Note

These numbers identify the motorcycle model and should always be indicated when ordering spare parts.

The engine identification number is located in the motorcycle front side on the horizontal head cylinder lower side, near the starter motor and the generator cover.

It is recommended to record the number of your motorcycle's engine in the space below.

Engine number

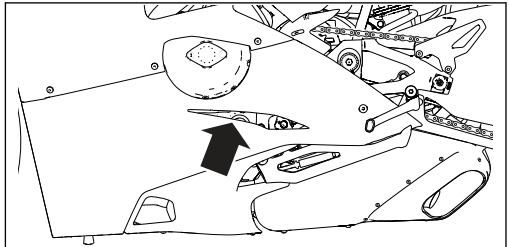


Fig 3

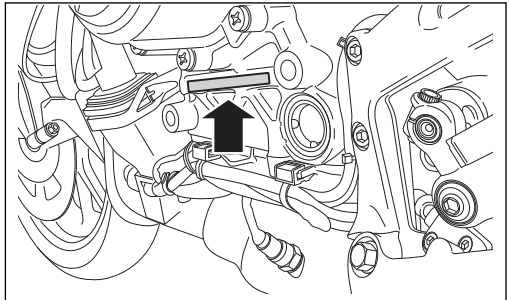


Fig 4

Instrument panel (Dashboard)

Instrument panel

1) DISPLAY

2) NEUTRAL LIGHT N (GREEN)
Comes on when in neutral position.

3) GENERIC ERROR WARNING LIGHT ⚠ (AMBER YELLOW)
It turns on when there are any "vehicle" errors, i.e. active errors triggered by any control unit other than the engine control unit.

4) HIGH BEAM LIGHT (BLUE)
It turns on to indicate that the high beam lights are on and when the flasher is activated.

5) FUEL WARNING LIGHT (AMBER YELLOW)
Comes on when fuel is low (see chapter “Top-ups”).

6) TURN INDICATOR LIGHTS ⇔ (GREEN)
Illuminates and flashes when the turn indicator is in operation.

7) ENGINE OIL PRESSURE LIGHT (RED)
Comes on when engine oil pressure is too low. It must turn on at "KEY-ON", but must turn off a few seconds after the engine has started. It may shortly come on when the engine is hot, however, it should go out as the engine revs up.

Important
If the ENGINE OIL light stays ON, stop the engine or it may suffer severe damage.

8) DAVC LIGHT (AMBER YELLOW)
This light indicates DTC/DWC/DSC system enabling/disabling status.
- Light off: DTC/DWC/DSC enabled and functioning;
- Light ON flashing: DTC/DWC/DSC enabled, but with degraded performance;
- Light steady ON: DTC/DWC/DSC disabled and/or not functioning due to a fault in the control unit.

9) ENGINE DIAGNOSIS - MIL LIGHT (AMBER YELLOW)
- The warning light turns steady on in case of error in engine management. Proceed slowly, avoid harsh acceleration and overtaking, take the

vehicle to a Ducati authorised service centre to eliminate the malfunction.
- The warning light turns on flashing to warn about a critical emission-related error that could damage the catalytic converter. If possible, have the vehicle be taken to a Ducati authorised service centre and the malfunction eliminated and at any rate proceed slowly, avoid harsh acceleration and overtaking.

10) ABS LIGHT (ABS) (AMBER YELLOW)
Indicates ABS status.
- Light off: ABS enabled and functioning;
- Light ON flashing: ABS in self-diagnosis and/or functioning with degraded performance;
- Light steady ON: ABS disabled and/or not functioning due to a fault in the ABS control unit.

11) DES LIGHT (AMBER YELLOW)
- Light OFF: DES active;
- Light ON flashing: DES in degraded mode or in initialisation status;
- Light steady ON: presence of DES malfunction.

12) DRL LIGHT (GREEN)
Indicates DRL lights status (not present in China, Canada and Japan versions).
- Light OFF: DRL light off;
- Light steady ON: DRL light active;
- Light ON flashing: DRL light in fault.

13) DTC INTERVENTION (AMBER YELLOW)
- Light OFF: no intervention;
- Light steady ON: advance cut or injection cut.

14) OVER REV / IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM

Over rev:
- Light OFF: no intervention;
- Light ON flashing: limiter.

Note
Each calibration of the Engine Control Unit may have a different setting for the rev limiter.

Immobilizer:
- Light OFF: key-on status or key-off status for over 12 hours;
- Light ON flashing: key-off status;

Important

If the display shows the message "TRANSPORT MODE", immediately contact your Ducati Dealer that will delete this message and ensure the full operation of the motorcycle.

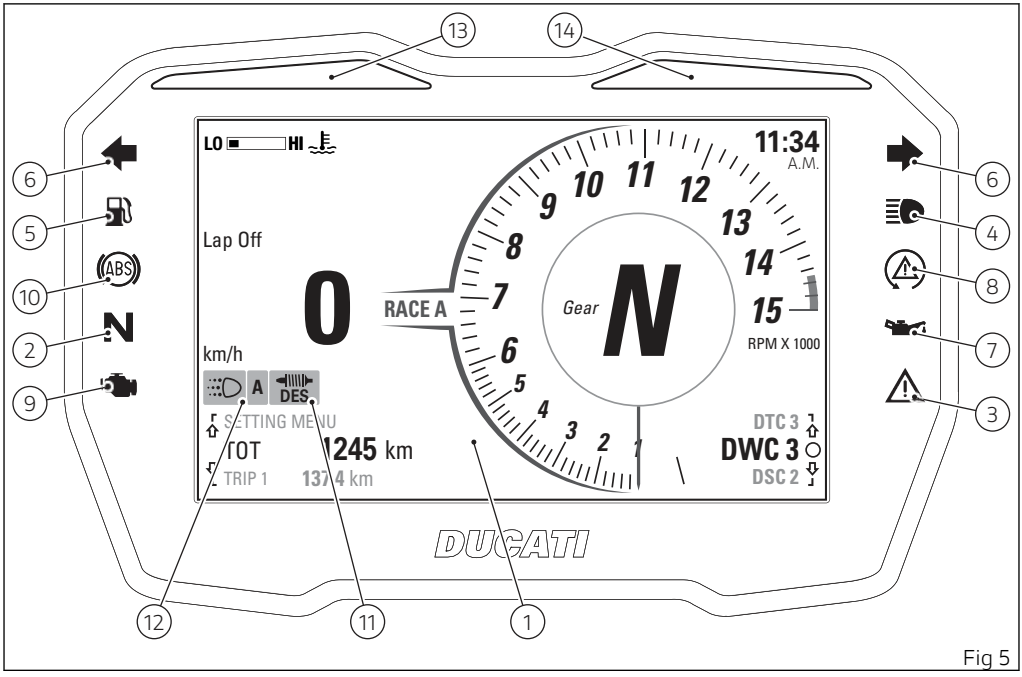

13
14
6
5
10
2
9
6
4
8
7
3
LO
HI
11:34
A.M.
Lap Off
0
km/h
RACE A
Gear
N
RPM X 1000
A
DES
SETTING MENU
TOT
1245 km
TRIP 1
1374 km
DTC 3
DWC 3
DSC 2
DUCATI
12
11
1

Fig 5

Acronyms and abbreviations used in the Manual

ABS
Antilock Braking System
BBS
Black Box System
CAN
Controller Area Network
DDA
DUCATI Data Acquisition
DES
Ducati Electronic Suspension
DPL
Ducati Power Launch
DQS
DUCATI Quick Shift
DSB
Dashboard
DSC
Ducati Slide Control
DTC
DUCATI Traction Control
DWC
DUCATI Wheelie Control
EBC
DUCATI Engine Brake Control
ECU
Engine Control Unit
GPS
Global Positioning System
IMU
Inertial Measurement Unit

Technological Dictionary

Engine Brake Control (EBC)

The engine brake control system (EBC) works together with the slipper clutch to avoid and control the rear wheel lock-up during aggressive downshifting.
EBC features a three-tiered operating system and is integrated in the three Riding Modes.

Riding Mode

The rider of a Panigale V4 can choose from 3 different preset motorcycle configurations (Riding Modes) and pick the one that best suits his/her riding style or ground conditions. The Riding Modes allow user to instantly change the engine power delivery (Power Mode), ABS, DTC, DQS, EBC and DWC settings and instrument panel graphics.

The Riding Modes available for the Panigale V4 are: Race A, Race B, Sport and Street. Within every Riding Mode, the rider can customise any settings.

Power Mode

The Power Modes are the different engine maps the rider can select to change power level and delivery to suit his/her own riding style and surface conditions. For the Panigale V4 there are three Power Modes, one for each Riding Mode:

- LOW, with 'soft' power delivery;
- MEDIUM, with 'soft' power delivery;
- HIGH, with 'instant' power delivery.

Ride by Wire (RbW)

The Ride by Wire system is the electronic device that controls throttle opening and closing. Since there is no mechanical connection between the throttle twistgrip and the throttle bodies, the ECU can adjust power delivery by directly affecting throttle opening angle.
The Ride by Wire system allows you to obtain different power level and delivery according to the selected Riding Mode (Power Mode), but even to accurately control the engine brake (EBC), thereby helping to control the rear wheel slipping (DTC).

Suspension Control Unit (SCU)

The Panigale V4 is equipped with the Öhlins Smart EC system applied to semi-active suspension systems and electronic steering damper (DES). This system communicates with the Bosch inertial platform to dynamically respond to changing road and riding conditions, thereby ensuring the best possible damping performance and total control of the motorcycle. It features two operating modes: Fixed, which is not an active mode and allows the rider to set specific compression and rebound settings for the front and rear suspensions (as well as the steering damper preload). These settings are maintained steady by the system until rider changes them, as it happens on a suspension system with standard adjustment. As an alternative, system features the Event Based mode, which is semi-active and allows the rider to select suspension "behaviour" levels, from hard to soft. In this mode, system dynamically adjusts compression, rebound and hardness of the damper depending on riding conditions, while still keeping to the overall "behaviour" level previously selected by the rider.

Ducati Traction Control (DTC)

The Ducati Traction Control system (DTC) supervises the rear wheel slipping control and settings vary through eight different levels that are calibrated to offer a different tolerance level to rear wheel slipping. Each Riding Mode features a pre-set intervention level. Level 8 indicates system intervention whenever a slight slipping is detected, while level 1 is for track use and very expert riders because it is less sensitive to slipping and intervention is hence softer.

Ducati Slide Control (DSC)

The Ducati Slide Control (DSC) system assists the rider during the acceleration when exiting a curve in order to better control the side slipping of the rear wheel. The system thus improves the intervention of the single DTC function that works on the tyre longitudinal slipping providing better assistance in extreme riding conditions.

Anti-lock Braking System (ABS)

The ABS system fitted to the Panigale V4 is a safety system preventing wheel lockup while braking, adopting different strategies depending on the selected level while riding with the motorcycle straight and not leaning over. The active presence of strategies and their intervention level depend on the selected level. The ABS features 3 levels, one associated to each Riding Mode.
The Panigale V4 ABS features a "cornering" function that optimises ABS functionality to the conditions where the motorcycle is leaning over, thus preventing wheel lockup and slipping as much as possible, within the physical limits allowed by the vehicle and by the road conditions. The cornering function is active on all the ABS levels.
According to the selected level, the Panigale V4 ABS can implement the anti lift-up function for the rear wheel so as to guarantee not only a reduced stopping distance under braking, but also the highest possible stability.

Ducati Quick Shift (DQS)

The DQS with up/down feature allows the rider to upshift and downshift without using the clutch lever. It includes a two-way microswitch - built in the lever mechanism - that outputs a signal to the engine control unit whenever the gearchange is operated. The system works in a separate way for upshifting and downshifting, and combines the action on ignition advance and injection, available in the upshift system, with controlled throttle opening for operation during downshifting.

Ducati Wheelie Control (DWC)

The Ducati Wheelie Control system (DWC) supervises control of wheelie movement and settings vary through eight different levels that are calibrated to offer a different prevention and reaction to wheelies. Each Riding Mode features a pre-set intervention level. Level eight indicates a setting that minimises motorcycle tendency to shift up in a wheelie and maximises reaction to the same, if it occurs. While level one is for expert riders and features a lower wheelie control in terms of prevention and less strong reaction to the same, if it occurs.

Ducati Data Analyser+ (DDA+)

DDA+ is the latest generation of the Ducati Data Analyzer, with built-in GPS signal to create a "virtual finish line". The system automatically detects lap end and stops the lap timer, without the rider needing to do anything. Thanks to the built-in GPS signal, it also shows the trajectories on track map and the key motorcycle parameters: throttle opening, speed, rpm, gear engaged, engine temperature, DTC intervention.

Ducati Power Launch (DPL)

The Ducati Power Launch (DPL) helps the rider in the delicate sport starting phase from a standstill to control the power delivered by the vehicle.
The DPL system works with three intervention levels, each calibrated to offer a different start assist degree.

Function buttons

1) UP CONTROL SWITCH " ▲ "
Button used to display and set instrument panel parameters with the position " ▲ ".
2) DOWN CONTROL SWITCH " ▼ "
Button used to display and set instrument panel parameters with the position " ▼ ".
3) HIGH-BEAM FLASH BUTTON (FLASH)
The high-beam flash button may also be used for LAP functions.
4) CONFIRM MENU / RIDING MODE CHANGE MENU BUTTON
Button used to confirm, to enter Riding Mode change menu and to enter Setting Menu.
5) "SELECT" QUICK SELECTION BUTTON
Button used to select / confirm the quick level change
6) UP " ▲ " QUICK SELECTION BUTTON
Button used for UP selection of quick level change
7) DOWN " ▼ " QUICK SELECTION BUTTON
Button used for DOWN selection of quick level change
8) EMERGENCY FLASHER BUTTON
9) DRL BUTTON
Button used to switch on/off the DRL lights (not present in China, Canada and Japan versions).

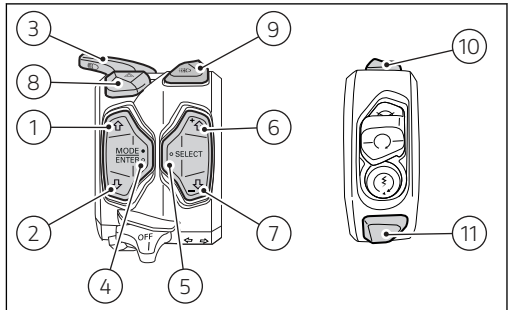


Fig 6

10) HEATED HANDGRIP BUTTON
Button used to switch on, adjust or switch off the heated handgrips.
11) DPL (DUCATI POWER LAUNCH) BUTTON
Button used to activate the DPL function (Ducati Power Launch).

Attention

Using the quick selection buttons (6) and (7) while riding could result in dangerous situations, since it immediately changes the triggering threshold of the currently associated function: traction control (DTC), wheelie control (DWC), engine brake control (EBC). On your vehicle this setting can be changed while riding, regardless of the throttle twistgrip position: use this control carefully in order to avoid any dangerous situation. You are advised against using the UP or DOWN buttons while riding the motorcycle. Ducati shall not be liable for any loss or damage whatsoever linked to or connected with the Customer or third parties disabling or manually setting the riding aid functions.

Parameter setting and displaying

Upon key-on, the instrument panel displays the DUCATI logo and carries out a sequential check of the LED warning lights.
After this routine, the instrument panel displays the main page in one of the available layouts (TRACK, ROAD), depending on the one in use before last KEY-OFF.

During this first check stage, if the motorcycle speed exceeds 5 km/h (3 mph) (actual speed), the instrument panel will stop:

- the display check routine and display the standard screen containing updated information;
- the warning light check routine and leave ON only the warning lights that are actually active at the moment.

Two different main page layouts are available: TRACK and ROAD.
The layouts set by Ducati for each Riding Mode are the following:

- TRACK for RACE A and RACE B Riding Modes;
- ROAD for SPORT and STREET Riding Modes.

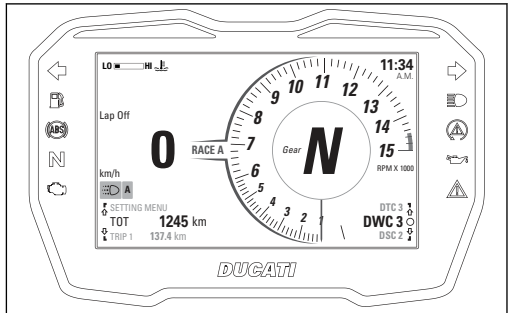


Fig 7

Data displayed on the main screen for TRACK layout are as follows:

1) Motorcycle speed
2) Engine Coolant temperature
3) Set Riding Mode
4) Gear indication
5) Rev counter
6) Clock
7) LAP time (Lap) - if activated
8) Bluetooth indication (only if Bluetooth is available and active)
9) Indication of missed calls or received sms / mms / e-mails (only if Bluetooth is active and a smartphone is connected)
10) Connected device indication (only if Bluetooth is available and active)
11) Function menu
12) Parameter menu and level change
13) DRL lights status (Auto, Manual or disabled) (DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan).

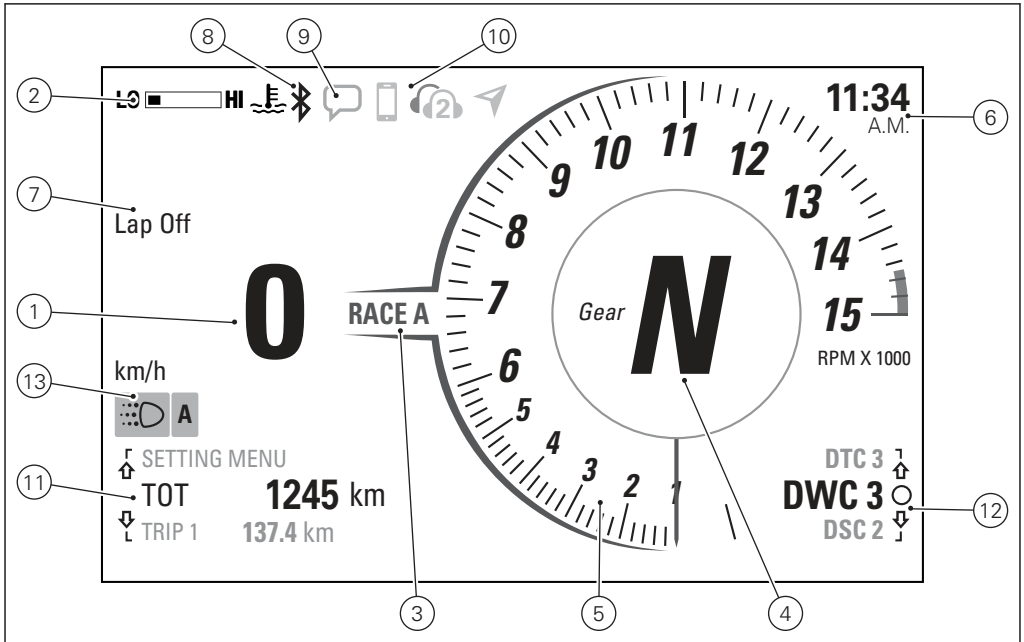

8
9
10
2
LO
HI
11:34
A.M.
6
7
Lap Off
0
1
RACE A
Gear
N
15
RPM X 1000
13
km/h
A
SETTING MENU
DTC 3
11
TOT
1245 km
DWC 3
12
TRIP 1
137.4 km
DSC 2
3
5
4

Fig 8

Data displayed on the main screen for ROAD layout are as follows:

1) Motorcycle speed
2) Engine Coolant temperature
3) Set Riding Mode
4) Gear indication
5) Rev counter
6) Clock
7) Infotainment — Player (volume / track selection / track control)(only if Bluetooth active, smartphone connected and Player active)
8) Bluetooth indication (only if Bluetooth is active)
9) Indication of missed calls or received sms / mms / e-mails (only if Bluetooth is available and active and a smartphone is connected)
10) Connected device indication (only if Bluetooth is available and active)
11) Function menu
12) Parameter menu and level change
13) DRL lights status (Auto, Manual or disabled) (DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan).

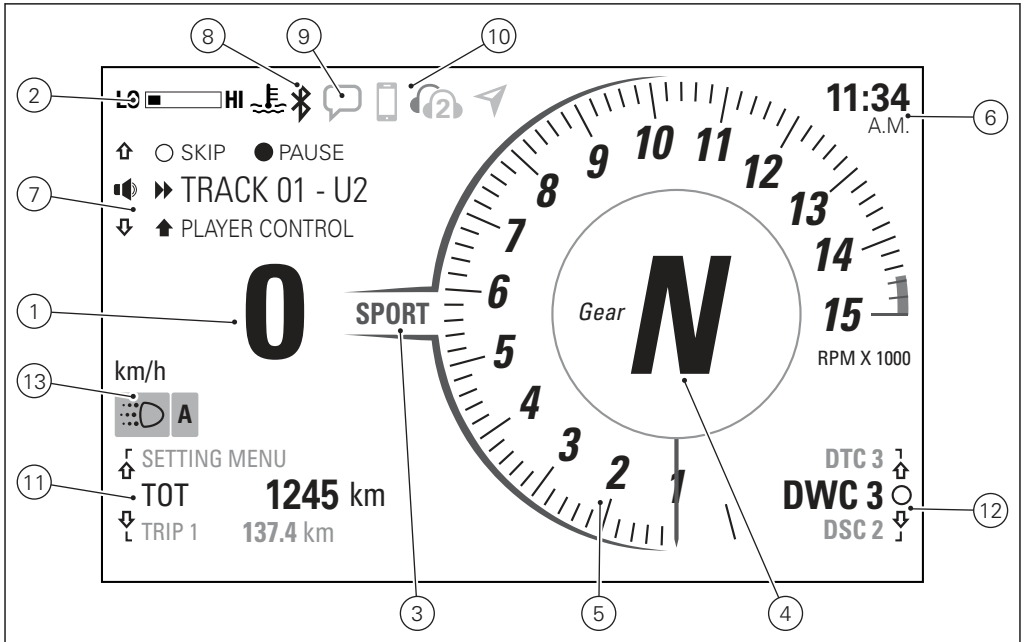

8
9
10
2
HI
11:34
A.M.
6
SKIP
PAUSE
7
TRACK 01 - U2
PLAYER CONTROL
1
0
SPORT
Gear
N
15
RPM X 1000
km/h
13
A
SETTING MENU
11
TOT
1245 km
TRIP 1
137.4 km
DTC 3
DWC 3
DSC 2
12
3
5
4

Fig 9

Main and auxiliary functions

The functions displayed in the Standard screen are the following:

Main information

- Rev counter
- Motorcycle speed
- Engine Coolant temperature
- Clock
- Set Riding Mode
- Gear indication
- Parameter and level change menu:
  - DTC
  - DWC
  - DSC
  - EBC
- Function menu:
  - Odometer (TOT)
  - Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1)
  - Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1)
  - Average speed (SPEED AVG 1)
  - Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME)
  - Ambient air temperature (T-AIR)
  - Partial fuel reserve counter (TRIP FUEL)
  - Trip meter 2 (TRIP 2)
  - Instantaneous fuel consumption (CONS. I.)
  - Lap time off/on (LAP) (only in TRACK mode)
  - Player management on/off (PLAYER) (only in ROAD mode and only if Bluetooth is active with a smartphone connected)
  - Call management (LAST CALLS) (only in ROAD mode and only if Bluetooth is active with a smartphone connected)
  - Setting menu (SETTING MENU)

The functions within the Setting Menu that can be modified by the user are the following:

- Riding Mode customisation: within this menu, rider can customise the following:
  - DTC/DWC/DSC levels setting (DAVC)
  - engine setting (Engine)
  - ABS level (ABS)
  - EBC level setting (EBC)
  - DQS level (DQS)
  - display mode customisation (Info Mode)
  - electronic suspension setting (DES)
  - Reset to default settings (DEFAULT)
- PIN CODE activation and modification (Pin Code)
- Lap time (Lap)
- backlighting setting (Backlight)
- Date and time setting (Date and Clock)

- unit of measurement setting (Units)
- Service thresholds display (Service)
- tyre calibration (Tire Calibration)
- DRL lights setting (DRL) (DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan versions)
- indication of associated devices, pairing, deletion of devices and displaying of Bluetooth version (Bluetooth)
- turn indicator automatic switch-off feature (Turn indicators)
- DDA
- Info (Info):
  - battery indication (BATTERY)
  - engine rpm digital indication (RPM)

Additional information

- Infotainment - Bluetooth
- Lap time (LAP)
- DPL level
- SERVICE indication
- SERVICE count-down indication
- Warning/Alarm indication (Warning)
- Side stand status (Side Stand)

Engine rpm indication (RPM)

The instrument panel receives the engine rpm information and displays it using a needle rev counter.
The rev counter is displayed in mode (A) in TRACK view and is displayed in mode (B) in ROAD view.

The needle movement is followed by a grey wake in DAY mode (C) and by a white wake in NIGHT mode. When exceeding 13000 rpm, the needle wake turns amber yellow (for Performance engine control units the threshold is 12500 rpm), while when the first limiter threshold (Over-rev) is reached, the wake turns red and warning light 13 (see “Instrument panel”) turns on. The red wake flashes when the limiter (Over-rev) activates.
If the number of rpm is lower than 1000, the needle wake is not displayed.

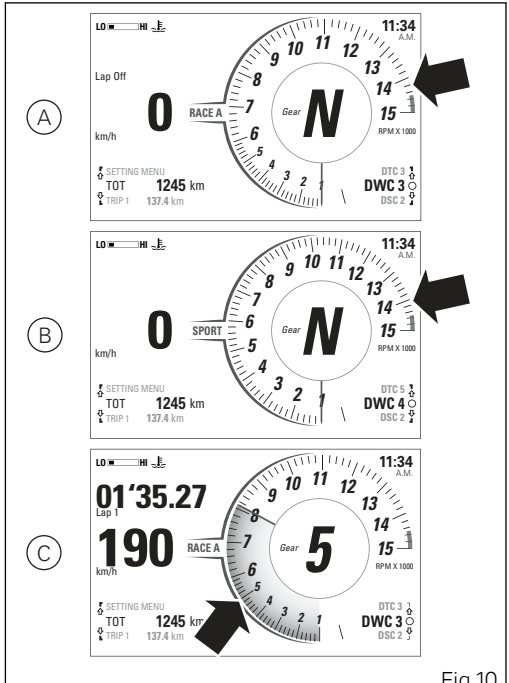


Fig 10

Motorcycle speed

The instrument panel receives information about the actual vehicle speed (calculated in km/h) and displays the value increased by 5% and converted in the set unit of measurement (mph or km/h).

A string of dashes "- - -" is displayed with the set unit of measurement if:

- speed is higher than 299 km/h (186 mph) or instrument panel is not receiving the speed value ("- - -" steady on);
- the rear speed sensor is in fault (flashing "- - -").

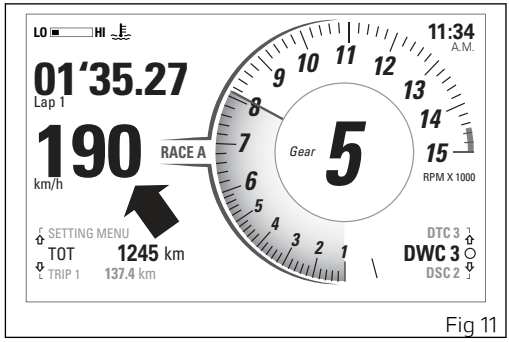


Fig 11

Note

If the instrument panel does not receive any information on the unit of measurement, the last unit of measurement set is displayed flashing.

Gear

The instrument panel receives information about the gear engaged and displays the corresponding value.
If a gear is engaged, the displayed value may range from 1 to 6, while if in neutral N is displayed and the Neutral warning light turns on.

Dash "-" steady and Neutral warning light flashing are displayed on the instrument panel in case of gear sensor fault.

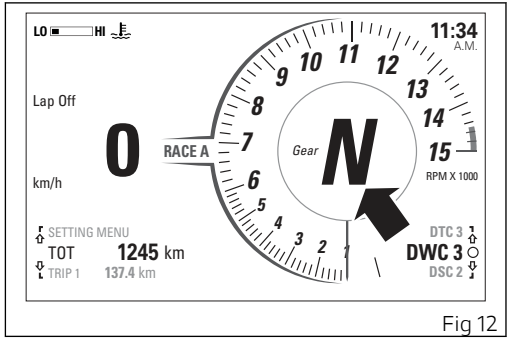


Fig 12

Note

If the display shows "-" steady on and the Neutral light is off, then the gearbox could be in a mechanically unstable position; in such a case, up/downshift until the correct gear is indicated.

Clock

The instrument panel shows the time in the following format:

- A.M. (from 12:00 to 11:59) or P.M. (from 12:00 to 11:59).
- hh (hours) : mm (minutes);

In case of a power off (Battery Off), upon the following Key-On, the instrument panel displays 4 dashes " - - : - - " steadily and with flashing colon and “A.M.” steadily, until clock is set through the Setting Menu.

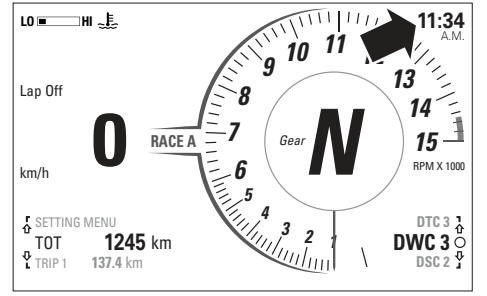


Fig 13

Engine Coolant temperature

The instrument panel displays the engine temperature value through a graduated scale divided into 5 notches between “LO” and “HI” symbols.

The temperature display range goes from +40°C to +125°C (+104°F ÷ +257°F).

When the temperature is higher than +125°C (+257°F), the graduated scale is replaced by the red flashing “HIGH” message.

Attention

In case of overheating, if possible, it is recommended to ride at reduced speed to allow the cooling system to lower the engine temperature. If this is not possible due to traffic conditions, stop and turn the engine off.

If the motorcycle continues to be used when the engine is overheated, severe damage may occur.

When the engine temperature returns to normal, continue riding by frequently checking the instrument panel indication.

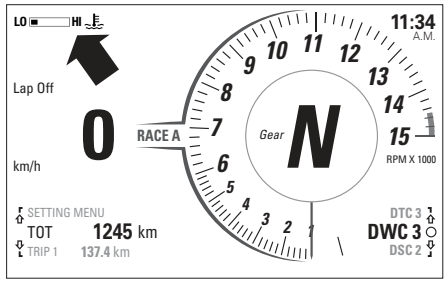


Fig 14

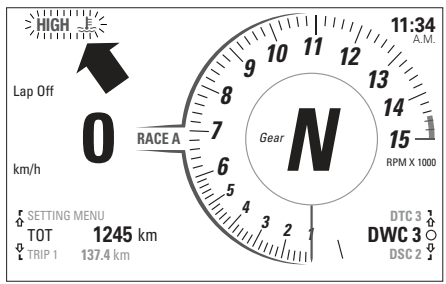


Fig 15

Riding Mode (RIDING MODE)

The Riding Mode can be selected from the instrument panel. Three preset riding modes are available: RACE A, RACE B, SPORT, STREET. The selected and active riding mode is displayed in the central part of the display, between the speed value and the rev counter.

Attention

Ducati recommends changing the Riding mode when the motorcycle is stopped. If the riding mode is changed while riding, be very careful (it is recommended to change the Riding mode at a low speed).

Every Riding Mode contains the following parameters, set by Ducati or customised by the user through the setting function pages:

- a specific engine power that will change throttle behaviour (HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW);
- a specific level of intervention for the DTC traction control (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, OFF);
- a specific ABS calibration (1, 2, 3);
- a specific level of intervention for the DWC (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, OFF);

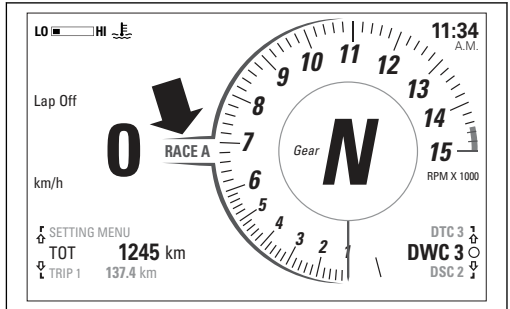


Fig 16

- a specific level of intervention for the DSC control of side slipping of the rear tyre (1, 2, OFF);
- a specific level of intervention of the EBC engine brake control system (1, 2, 3, OFF);
- a specific DQS level (UP/DOWN, OFF)
- a specific mode of intervention of the DES electronic suspension (FIXED, DYNAMIC).

A different standard screen layout (TRACK, ROAD) is associated to every riding mode; it is set by Ducati or customised by the user from the setting function page; the layouts set by Ducati for each Riding Mode are the following:

- TRACK for RACE A and RACE B Riding Modes;
- ROAD for SPORT and STREET Riding Modes.

Riding mode change function

This Function allows changing vehicle Riding Modes in static and dynamic conditions. There are four possible riding modes: RACE A, RACE B, SPORT, STREET.
To select the riding mode it is necessary to access the specific Riding Mode Menu by pressing button (4) for 1 second.
The instrument panel displays the speed indication (on the right) and riding mode name (on the left):

- RACE A
- RACE B
- SPORT
- STREET

One of these will be highlighted to indicate that it was the last memorised setting and is currently in use. The “EXIT” message is also present: if button (4) is pressed when this application is selected, the instrument panel will quit without memorising the new riding mode.

For the highlighted riding mode some of the parameter settings are displayed:

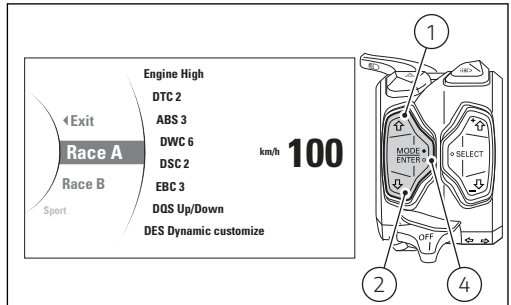


Fig 17

- engine power (ENGINE): “Engine” lettering followed by set engine power (“High” “Medium” “Low”);
- DTC system: the "DTC" message followed by the level of intervention set ("1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8") in case the DTC is active or by "off" in case the DTC is disabled;
- ABS system: the “ABS” text followed by the level of calibration set (“1” “2” “3”);
- DWC system: the "DWC" message followed by the level of intervention set ("1", "2", "3", "4", "5",

"6", "7", "8") in case the DWC is active or by "off" in case the DWC is disabled;
- DSC system: the “DSC" message followed by the level of intervention set (“1” “2”) in case the DSC is active or by "off" in case the DSC is disabled;
- EBC system: “EBC” message followed by the level of intervention set (“1” “2” “3”) in case EBC is active or by "off" in case the EBC is disabled;
- DQS system: the "DQS" message followed by the level of intervention set (“Up/Down”) in case the DQS is active or by "off" in case the DQS is disabled.
- DES system: “DES” message followed by the mode set (“Dynamic customize” or “Fixed customize”).

The displayed information is the settings stored for every single Riding Mode. The stored settings may be the Ducati default settings or the ones customised by the owner.

Now, every time button (1) or button (2) is pressed the instrument panel scrolls the other Riding Modes (RACE A, RACE B, SPORT, STREET) and " ◄ EXIT". If, for instance, the starting Riding Mode is RACE, by pressing button (2) the instrument panel highlights RACE B, SPORT, STREET, and " ◄ EXIT" to then go back to RACE A; by pressing instead button (1) the instrument panel will highlight " ◄ EXIT", STREET, SPORT, RACE B to then go back to RACE A.

Once the desired riding mode is selected press button (4) to memorise the new Riding Mode.

If vehicle speed is lower than or equal to 5 Km/h (3 mph) the instrument panel checks the throttle position only:

- if throttle is "closed", the instrument panel will confirm the selected riding mode, the name of Riding Mode flashes for 3 seconds and instrument panel goes back to “standard page” displaying;
- if throttle is "open" the instrument panel activates the "CLOSE THROTTLE" (A), indication; only when throttle is "closed" the new selected riding mode is confirmed and memorised, and the instrument panel goes back to "standard page" displaying.

If vehicle speed is higher than 5 Km/h (3 mph), the instrument panel checks the throttle position and the front and rear brake pressure:

- if throttle is "closed" and brakes are released or vehicle is stopped, the instrument panel confirms the selected riding mode, the name of the Riding mode flashes for 3 seconds and goes back to "standard page" displaying;
- if throttle is "open" the instrument panel activates the "CLOSE THROTTLE" (A) indication; only when throttle is "closed" the new

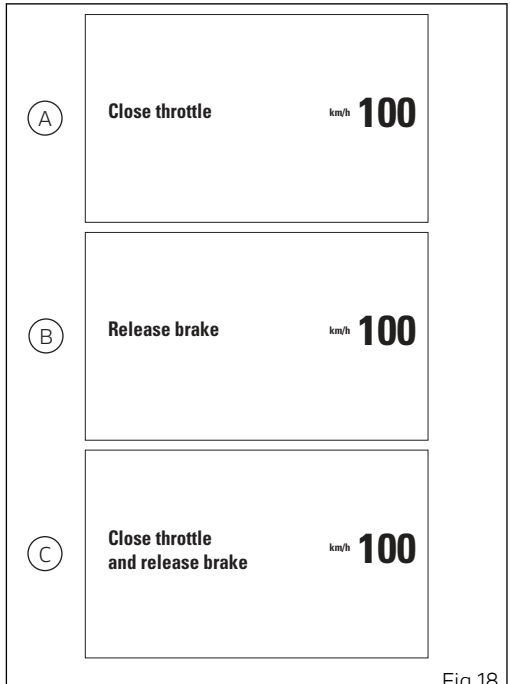


Fig 18

selected riding mode is confirmed and memorised, and the instrument panel goes back to "standard page" displaying;

- if throttle is "closed" but brakes are operated, the instrument panel activates the "RELEASE BRAKES" (B) indication and only when brakes are released the new selected riding mode is confirmed and memorised, and the instrument panel goes back to standard page displaying;
- if throttle is "open" or if brakes are operated and vehicle is moving, the instrument panel shows "CLOSE THROTTLE AND RELEASE BRAKES" (C) and, only after all conditions are met (closed throttle and brakes released or vehicle stopped) the instrument panel confirms and memorises the new selected riding mode and goes back to "standard page" displaying.

If the above-described conditions for “validating” the change of Riding Mode are not observed within 5 seconds from when “CLOSE THROTTLE” or "RELEASE BRAKES" or “CLOSE THROTTLE AND RELEASE BRAKES” indications, the selection procedure will be aborted and the instrument panel will go back to displaying the page active before Riding Mode selection started, and no settings will be changed.

If you select “EXIT” and press button (4), the instrument panel will display the main screen, without storing the new setting (the new Riding Mode).

Parameter menu and level change

In the lower right corner of the main screen the "Parameter and level change menu" is displayed. This menu features 2 modes:

- Parameter displaying
- Oil change

Note

Upon next Key-On the "Parameter and level change menu" displays the last mode used before Key-Off.

Note

In case of battery off, when the voltage is restored and upon next Key-On, the "Parameter and level change menu" displays "Parameter displaying" mode.

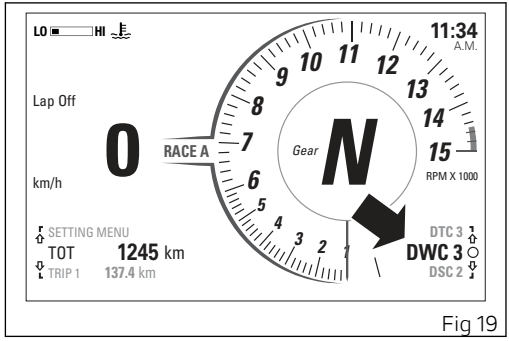


Fig 19

Parameter displaying

This mode of “Parameter and level change menu” displays the following parameters with the relevant values currently set:

- DTC
- DWC
- DSC
- EBC

With button (6) ⇧ and button (7) ⇩ it is possible to scroll in rotation the list of available parameters. When the empty circle symbol ○ at the right of the parameter is displayed, it is possible to carry out a level change for that parameter by pressing button (5) ○ .

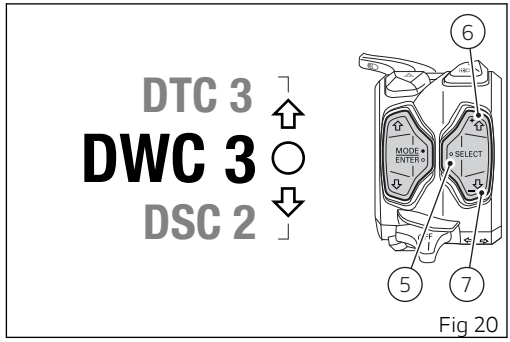


Fig 20

Note

If a parameter has been set to “off” through the Setting Menu (e.g. DTC, DWC, DSC), “off” status is displayed and it is not possible to perform its quick change.

Oil change

This mode of “Parameter and level change menu” displays the selected parameter and the relevant level currently set, and it is possible to set a new level among the available values.
Parameters for which it is possible perform the quick change are the following:

- DTC (from level 1 to level 8)
- DWC (from level 1 to level 8)
- DSB (from level 1 to level 2)
- ESB (from level 1 to level 3)

In “Parameter displaying” mode, when one parameter listed above is displayed, press button (5) ○ to enter level quick change mode.
The parameter is displayed inside the menu on the left side and it is possible to select the desired level using button (6) ⇧ and button (7) ⇩ .

For example, if the parameter for which you wish to carry out the quick level change is “DTC” and the current level is “5”:

- each time you press the button (7) ⇩ it decreases by one level until reaching level "1";
- each time you press the button (6) ⇧ it increases by one level until reaching level "8".

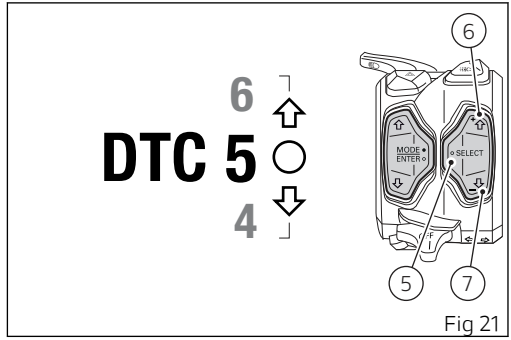


Fig 21

The level displayed is immediately set by the instrument panel for the concerned parameter.

Note
Through the quick change it is not possible to disable the parameter by setting an “off” level.

Press button (5) ○ to go back to “Displaying of parameters and relevant values” mode.

DTC

The instrument panel displays DTC status through the “Parameter and level change menu”:

- if the DTC is active, the message “DTC” and the set intervention level number “1” to “8”;
- if DTC is active, but system is in degraded operation, “DTC” indication and the number, “1” to “8” (flashing); also the DAVC warning light starts flashing (warning light 8, see “Instrument panel”).
- when in fault, the “DTC” indication and the red "Err" message;
- if the DTC is disabled, the “DTC” indication and “Off” message; also the DAVC warning light turns on.

Attention

In case of system malfunction, contact a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

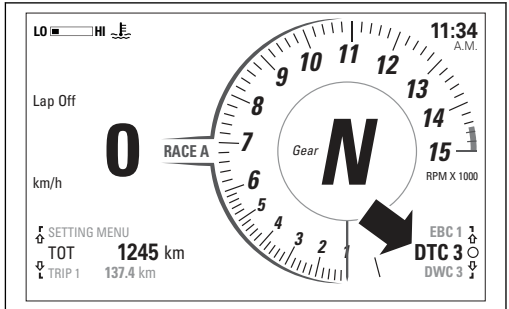


Fig 22

Attention

DTC is a rider aid that can be used both on the road and on the track. The system is designed to make riding easier and to enhance safety, but in no way relieves the rider of the obligation to drive responsibly and to maintain a high standard of riding in order to avoid accidents, whether caused by his own errors or those of other road users, through making emergency manoeuvres, in accordance with the prescriptions of the road traffic code.

The rider must always be aware that active safety systems have a preventive function. The active

elements help the rider control the motorcycle, making it as easy and safe to ride as possible. The presence of an active safety system should not encourage the rider to ride at speeds beyond the reasonable limits, not in accordance with the road conditions, the laws of physics, good riding standards and the requirements of the road traffic code.

The following table indicates the most suitable level of DTC intervention for the various riding modes, as well as the default settings in the “Riding Mode” that can be selected by the rider:

DTC	RIDING MODE	USE	DEFAULT
OFF		The DTC is disabled.	NO
1	TRACK Professional	This level is designed for exclusive track use and for very expert riders. It is optimised for Pirelli tyres with SC1 compound. In this mode, the DTC allows side slipping.	NO
2	TRACK	This level is designed for exclusive track use and for very expert riders. It is optimised for OEM tyres. In this mode, the DTC allows side slipping.	NO
3	SPORT / TRACK	This level is designed for track use and for expert riders. In this mode, the DTC allows side slipping.	It is the default level for the "RACE A" and "RACE B” Riding Modes
4	SPORT / TRACK	This level is designed for track use (and road use, for expert riders).	

DTC	RIDING MODE	USE	DEFAULT
5	SPORT	This level is designed for riding on the road or on the track, consistent with ENGINE LOW operation.	It is the default level for the "SPORT" Riding Mode
6	SAFE & STABLE	This level is designed for use in any riding conditions, on the road with good grip.	It is the default level for the “STREET" Riding Mode
7	RAIN	This level is designed for track use, exclusively with Rain tyres when surface is wet.	NO
8	HEAVY RAIN	This level is designed for road use, when surface is wet and very slippery. ENGINE LOW must be used for an optimum operation of this level.	NO

Tips on how to select the sensitivity level

Attention

Excellent operation of the DTC system, for all available levels, is ensured only with OE tyres and/or with the ones recommended by Ducati and with the OE final drive ratio. In particular, OE tyres for this motorcycle are Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SP in the following sizes: 120/70ZR17 at the front, 200/60ZR17 at the rear. The use of tyres of different size and characteristics to the original tyres may alter the operating characteristics of the system thus making it unsafe. It is recommended not to install tyres of different size than the ones approved for your vehicle.

As far as tyres are concerned, in the case of minor differences such as, for example, tyres of a different make and/or model than the OE ones, it is necessary to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore correct system operation.

As far as the final ratio is concerned, when using a different ratio (which only possible for tracing use) than the original equipment one, it is recommended to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore optimal system operation.

If level 8 is selected, the DTC will kick in at the slightest hint that the rear wheel is starting to spin. Between level 8 and level 1 there are other 6 intermediate levels. DTC intervention gradually decreases from level 8 to level 1.

Level 1 is specifically designed for track use with SC1 compound tyres (Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SC1) that are not the OE ones for this motorcycle. The use of this level with tyres having different characteristics may alter the operating characteristics of the system.

The choice of the correct level depends on 3 main variables:

1) The grip (type of tyre, amount of tyre wear, the road/track surface, weather conditions, etc.)
2) The characteristics of the path/circuit (bends all taken at similar speeds or at very different speeds)
3) The riding mode (whether the rider has a "smooth" or a "rough" style)

Level depends on grip conditions

The choice of level setting depends greatly on the grip conditions of the track/path (see below, tips for use on the track and on the road). Poor grip requires

a higher level that ensures a more aggressive DTC intervention.

Level depends on type of track

If the track/path features bends all taken at similar speeds, it will be easier to find a level suitable for all bends; while a track/path with bends all requiring different speeds will require a DTC level setting that is the best compromise for all bends.

Level depends on riding style

The DTC will tend to kick in more with a "smooth" riding style, where the motorcycle is leaned over further, rather than with a "rough" style" where the motorcycle is straightened up as quickly as possible when exiting a turn.

Tips for use on the track

We recommend that level 6 is used for a couple of full laps in order to heat the tyres and get used to the system. Then try levels 6, 5, 4, etc., in succession until you identify the DTC sensitivity level that suits you best.
Once you have found a satisfactory setting for all the corners except one or two slow ones, where the system tends to kick in and control too much, you can try to modify your riding style slightly to a more "rough" approach to cornering i.e. straighten up more rapidly on exiting the corner, instead of immediately trying a different level setting.

Tips for use on the road

We recommend the level in order to get used to the system. If the level of DTC intervention seems aggressive, try reducing the setting to levels 5, 4, etc. until you find the level that suits you best.
If changes occur in the grip conditions and/or circuit characteristics and/or your riding style, and the level setting is no longer suitable, switch to the next level up or down and proceed to determine the best setting (e.g. if with level 7 the DTC intervention seems excessive, switch to level 6; alternatively, if on level 7 you cannot perceive any DTC intervention, switch to level 8).

DWC

The instrument panel displays DWC status through the “Parameter and level change menu”:

- if the DWC is active, the message “DWC” and the set intervention level number “1” to “8”;
- if DWC is active, but system is in degraded operation, the “DWC” indication and the number, “1” to “8” (flashing); also the DAVC warning light starts flashing (warning light 8, see “Instrument panel”);
- when in fault, the “DWC” indication, the red "Err" message; also the DAVC warning light turns on (warning light 8, see “Instrument panel”).
- if DWC is disabled, “DWC” “OFF indication;

Attention

In case of system malfunction, contact a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Note

If DTC is set to OFF, DWC is also forced to OFF.

The Ducati Wheelie Control system (DWC) supervises control of wheelie movement and settings vary through eight different levels that are calibrated to offer a different prevention and reaction to wheelies. Each Riding Mode features a pre-set intervention level. Level eight indicates a setting that minimises motorcycle tendency to shift up in a wheelie and maximises reaction to the same, if it occurs. While level one is for expert riders and features a lower wheelie control in terms of prevention and less strong reaction to the same, if it occurs.

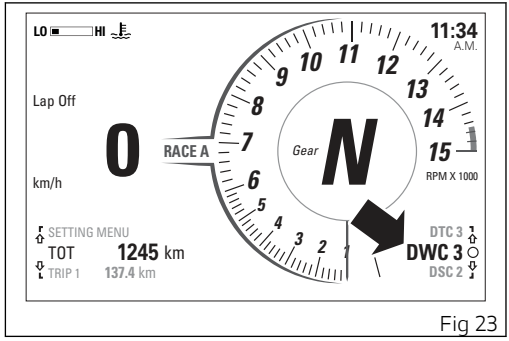


Fig 23

Attention

DWC is a rider aid that can be used on both the track and the road. The system is designed to make riding easier and to enhance safety, but in no way relieves the rider of the obligation to drive responsibly and to maintain a high standard of riding in order to avoid accidents, whether caused by his own errors or those of other road users, through making emergency manoeuvres, in accordance with the prescriptions of the road traffic code.

The rider must always be aware that active safety systems have a preventive function. The active elements help the rider control the motorcycle, making it as easy and safe to ride as possible. The presence of an active safety system should not encourage the rider to ride at speeds beyond the reasonable limits, not in accordance with the road conditions, the laws of physics, good riding standards and the requirements of the road traffic code.

The following table indicates the most suitable level of DWC intervention for the various riding types as well as the default settings in the "Riding Mode" that can be selected by the rider:

DWC	USE		DEFAULT
OFF		The DWC is disabled.	NO
1	HIGH PERFORMANCE	Track use for expert riders. The system allows wheelies, but decreases the speed at which the front wheel lifts.	NO
2	MEDIUM PERFORM-ANCE	Track use for expert riders. The system allows wheelies, but decreases the speed at which the front wheel lifts.	NO
3	PERFORMANCE	Track use for expert riders. The system allows wheelies, but decreases the speed at which the front wheel lifts.	It is the default level for the "RACE" and "SPORT" Riding Modes
4	PERFORMANCE	Track use for all kinds of riders. The sys-tem allows wheelies, but decreases the speed at which the front wheel lifts.	It is the default level for the "STREET" Riding Mode
5	SPORT	Level for all kinds of riders. The system reduces the motorcycle's proneness to do wheelies and sensitively intervenes in case of wheelie.	NO

DWC	USE		DEFAULT
6	SPORT	Level for all kinds of riders. The system reduces the motorcycle's proneness to do wheelies and sensitively intervenes in case of wheelie.	NO
7	MEDIUM SAFE & STABLE	Level for all kinds of riders. The system reduces the motorcycle's proneness to do wheelies and sensitively intervenes in case of wheelie.	NO
8	HIGH SAFE & STABLE	Level for all kinds of riders. The system reduces the motorcycle's proneness to do wheelies to a minimum level and sensitively intervenes in case of wheelie.	NO

Tips on how to select the sensitivity level

Attention

Excellent operation of the DWC system, for all available levels, is ensured only with the OE final drive ratio and with OE tyres and/or with the ones recommended by Ducati. In particular, OE tyres for this motorcycle are Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SP in the following sizes: 120/70ZR17 at the front, 200/60ZR17 at the rear. The use of tyres of different size and characteristics to the original tyres may alter the operating characteristics of the system thus making it unsafe. It is recommended not to install tyres of different size than the ones approved for your vehicle.

As far as the final ratio is concerned, when using a different ratio (which only possible for tracing use) than the original equipment one, it is recommended to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore optimal system operation.

At level 8 the DWC system reduces the motorcycle's proneness to do wheelies to a minimum level and sensitively intervenes in case of wheelie. Between level 8 and level 1 there are further intermediate levels of intervention for the DWC. Levels 1, 2 and 3 allow easier wheelies, but reduce their speed: these levels are recommended only for track use and for expert riders who can control wheelies on their own and exploit the system feature that reduces the speed at which the front wheel tends to lift.

The choice of the correct level mainly depends on the following parameters:

- The rider's experience;
- The characteristics of the path/circuit (bend exit with low or high gear engaged).

The rider's experience

The choice of level setting depends greatly on the riders' experience and ability to control wheelies on their own. Levels 1, 2 and 3 require a great experience to ensure proper control.

Level depends on type of track

If the track/path features bends where out speed and gear are low, a lower level will be necessary; while a track/path with faster bends will allow the use of a higher level setting.

Tips for use on the track

We recommend to use level 8 for a couple of full laps in order to get used to the system. Then try levels 7, 6, etc., in succession until you identify the DWC

sensitivity level that suits you best (always try each level for at least two laps to allow the tyres to warm up).

Tips for use on the road

Activate the DWC, select level 8 and ride the motorcycle in your usual style; if the level of DWC sensitivity seems excessive, try levels 7, 6, etc., until you find the one that suits you best. If changes occur in the circuit characteristics, and the level setting is no longer suitable, switch to the next level up or down and proceed to determine the best setting (e.g. if with level 7 the DWC intervention seems excessive, switch to level 6; alternatively, if on level 7 you cannot perceive any DWC intervention, switch to level 8).

DSC

The instrument panel displays DSC status through the “Parameter and level change menu”:

- if the DSC is active, the “DSC” indication and the set intervention level number “1” to “2”;
- if DSC is active, but system is in degraded operation, the “DSC” indication and the number, “1” to “2” (flashing); also the DAVC warning light starts flashing (warning light 8, see “Instrument panel”);
- when in fault, the “DSC” indication and the red "Err" message;
- if the DSC is disabled, the “DSC” indication and “OFF” message; also the DAVC warning light turns on (warning light 8, see “Instrument panel”).

Attention

In case of system malfunction, contact a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Note

If DTC is set to OFF, DSC is also forced to OFF.

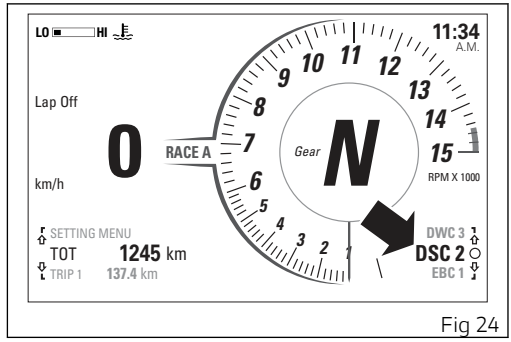


Fig 24

The Ducati Slide Control (DSC) system assists the rider during the acceleration when exiting a curve in order to better control the side slipping of the rear wheel. The system thus improves the intervention of the single DTC function that works on the tyre longitudinal slipping providing better assistance in extreme riding conditions.

The DSC system works on 2 different levels, each calibrated to offer a different intervention on the side slipping of the tyre in combination with a specific DTC level.

The rider must always be aware that active safety systems have a preventive function. The active elements help the rider control the motorcycle, making it as easy and safe to ride as possible. The presence of an active safety system should not encourage the rider to ride at speeds beyond the reasonable limits, not in accordance with the road conditions, the laws of physics, good riding standards and the requirements of the road traffic code.

The following table indicates the most suitable DSC intervention level depending on the riding modes. Depending on the selected DTC level, the different levels are optimized for tyres and the indicated DTC levels.

DSC	USE	DEFAULT
OFF	The DSC is disabled.	NO
1	The basic intervention level depends on the selected DTC level. The DSC system increases the intervention extent in a limited way in order limit side slipping.	NO
2	The basic intervention level depends on the selected DTC level. The DSC system increases the intervention extent in a more significant way in order limit side slipping.	It is the default level for the “RACE A”, “RACE B”, “SPORT” and “STREET” Riding Modes.

Attention

The DSC system assists the rider in the control of the rear tyre side slipping and facilitates the acceleration out of curves. Therefore, the system does not prevent the rider from reaching potentially dangerous leaning angles and for safety reasons it must be used with due riding care.

Tips on how to select the intervention level

According to the riding style, the curve-exit phase can be performed in a rougher or smoother way and can lead to different leaning angles. Therefore, it is suitable to follow the indications provided below to identify the intervention level most appropriate for your riding style.

To this end, we recommend to identify first the most suitable DTC level according to the indications provided in the DTC system description. Then, we recommend selecting the DSC 2 level, i.e. the most invasive intervention, and ride some laps to become familiar with the system. If the system intervention on the lateral grip is too strong, we recommend trying DSC 1 level, associated to a softer intervention.

If non-OEM tyres of a different size class are used or if the tyre size differs significantly from the original tyres, it may be that the system operation is compromised.

As far as tyres are concerned, in the case of minor differences such as, for example, tyres of a different make and/or model than the OE ones, it is necessary to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore correct system operation.

Attention

The DSC is a rider assist system. The system is designed to make riding easier and to enhance safety, but in no way relieves the rider of the obligation to drive responsibly and to maintain a high standard of riding in order to avoid accidents, whether caused by his own errors or those of other road users, through making emergency manoeuvres, in accordance with the prescriptions of the road traffic code.

The rider must always be aware that active safety systems have a preventive function. The active elements help the rider control the motorcycle, making it as easy and safe to ride as possible. The presence of an active safety system should not encourage the rider to ride at speeds beyond the reasonable limits, not in accordance with the road conditions, the laws of physics, good riding standards and the requirements of the road traffic code.

EBC

The instrument panel displays EBC status through the “Parameter and level change menu”:

- the message “EBC” and the set intervention level number “1” to “3”;
- If system is in degraded operation, “EBC” message and the number, “1” to “3” (flashing);
- when in fault, the “EBC” indication and the red "Err" message;
- if EBC is disabled, “DTC” and “Off” indication.

The Engine Braking Control (EBC) system controls engine braking when riding with throttle control completely closed (both when downshifting and in a normal cut-off with the same gear engaged, while braking or not). This system independently adjusts the throttle valves to ensure a consistent torque goes back from the wheel to engine during these stages.

The system allows the rider to set "engine brake”, the range being from a maximum engine braking with system set to 1 and progressively decreasing as level increases.

System is particularly sensitive at high rpm and sensitivity gradually decreases as soon as engine rpm decrease.

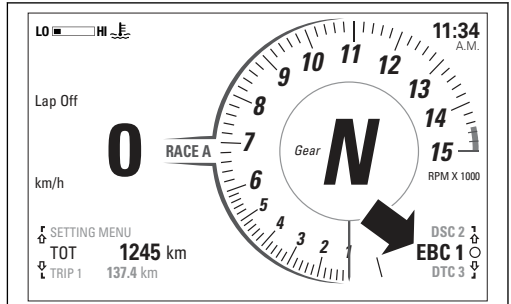


Fig 25

Attention

EBC is a rider aid that can be used both on the track and the road. The system is designed to make riding easier, but in no way relieves the rider of the obligation to ride responsibly and to maintain a high standard of riding in order to avoid accidents, whether caused by his own errors or those of other road users, through making emergency manoeuvres, in accordance with the prescriptions of the road traffic code.

The following table indicates the most suitable level of EBC intervention for the various riding modes as well as the default settings in the "Riding Modes" that can be selected by the rider:

EBC	CHARACTERISTIC	DEFAULT
1	In this level the engine delivers a fairly significant engine brake.	It is the default level for all Riding Modes
2	In this level the engine delivers a poor engine brake. This level is recommended to any rider requiring reduced engine braking in deceleration.	NO
3	In this level the engine delivers the least engine brake. This level is recommended to any rider requiring very low engine braking in deceleration.	NO

Tips on how to select the sensitivity level

Attention

Excellent operation of the EBC system, for all available levels, is ensured only with OE tyres and/or with the ones recommended by Ducati and with the OE final drive ratio. In particular, OE tyres for this motorcycle are Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SP in the following sizes: 120/70ZR17 at the front, 200/60 ZR17 at the rear. The use of tyres of different size and characteristics to the original tyres may alter the operating characteristics of the system thus making it unsafe. It is recommended not to install tyres of different size than the ones approved for your vehicle.

As far as tyres are concerned, in the case of minor differences such as, for example, tyres of a different make and/or model than the OE ones, it is necessary to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore correct system operation.
As far as the final ratio is concerned, when using a different ratio (which only possible for tracing use) than the original equipment one, it is recommended to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore optimal system operation.

Selecting level 3, the EBC will kick in to ensure the minimum engine brake possible. Between level 3 and level 1 there are progressively increasing engine brake levels.
The choice of the correct level mainly depends on the following parameters:

- The grip (type of tyre, amount of tyre wear, the road/track surface, weather conditions, etc.).
- The characteristics of the path/circuit (bends all taken at similar speeds or at very different speeds).
- The Riding Mode.

Level depends on grip conditions

The choice of level setting depends greatly on the grip conditions of the track/circuit.

Level depends on type of track

If the track/path requires consistent braking (always aggressive or always smooth), it will be easier to find a level suitable for all braking instances; while a track/path requiring different braking power will require an EBC system level setting that is the best compromise for all instances.

Function menu

From the main screen, press button (1) or (2) on LH switch to scroll through Function Menu.
Whenever button (1) is pressed, instrument panel will increase the "position" (from first position to last position, and back to the first one). Whenever button (2) is pressed, instrument panel will decrease the "position" (from last position to first position, and back to the last one).

In Function Menu box, on the LH side, are the UP ⇧ and DOWN ⇩ arrows - corresponding to button (1) and button (2) on LH switch - indicating the chance to scroll through the functions. The empty circle symbol ○ is displayed when it is possible to interact with the displayed function by pressing button (4) on LH switch, for instance to reset trip meter 1 (TRIP 1, page 79).

Based on the set Info Mode and Riding Mode, the Function Menu can display different functions.
All functions available in the Function Menu are:

- Odometer (TOT)
- Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1)
- Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1)
- Average speed (SPEED AVG 1)

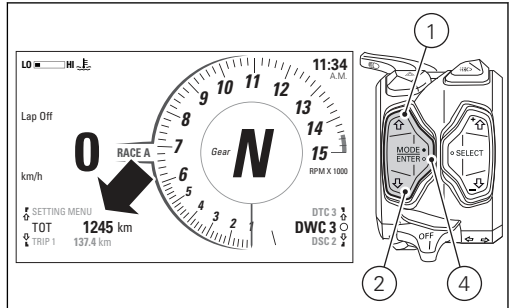


Fig 26

- Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME)
- Ambient air temperature (T AIR)
- Partial fuel reserve counter (TRIP FUEL)
- Trip meter 2 (TRIP 2)
- Instantaneous fuel consumption (CONS. I.)
- Lap time disabling/enabling (LAP Off / On)
  visible in TRACK info mode only
- Player management disabling/enabling (PLAYER Off / On)
  only if BT module is available and a smartphone is connected; visible in ROAD info mode only
- Call management (LAST CALLS)

only if BT module is available and a smartphone is connected; visible in ROAD info mode only

- Setting menu (SETTING MENU)

Odometer (TOT)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “TOT”.

The odometer counts and displays the total distance covered by the motorcycle with the set unit of measurement (km or mi).
The odometer number (in km or miles) is displayed with the message TOT and the indication of the unit of measurement. When the maximum value is reached (199999 km or 199999 mi) the instrument panel will permanently display said value.
The odometer value is saved permanently and cannot be reset under any circumstances.

The reading is not lost in case of a power OFF (Battery OFF).

Note
If a string of flashing dashes " ----- " is displayed within odometer function, please contact a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

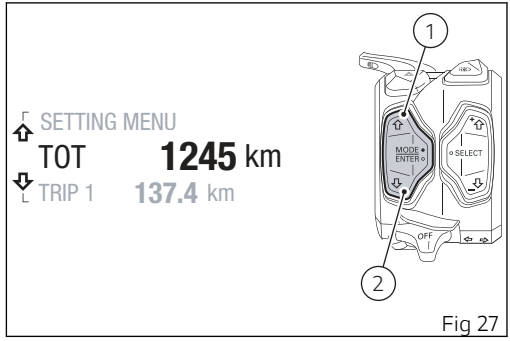


Fig 27

Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “TRIP 1”.

The trip meter counts and displays the partial distance covered by the motorcycle with the set unit of measurement (km or mi) and is used as a basis to calculate average fuel consumption, average speed and trip time. The mi or km value for TRIP 1 is displayed with the “TRIP 1” indication and unit of measurement.

When the reading exceeds the maximum value of 9999.9 mi or 9999.9 km, distance is reset and the meter automatically starts counting from 0 again.

If button (4) is pressed when trip meter is displayed, the instrument panel will activate the warning “TRIP 1 RESET ?” in place of the value and unit of measurement. When this warning is active, Function Menu scrolling is not possible.
If you press button (1) or (2), the instrument panel will display TRIP 1 again, without resetting the value. While if you press button (4), value for TRIP 1 will be reset and the instrument panel will display TRIP 1 at “0.0” followed by set unit of measurement.

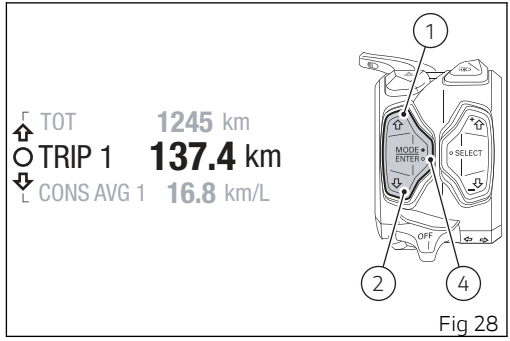


Fig 28

When TRIP 1 is reset, the Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1), Average Speed (SPEED AVG 1) and Trip Time (TRIP 1 TIME) are reset as well.

The TRIP 1 counter is automatically reset also in the following cases:
- when Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME) is reset;
- when Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) is reset;
- due to a battery disconnection (Battery-Off);
- in case of manual change of the units of measurement of the system.

Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “CONS. AVG 1”.

The instrument panel calculates and shows vehicle average fuel consumption.
The average consumption is displayed with the indication "CONS. AVG 1” and the indication of the unit of measurement (km/l or l/100 km or mpg UK or mpg US).
The calculation is made considering the quantity of fuel used and the distance travelled since TRIP 1 was last reset.
When TRIP 1 is reset, the value is reset and the first value available is displayed 10 seconds after the reset. During the first 10 seconds when the value is not available, on the display, three steady dashes “- - . - " steadily as average fuel consumption.

The active calculation phase occurs when the engine is running, even when the vehicle is stopped.
Moments when the vehicle is not moving and the engine is off are not considered.

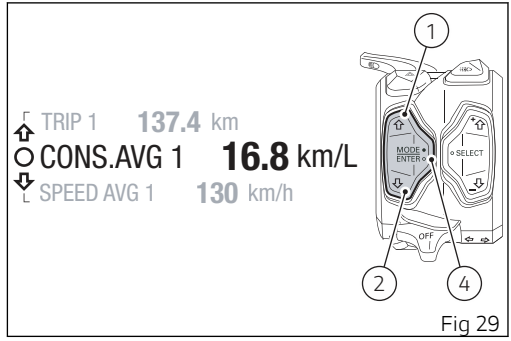


Fig 29

If button (4) is pressed when average fuel consumption is displayed, the instrument panel will activate the warning "CONS.AVG 1 RESET ?" in place of the value and unit of measurement. When this warning is active, Function Menu scrolling is not possible.
If you press button (1) or (2), the instrument panel will display CONS. AVG. 1 again, without resetting the value.
If button (4) is pressed, the value of CONS. AVG 1 is reset and the instrument panel will display CONS. AVG 1 with “0.0” and the set unit of measurement.

When average fuel consumption is reset, during the first 10 seconds when the value is not available on the display, three dashes "- - -" are shown. -".

When CONS. AVG 1 is reset, the data of the Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1), Average Speed (SPEED AVG 1) and Trip Time (TRIP 1 TIME) are reset as well.

The CONS. AVG 1 counter is automatically reset also in the following cases:
- when Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME) is reset;
- when Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1) is reset;
- due to a battery disconnection (Battery-Off);
- in case of manual change of the units of measurement of the system.

Note
It is possible to change the units of measurement for "Consumption" (both average and instantaneous together) through the Setting MENU, using the UNITS function.

Average speed (SPEED AVG 1)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “SPEED AVG. 1”.

The instrument panel calculates and shows vehicle average speed
Vehicle average speed is displayed with the “SPEED AVG. 1” indication and unit of measurement (km/h or mph).
The average speed value displayed is calculated by adding 5% so as to be consistent with motorcycle speed indication.
The calculation considers the distance and time since TRIP 1 was last reset. When TRIP 1 is reset, the value is reset and the first value available is displayed 10 seconds after the reset. During the first 10 seconds, when the value is not yet available, the display will show a string of three dashes “ - - - “ steadily as average speed.
The active calculation phase occurs when the engine is running, even when the vehicle is stopped. Moments when the vehicle is not moving and the engine is off are not considered.

If button (4) is pressed when average speed is displayed, the instrument panel will activate the warning "SPEED AVG 1 RESET ?" in place of the value and unit of measurement. When this warning is active, Function Menu scrolling is not possible.
If you press button (1) or (2), the instrument panel will display SPEED AVG. 1 again, without resetting the value.
If button (4) is pressed, the value of SPEED AVG. 1 is reset and the instrument panel will display SPEED AVG. 1 with “0” and the set unit of measurement.

When average speed is reset, during the first 10 seconds when the value is not available on the display, three steady dashes “ - - - ” are shown.

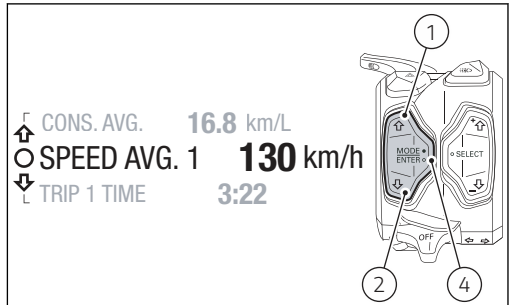


Fig 30

When SPEED AVG. 1 is reset, also Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1), Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) and Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME) data are reset.

SPEED AVG. 1 counter is automatically reset also in the following cases:

- when Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME) is reset;
- when Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1) is reset;
- when Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) is reset;
- due to a battery disconnection (Battery-Off);
- in case of manual change of the units of measurement of the system.

Trip time (TRIP 1 TIME)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “TRIP 1 TIME”.

The instrument panel calculates and shows trip time. Value is displayed as hhh:mm followed by “TRIP 1 TIME” indication.
The calculation considers the time since Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1), Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) and Average speed (SPEED AVG 1) were last reset.

The active time counting phase occurs when the engine is running, even when the vehicle is stopped. The time count is automatically stopped when the vehicle is not moving and the engine is off and restarts when the counting active phase starts again.
When the reading exceeds 511:00 (511 hours and 00 minutes), the meter is reset and automatically starts counting from 0 again.

If button (4) is pressed when trip time is displayed, the instrument panel will activate the warning "TRIP 1 TIME RESET ?" in place of the time. When this warning is active, Function Menu scrolling is not possible.

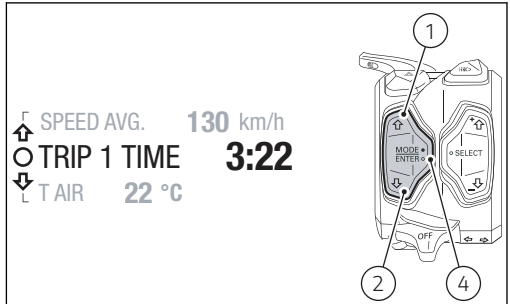


Fig 31

If you press button (1) or (2), the instrument panel will display TRIP 1 TIME again, without resetting the value.
While if you press button (4), value for TRIP 1 TIME will be reset and the instrument panel will display TRIP 1 TIME at “0:00”.

When TRIP 1 TIME is reset, the Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1), Average speed (SPEED AVG 1) and Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) data are also reset.

CONS. AVG 1 counter is automatically reset also in the following cases:

- when Trip meter 1 (TRIP 1) is reset;
- when Average Fuel Consumption (CONS. AVG 1) is reset;
- due to a battery disconnection (Battery-Off);
- in case of manual change of the units of measurement of the system.

Ambient air temperature (T-AIR)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “T AIR”.

The instrument panel displays the ambient temperature followed by “T AIR” and the set unit of measurement (°C or °F).

The temperature value is displayed when ranging from -39 °C to +125 °C (or -38 °F ÷ +257 °F).
For temperature values lower than -39 °C (-38 °F) or higher than +125 °C (+257 °F) a string of three steady dashes " - - - " is displayed followed by the unit of measurement.

If the instrument panel is not receiving air temperature value, a string of three steady dashes "- - -" is displayed, followed by the unit of measurement.

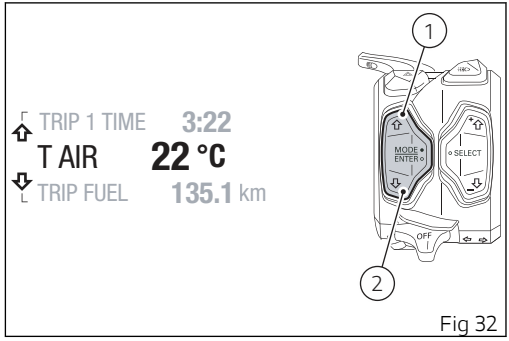


Fig 32

Note
When the motorcycle is stopped, the engine heat could influence the displayed temperature.

Partial fuel reserve counter (TRIP FUEL)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “TRIP FUEL”.

The fuel trip meter counts and displays the distance covered by the motorcycle on reserve (i.e. since the Low Fuel Light turns on, warning light 5, see “Instrument panel”) with the set unit of measurement (km or mi).
When the Low Fuel Light turns on (warning light 5, see “Instrument panel”), the display automatically shows the TRIP FUEL function, regardless of the currently displayed function; then, it is possible to toggle through the other Function Menu functions.
Trip fuel reading remains stored even after Key-Off until the motorcycle is refuelled. Count is interrupted automatically as soon as fuel is topped up to above minimum level.
The number of mi or km is displayed with the TRIP FUEL indication and unit of measurement.
When the reading exceeds the maximum value of 9999.9 km or 9999.9 mi, distance travelled is reset and the meter automatically starts counting from 0 again.

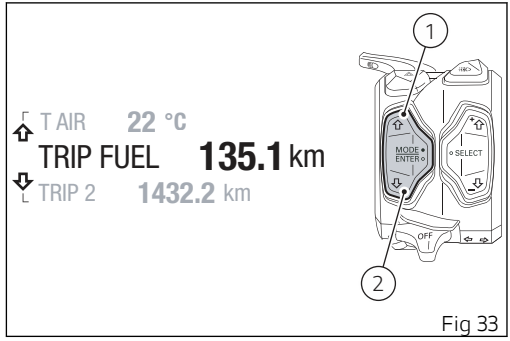


Fig 33

When the TRIP FUEL function is not active, the corresponding value will not be displayed in the Function Menu.

Trip meter 2 (TRIP 2)

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “TRIP 2”.

The trip meter counts and displays the partial distance covered by the motorcycle with the set unit of measurement (km or mi). The mi or km value for TRIP 2 is displayed with the “TRIP 2” indication and unit of measurement.

When the reading exceeds the maximum value of 9999.9 mi or 9999.9 km, distance is reset and the meter automatically starts counting from 0 again.

If button (4) is pressed when trip meter is displayed, the instrument panel will activate the warning “TRIP 2 RESET ?” in place of the value and units of measurement. When this warning is active, Function Menu scrolling is not possible.
If you press button (1) or (2), the instrument panel will display TRIP 2 again, without resetting the value. While if you press button (4), value for TRIP 2 will be reset and the instrument panel will display TRIP 2 at “0.0” followed by set unit of measurement.

The TRIP 2 counter is automatically reset in case the system unit of measurement is changed manually or after a battery-OFF: the counter will then start back from zero, considering the new units of measurement.

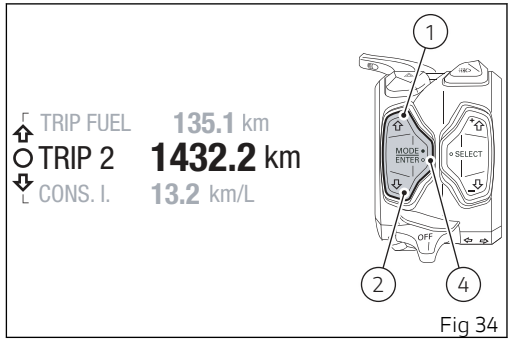


Fig 34

Instantaneous fuel consumption

To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “CONS. I.”.

The instrument panel calculates and shows vehicle instant fuel consumption.
The instantaneous fuel consumption is displayed with the indication "CONS. I.” and the indication of the unit of measurement (km/l or l/100 km or mpg UK or mpg US).
The calculation is made considering the quantity of fuel used and the distance travelled during the last second.

Value is expressed in the set unit of measurement (km/l or l/100 km or mpg UK or mpg US).
The active calculation phase only occurs when the engine is running and the vehicle is moving (times when the vehicle is not moving when speed is equal to 0 and/or when the engine is off are not considered).
During the phase when no calculation is performed, three steady dashes “ - - . - ” are displayed as a value of instantaneous consumption.

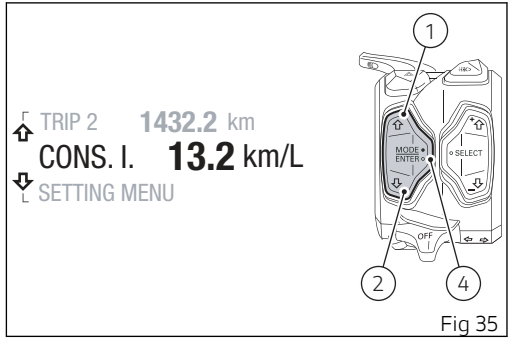


Fig 35

Note
It is possible to change the units of measurement for "Consumption" (both average and instantaneous together) through the Setting MENU, using the UNITS function.

Lap time (LAP Off / On)

This function is present only in the TRACK display mode and allows enabling/disabling the Lap time (LAP Time) recording function.
To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “LAP”.

If LAP is not active, the instrument panel displays “LAP OFF”. Press button (4) to switch it on.
If LAP is active, the instrument panel displays “LAP ON”. Press button (4) to switch it off.

It is possible to activate or deactivate LAP also through the Setting Menu.
To activate the Lap recording, refer to chapter “Lap time (LAP Time)” in page 212.

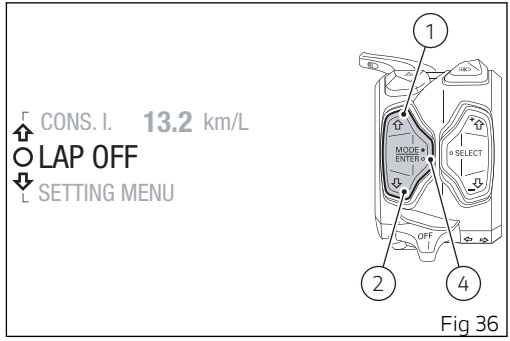


Fig 36

Player management (PLAYER Off / On)

This function is available for the ROAD display mode only.
To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “PLAYER”.

This function allows managing (turning on and off) the Player.
The PLAYER function is only available in the Function Menu if the Bluetooth module is available and one Smartphone is connected.

If Player is not active, the instrument panel displays “PLAYER OFF”. To turn it on and open the Player menu, press button (4) (please refer to “Infotainment”, for information on how to use the Player).

If Player is active, the instrument panel displays “PLAYER ON”. To open the Player menu, press button (1) for 2 seconds (please refer to “Infotainment”, page for information on how to use the Player).
To turn Player off, press button (4).

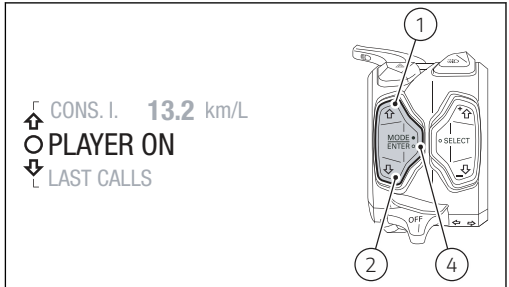


Fig 37

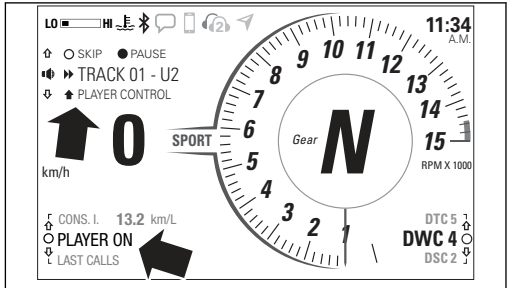


Fig 38

Call management (LAST CALLS)

This function is available for the ROAD display mode only.
To select this function in the Function Menu, scroll the functions available using buttons (1) and (2) to display “LAST CALLS”.

This function shows a list of the last calls missed, made or received.

The LAST CALLS function is only available in the Function Menu if the Bluetooth module is available and one Smartphone is connected.

Press button (4): when opening this function, a list of maximum 7 calls is displayed - these could be missed, made or received calls.
The instrument panel displays the corresponding name(s) or phone number(s). Use buttons (1) and (2) to scroll the list and press button (4) to call the displayed name or phone number.

If list includes no calls, the instrument panel displays “EMPTY” within the Function Menu.

To exit the function and go back to the previous screen, press button (2) for 2 seconds.

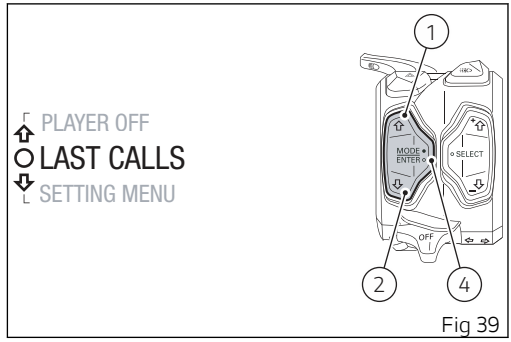


Fig 39

Setting menu (SETTING MENU)

This menu allows enabling, disabling and setting some motorcycle functions.

For safety reasons, you can enter this Menu only when the actual vehicle speed is lower than or equal to 5 km/h (3 mph). If you are inside the SETTING MENU and the actual vehicle speed exceeds 5 km/h (3 mph) the instrument panel automatically exits from the SETTING MENU and displays the main screen.

To gain access to the SETTING MENU, use button (1) or (2) to select “SETTING MENU” in the left Menu (by displaying it in the "main" position, that is in the central box) and press button (4).

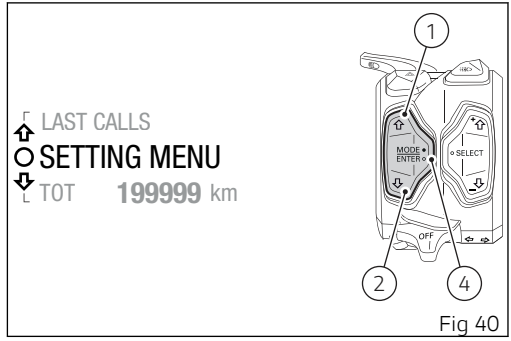


Fig 40

The following indications will be displayed inside the Setting Menu:

- ◀ Exit
- Riding Mode
- Pin Code
- Lap
- Backlight
- Date and Clock
- Units
- Service
- Tire Calibration
- DRL
- Bluetooth
- DDA
- Turn indicators
- Info
  - BATTERY
  - RPM
- ◀ Exit

Important

For safety reasons, it is recommended to use this Menu with the motorcycle at a standstill.

The functions that can be set and consulted are the following:

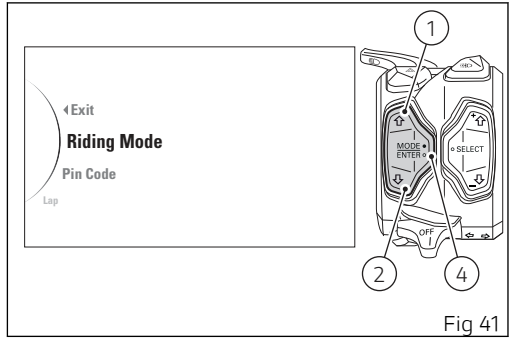


Fig 41

- Riding Modes
- Pin Code (activation and modification of PIN CODE)
- Lap (Lap time)
- Backlight (setting backlight to AUTO, DAY, NIGHT)
- Date and Clock (setting Date and Time)
- Units (setting the unit of measurement)
- Service (indication of Service thresholds)
- Tyre Calibration (Drive Ratio and Tyre Calibration)

- DRL (management of DRL lights; the DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan versions)
- Bluetooth (deletion of associated devices and pairing) (function active only if the Bluetooth control unit is available; in this model it is not available, but it can be purchased)
- Turn indicators (Disabling turn indicators automatic switch off)
- DDA (displaying of DDA information) (function active only if DDA option is present)
- Info
  - BATTERY (battery voltage indication)
  - RPM (engine rpm digital indication)

Press buttons (1) and (2) to set the Functions listed above to the "main" position: this means that the indication of the function is highlighted with a more visible character (example **Riding Mode**).
After displaying the required function in the "main" position, press button (4) to open the corresponding menu page.

To quit the SETTING MENU, keep button (4) pressed when the "◀ **Exit**" indication is in "main" position.

Customising the Riding Mode

All settings of every riding mode can be customised.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
After entering the function, the display shows the available riding modes (Race A, Race B, Sport and Street) on the left side and set Riding Mode on the right side.
The following indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- Race A
- Race B
- Sport
- Street
- All Default (visible only if one or more parameters of one or more Riding Modes are different from the "default" ones)
- ◀ Back

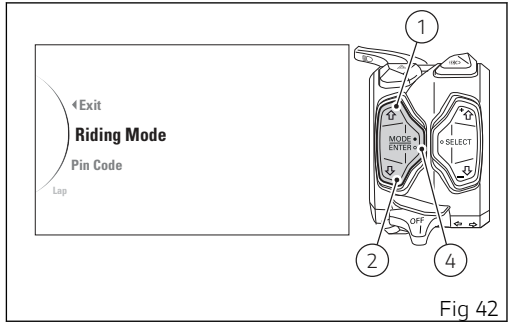


Fig 42

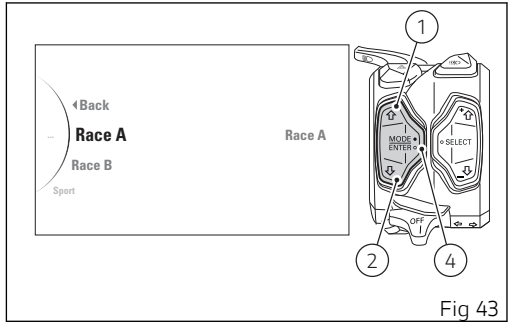


Fig 43

You can use buttons (1), (2) and (4) to do the following:

- use buttons (1) and (2) to highlight and select the riding mode to customise, then press button (4) to access the customisation page for the selected riding mode;
- use buttons (1) and (2) to highlight and select "◀ **Back**", then press button (4) to go back to previous page;
- use buttons (1) and (2) to highlight and select "**All Default**", press button (4) to reset to default values for all four Riding Modes.

The parameters linked to a riding mode that can be customised are Engine, DES, ABS, DAVC (DTC, DWC, DSC), EBC, DQS, Info Mode and DEFAULT (to reset to default factory values for the riding mode). The following indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- Engine
- DES
- ABS
- DAVC
- EBC
- DQS (visible only if DQS system is present)
- Info Mode (Customisation of Display Mode)

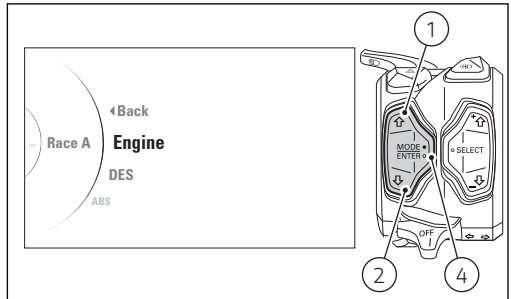


Fig 44

- Default (visible only if one or more parameters are different from the "default" ones)
- ◀ Back

Every time button (1) or button (2) is pressed, the instrument panel allows scrolling all parameters of the Riding Mode selected; once parameter is highlighted, press button (4) to enter parameter customisation page where you can edit the settings of the parameter.

Any parameter change made is saved and remains in the memory also after a battery-off. The parameters

set by Ducati for each individual riding mode can be reset with the "Default" function and by pressing button (4). Highlight "◀ **Back**" and press button (4) to exit the sub-menu and go back to previous page.

Attention

Changes should only be made to the parameters by people who are experts in motorcycle set-up; if the parameters are changed accidentally, use the "DEFAULT" function to restore factory settings.

The DAVC function is the package of electronic controls (DTC, DWC, DSC) managing motorcycle traction during the acceleration phase: if the DTC is disabled (set to OFF), the DWC parameter can not be changed and is forced to level OFF.

Customizing the Riding Mode: engine adjustment

This function customises engine power associated with each riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).

You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**Engine**" and press button (4).

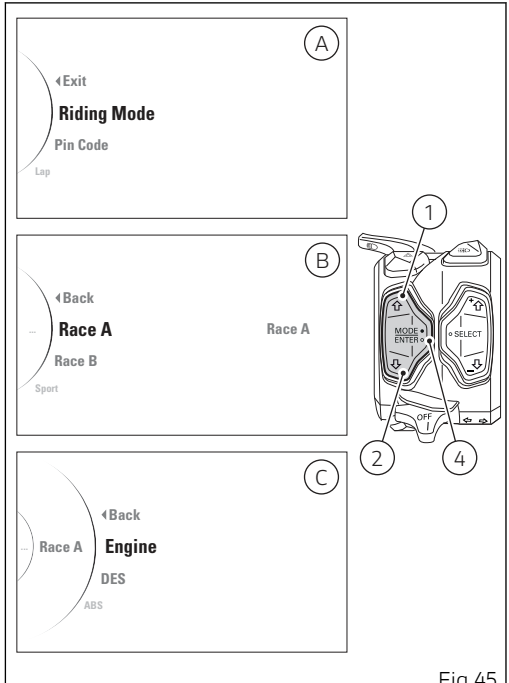


Fig 45

When entering the function, settings available for customisation are indicated on the left: High, Medium, Low whereas the set value is displayed on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- High
- Medium
- Low
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new desired engine power.
For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black background) will be displayed.
Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to confirm the selection.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

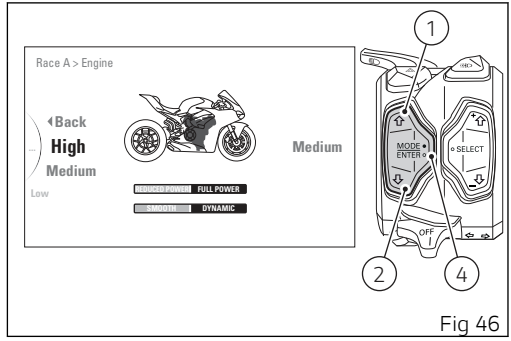


Fig 46

Customizing the Riding Mode: DES adjustment

This function allows selecting the control type of the electronic suspensions of each riding mode.

This system communicates with the Bosch inertial platform to dynamically respond to changing road and riding conditions, thereby ensuring the best possible damping performance and total control of the motorcycle. It features two operating modes: Fixed, which is not an active mode and allows the rider to set specific compression and rebound settings for the front and rear suspensions (as well as the steering damper preload). These settings are maintained steady by the system until rider changes them, as it happens on a suspension system with standard adjustment. As an alternative, system features the Event Based mode, which is semi-active and allows the rider to select suspension "behaviour" levels, from hard to soft. In this mode, system dynamically adjusts compression, rebound and hardness of the damper depending on riding conditions, while still keeping to the overall "behaviour" level previously selected by the rider.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**DES**" and press button (4).

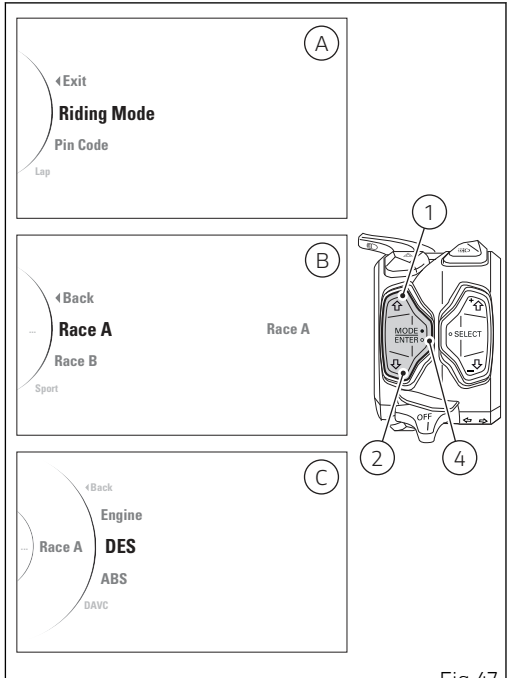


Fig 47

When you access the function, the controls that can be set / customised for suspension (FIXED, DYNAMIC) are listed on the left and the currently set level is shown on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- Dynamic Suspension
- Default Dynamic Suspension*
- Fixed Suspension
- Default Fixed Suspension*
- Modify Suspension
- ◀ Back

(*) indication visible only if one or more default parameters have been modified.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).
If the level set is DYNAMIC, “Dynamic” is displayed on the right. If the level set is FIXED, “Fixed” is displayed on the right.

If no customised levels are present:

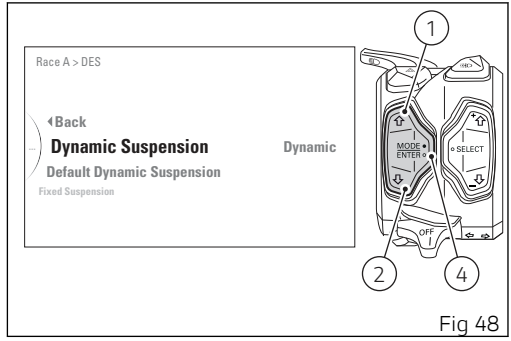


Fig 48

- it is possible to set FIXED management by selecting “Fixed Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).
- it is possible to set DYNAMIC management by selecting “Dynamic Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).

If customised levels are present:

- it is possible to set FIXED management with the default values by selecting “Default Fixed Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).

- it is possible to set FIXED management with the customised values by selecting “Fixed Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).
- it is possible to set DYNAMIC management with the default values by selecting “Default Dynamic Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).
- it is possible to set DYNAMIC management with the customised values by selecting “Dynamic Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).

It is possible to set FIXED or DYNAMIC management by selecting “Modify Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4).

When you access the function, the controls that can be set / customised for suspension (FIXED, DYNAMIC) are listed on the left.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- Custom Fixed Suspension
- Custom Dynamic Suspension
- ◀ Back

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

- it is possible to customise FIXED management by selecting “Custom Fixed Suspension” indication with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4) to enter the customisation menu (see paragraph “Management with fixed click-settings – FIXED”);
- it is possible to customise DYNAMIC management by selecting “Custom Dynamic Suspension” with buttons (1) and (2) and pressing button (4) to enter the customisation

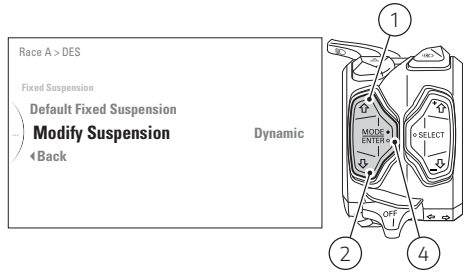


Fig 49

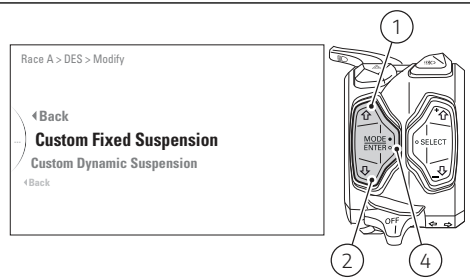


Fig 50

menu (see paragraph “Dynamic management – DYNAMIC”).

Management with fixed click-settings - FIXED

The FIXED mode allows selecting the compression and rebound setting of the fixed click electronic suspension.

To access the customisation page, select "Modify Suspension" indication (Fig 49) with button (1) or with button (2) an press button (4), select "Custom Fixed Suspension" indication with button (1) or with button (2), and press button (4) to access the FIXED management menu.

When entering the FIXED management menu, the following selectable options are displayed:

- ◀ Back
- Front Compression
- Front Rebound
- Rear Compression
- Rear Rebound
- Steering Damper
- Default
- ◀ Back

“Front Compression” allows accessing the customisation menu of “Front Compression” front fork compression value.

“Front Rebound” allows accessing the customisation menu of “Front Rebound” front fork rebound value.

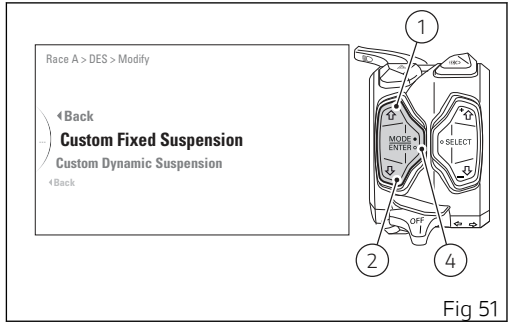


Fig 51

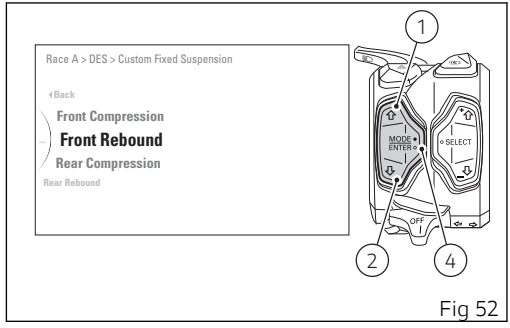


Fig 52

“Rear Compression” allows accessing the customisation menu of “Rear Compression” rear shock absorber compression value.
“Rear Rebound” allows accessing the customisation menu of “Rear Rebound” rear shock absorber rebound value.
“Steering Damper” allows accessing the customisation menu of “Steering Damper” adjustment.
The "Default" indication allows restoring the default values.

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the parameter you wish to customise, then press confirmation button (4) to access the relevant menu.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page, highlight the "◄ Back" indication and press button (4).

By selecting one of the five menus (Front Compression, Front Rebound, Rear Compression, Rear Rebound, Steering Damper), when accessing the function a list of all the possible customisation levels is available on the left, and the current set level on the right; customisation levels that can be selected are:

- number of clicks from 1 to 32 for “Front Compression”, “Front Rebound”, “Rear Compression”, “Rear Rebound” menus;
- number of clicks from 1 to 19 for “Steering Damper” menu.

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.

With button (1) or (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black arrow ▼) will be displayed. Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

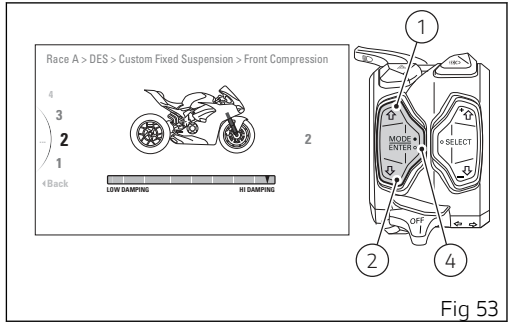


Fig 53

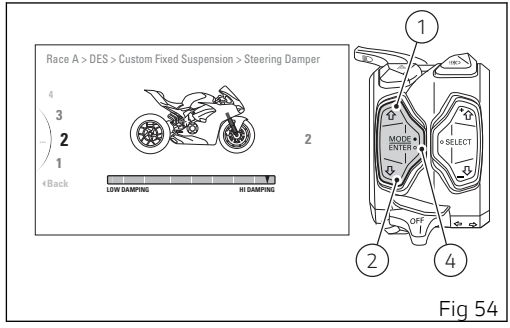


Fig 54

To restore the default values of the FIXED mode, select "Default" and keep button (4) pressed for 2 seconds, then “ ◀ **Back**” is automatically highlighted.

Dynamic management – DYNAMIC

The DYNAMIC mode allows setting the strength of intervention by the SmartEC Ohlins control unit of the electronic suspension system under the various conditions.

To access the customisation page, select "Modify Suspension" indication with button (1) or with button (2) and press button (4), select "Custom Dynamic Suspension" indication with button (1) or with button (2), and press button (4) to access the DYNAMIC management menu.

When entering the DYNAMIC management menu, the following selectable options are displayed:

- ◀ Back
- Brake Support
- Front Fork
- Shock Absorber
- Steering Damping
- Acceleration (can be displayed and customised only in the “Race A” and "Race B" Riding Modes)
- Mid Corner (can be displayed and customised only in the “Race A” and "Race B" Riding Modes)
- Default
- ◀ Back

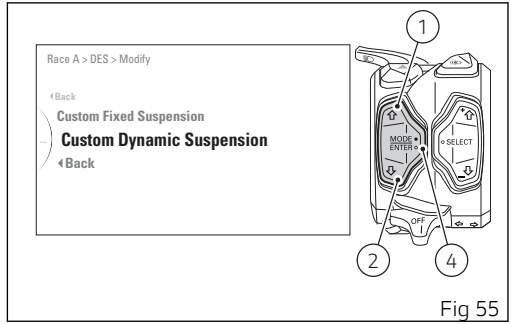


Fig 55

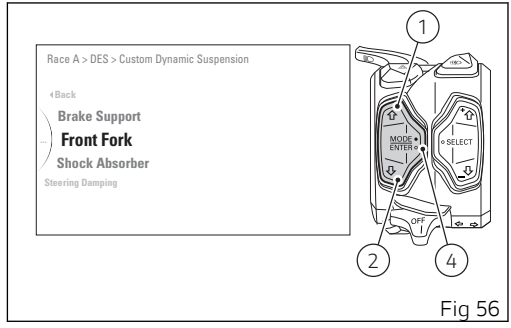


Fig 56

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the parameter you wish to customise, then press confirmation button (4) to access the relevant menu.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page, highlight the " ◀ Back" indication and press button (4).
The "Default" indication allows restoring the default values.

By selecting one of the six menus (Brake Support, Front Fork, Shock Absorber, Steering Damping, Acceleration, Mid Corner) when you access the function, all possible customisation levels (from +5 to -5) are listed on the left and the currently set level is shown on the right. The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.
With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black arrow ▼) will be displayed. Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

To restore the default values of the DYNAMIC mode, select "Default" and keep button (4) pressed for 2 seconds, then "◀ **Back**" is automatically highlighted.

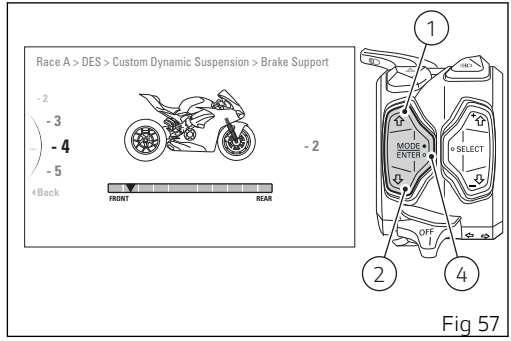


Fig 57

By changing the level of each parameter it is possible to increase or decrease the effects of the automatic dynamic adjustment of the system on the suspensions based on the vehicle dynamic conditions.

Riding Mode	Type of configuration	Standard DES settings		Use target
Race A **Race B**	TRACK	Brake Support	+2	Maximise the performance on the track with Pirelli Supercorsa SC1 tyres
		Front Fork	0	
		Shock Absorber	+2	
		Steering Damping	0	
		Acceleration	+2	
		Mid Corner	0	
Sport	ROAD	Brake Support	0	Conceived for a sport riding style on the track and on the road with Pirelli Supercorsa SP tyres
		Front Fork	0	
		Shock Absorber	0	
		Steering Damping	0	
Street	ROAD	Brake Support	0	Maximise the comfort of use on the road (bumpy roads as well) with Pirelli Supercorsa SP tyres
		Front Fork	0	
		Shock Absorber	0	
		Steering Damping	0	

Brake Support parameter

By adjusting the brake support parameter it is possible to increase (PERFORMANCE) or decrease (COMFORT) the resistance to pitching when braking. By increasing the level, the fork will dampen more slowly and in a more controlled way. By decreasing the level, the damping speed increases.

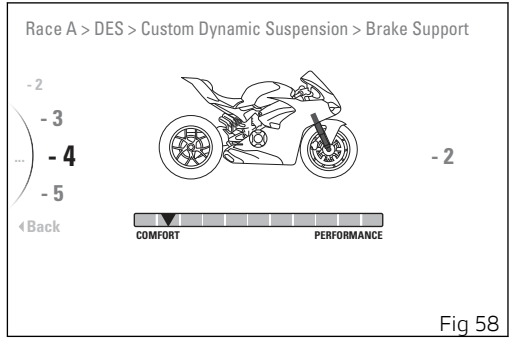


Fig 58

Front Fork and Shock Absorber parameter

By adjusting the front fork and shock absorber parameters it is possible to increase (+) or decrease (-) the total damping of each component.

In the Race A and Race B Riding Modes, modifying both parameters by the same value can be useful to adjust the total damping based on the rider preferences, different grip levels and track features. Modifying the parameters separately allows changing the front and rear balancing separately.

In the Sport and Street Riding Modes, set both the targets towards COMFORT to improve the damping of the road bumps and impacts. Set both targets more towards STABILITY to increase the damping of the frame wobbling. Set the front and rear parameters separately to adjust the front fork and the rear shock absorber individually and change the front and rear balancing.

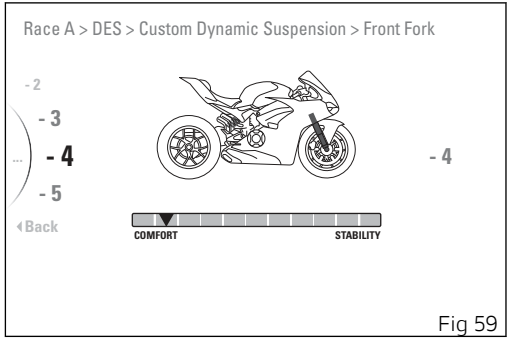


Fig 59

Steering Damping parameter

By adjusting this parameter it is possible to increase or decrease the steering total damping level. Set the parameter towards HANDLING to reduce the steering damping and for a more agile riding style. Set the parameter towards STABILITY to have more resistance to oscillations.

Acceleration parameter (available only in the “Race A” and "Race B" Riding Modes)

By setting the acceleration parameter it is possible to express the rider preference between grip and stability during harsh accelerations. Set the parameter more towards GRIP to optimise the system so as to obtain more grip on the rear wheel and the best contact with the ground. Set the parameter towards STABILITY to reduce the frame wobbling.

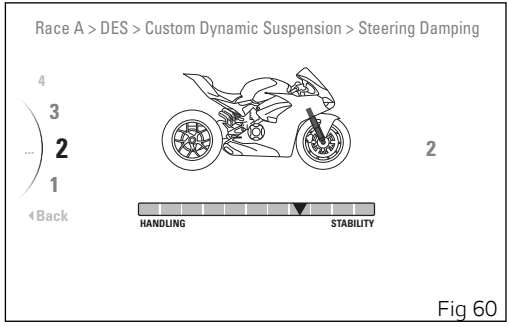


Fig 60

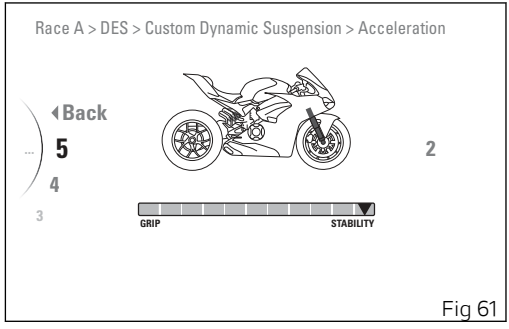


Fig 61

Mid Corner parameter (available only in the “Race A” and "Race B" Riding Modes)

By setting the parameter of the curve centre it is possible to express the rider preference between grip and stability in bends. Set the parameter more towards GRIP to optimise the system so as to obtain the best contact with the ground. Set the parameter towards STABILITY to reduce the frame wobbling.

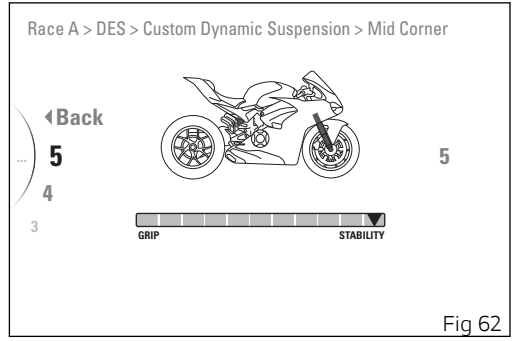


Fig 62

Customizing the Riding Mode: ABS adjustment

This function disables or sets ABS level for the selected riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**ABS**" and press button (4).

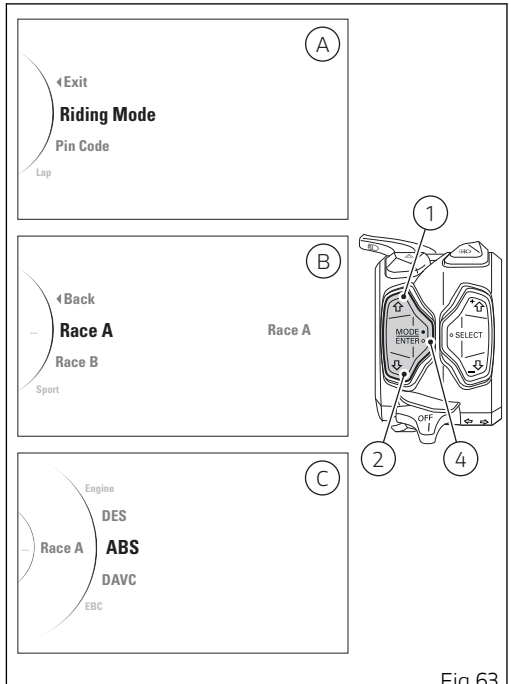


Fig 63

When you access the function, all possible customisation levels (levels from 1 to 3) are listed on the left and the set ABS level or status is shown on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- 3
- 2
- 1
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in Light Blue will also be displayed.

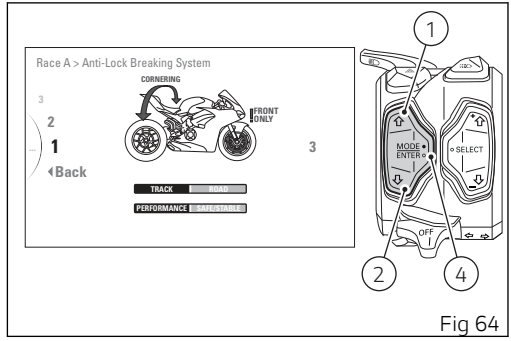


Fig 64

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black background) will be displayed. Moreover, the braking system intervention level will be indicated in Light Blue: "**FRONT ONLY!**" (for front brake active only, "**CORNERING**" (for Cornering function active.
Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

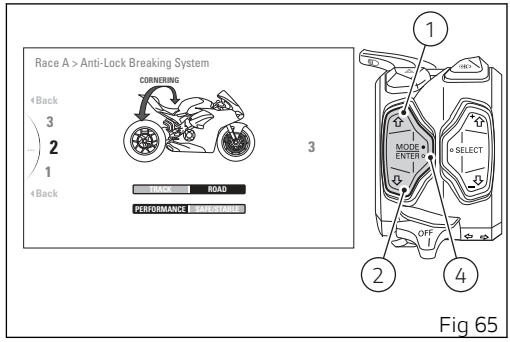


Fig 65

Attention

In case of system malfunction, contact a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Using the brakes correctly under adverse conditions is the hardest – and yet the most critical - skill to master for a rider. Braking is one of the most difficult and dangerous moments when riding a two wheeled motorcycle: the possibility of falling or having an accident during this difficult moment is statistically higher than any other moment. A locked front wheel leads to loss of traction and stability, resulting in loss of control.

The Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS) has been developed to enable riders to use the motorcycle braking force to the fullest possible amount in emergency braking or under poor pavement or adverse weather conditions. ABS is an electro-hydraulic device that controls the pressure in the brake circuit when the control unit, by processing information from wheel sensors, determines that one or both wheels are about to lock up. In this case, pressure decrease in the brake circuit allows the wheel to carry on turning, thereby preserving grip. After that, the control unit restores the pressure in

the brake circuit, to resume the braking action. This cycle is repeated many times until the problem is completely eliminated. Normally, the rider will perceive ABS operation as a harder feel or a pulsation of the brake lever and pedal. The front and rear brakes use separate control systems.

The ABS system fitted to the Panigale V4 is a safety system preventing wheel lockup while braking, adopting different strategies depending on the selected level. The active presence of strategies and their intervention level depend on the selected level. The ABS features 3 levels, one associated to each Riding Mode.

The Panigale V4 ABS features a "cornering" function that optimises ABS functionality to the conditions where the motorcycle is leaning over, thus preventing wheel lockup and slipping as much as possible, within the physical limits allowed by the vehicle and by the road conditions. The cornering function is active on all the ABS levels.

According to the selected level, the Panigale V4 ABS can implement the anti lift-up function for the rear wheel so as to guarantee not only a reduced stopping distance under braking, but also the highest possible stability.

In ABS level 1, associated by default to Race A and Race B Riding Modes, the system only works on the front discs to ensure top performance for track use. Also in this mode the cornering function is active: its level of intervention is described below.

In ABS level 2, associated by default to SPORT Riding Mode, also the DSC control (slide control under braking) is active. Under some activation conditions, ensuring in any case the maximum rider safety, the ABS system allows more pronounced slipping at the rear allowing vehicle yaw or slide, so as to permit a more sporty and faster corner entry. This control activates when the user acts on the rear brake during a sufficiently strong braking also at the front. During the operation of this system, the ABS monitors vehicle slipping or slide level, so that it remains below a safety level, which depends on the lean angle. If vehicle slipping or slide level increases too much, the ABS operates again in standard mode, realigning the vehicle in order to always ensure the maximum safety.

Attention

Using the two brake controls separately reduces the motorcycle braking power. Never use the brake controls harshly or suddenly as you may cause rear wheel lift-up and lose control of the motorcycle. When riding in the rain or on slippery surfaces, braking will become less effective. Always use the brakes very gently and carefully when riding under these conditions. Any sudden manoeuvres may lead to loss of control. When tackling long, high-gradient downhill road tracts, shift down gears to use engine braking. Apply one brake at a time and use brakes sparingly. Keeping the brakes applied all the time would cause the friction material to overheat and reduce braking power dangerously. Underinflated and overinflated tyres reduce braking efficiency, handling accuracy and stability in a bend.

The following table indicates the most suitable level of ABS intervention for the various riding types as well as the default settings in the "Riding Mode" that can be selected by the rider:

ABS	RIDING MODE	CHARACTERISTIC	DEFAULT
1	TRACK	This level is designed exclusively for track use, for expert riders (not recommended for road use). ABS in this level only controls the front wheel, and thus allows rear wheel lockup. The system in this level does NOT control the lift-up. While cornering function is active.	It is the default level for the "Race A" and "Race B" Riding Modes
2	SPORT	This level is designed for use when riding on the road and on the track, with good grip conditions. ABS in this level controls both wheels and the cornering function is active. In this level system does NOT control lift-up: this calibration focuses on braking power and wheel lift-up should be managed by the rider. In this level, also the DSC (slide control under braking) is active.	It is the default level for the "SPORT" Riding Mode

ABS	RIDING MODE	CHARACTERISTIC	DEFAULT
3	SAFE & STABLE	This level is designed for use in any riding conditions to provide a safe and consistent braking action. ABS in this level controls both wheels and the cornering and anti-lift-up functions are active.	It is the default level for the “STREET" Riding Mode

Tips on how to select the sensitivity level

Attention

Excellent operation of the ABS system, for all available levels, is ensured only with the OE brake system and with OE tyres and/or with the ones recommended by Ducati. In particular, OE Tyres for this motorcycle are Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SP in the following sizes: 120/70 ZR17 at the front, 200/60 ZR17 at the rear. The use of tyres of different size and characteristics to the original tyres may alter the operating characteristics of the system thus making it unsafe. It is recommended not to install tyres of different size than the ones approved for your vehicle.

Selecting level 3, the ABS will ensure a very stable braking thanks to lift-up control, and the motorcycle will keep a good alignment during the whole braking action. ABS level 3 features active cornering function which, with vehicle leaning over, prevents wheel lockup and slipping as much as possible, within the physical limits allowed by the vehicle and by the road conditions.
Selecting level 2, the ABS will privilege more and more the braking power rather than stability and lift-up control, which is disabled in level 2. ABS level 2 features active cornering function which, with vehicle leaning over, prevents wheel lockup and slipping as much as possible, within the physical limits allowed by the vehicle and by the road conditions. Moreover, level 2 activates the DSC function (available in this level only).
ABS level 1 is specific for track use and ABS is active only on the front wheel to help performance. In this level there is no lift-up control, but the cornering feature remains active.

The choice of the correct level mainly depends on the following parameters:

1) The tyre/road grip (type of tyre, amount of tyre wear, the road/track surface, weather conditions, etc.).
2) The rider's experience and sensitivity: expert riders can tackle a lift-up in trying to reduce the stopping distance to a minimum, while less expert riders are recommended to use setting 3, that will help them keeping the motorcycle more stable even in emergency braking.

Customising the Riding Mode: DAVC

This function allows setting the levels of functions DTC DWC DSC grouped in the DAVC function associated to each riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**DAVC**" and press button (4).

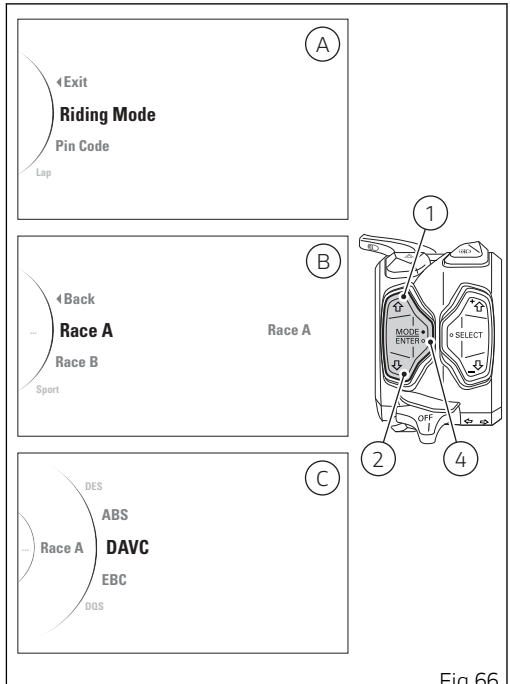


Fig 66

The DAVC function is the package of electronic controls (DTC, DWC, DSC) managing motorcycle traction during the acceleration phase.

When entering the function, it is possible to select the function to be customised (DTC, DWC, DSC). The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- DTC
- DWC
- DSC
- Default (visible only if one or more parameters are different from the "default" ones)
- ◀ Back

Every time button (1) or button (2) is pressed, the instrument panel allows scrolling DTC, DWC, DSC functions; once the function is highlighted, press button (4) to enter the function to be customised. Highlight "◀ **Back**" and press button (4) to exit the sub-menu and go back to previous page.

For DTC function, refer to paragraph page 0 .
For DWC function, refer to paragraph page 0 .
For DSC function, refer to paragraph page 0 .

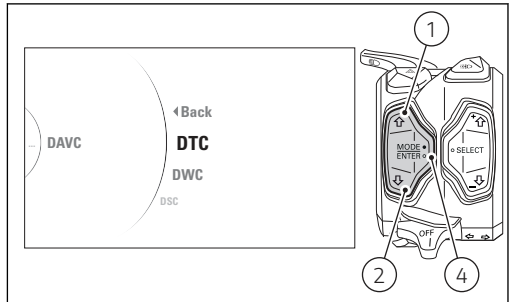


Fig 67

If the DTC is disabled (set to OFF), the DWC parameter can not be changed and is forced to level OFF.

For DAVC function, which includes DTC, DWC and DSC functions, it is possible to restore the parameters set by Ducati for all the functions: press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**Default**" and press button (4).

The default parameters for DAVC function, which includes DTC, DWC and DSC functions for the selected Riding Mode, are reset.

From this moment (and until one or more parameters are customised) the "Default" indication is no longer visible.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ Back" indication and press button (4).

Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the DTC level

This function disables or sets DTC level for the selected riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2), select "**DAVC**" and press button (4).

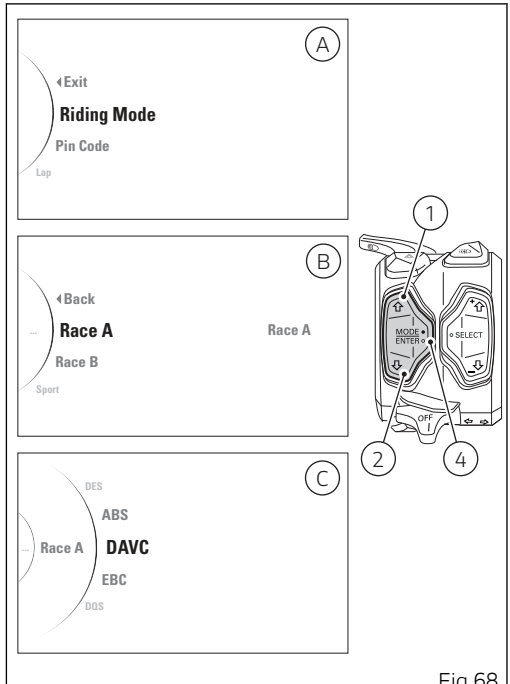


Fig 68

In DAVC function menu, press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**DTC**" and press button (4). When you access the function, all possible customisation levels (levels from 1 to 8 and OFF status) are listed on the left and the set DTC level or status is shown on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- 8
- 7
- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- Off
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.

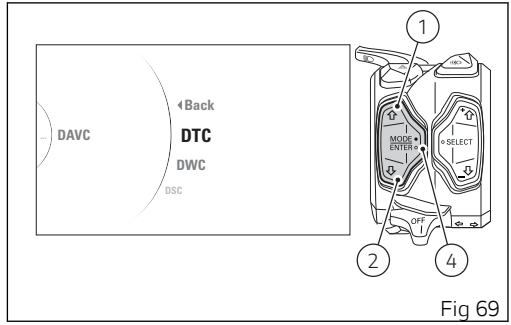


Fig 69

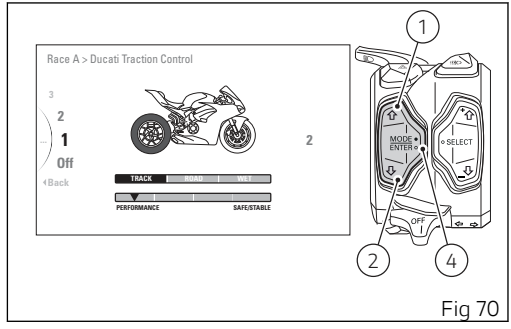


Fig 70

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black background or arrow ▼) will be displayed. If level 7 is selected, "**RAIN TIRE ONLY!**" is displayed.
Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

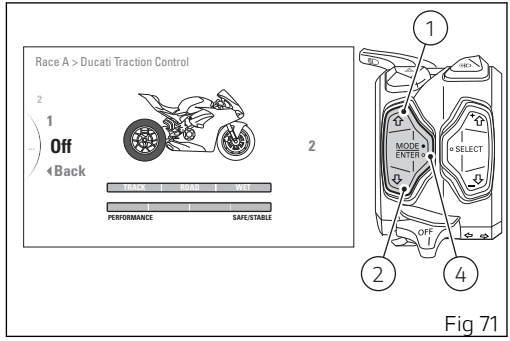


Fig 71

Note
If the DTC is disabled (set to OFF), the DWC parameter cannot be changed and is forced to level OFF and therefore the relevant setting menu is not available.

Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the DWC level

This function disables or sets DWC level for the selected riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., “Race A”) (C).
Press button (1) or button (2), select "**DAVC**" and press button (4).

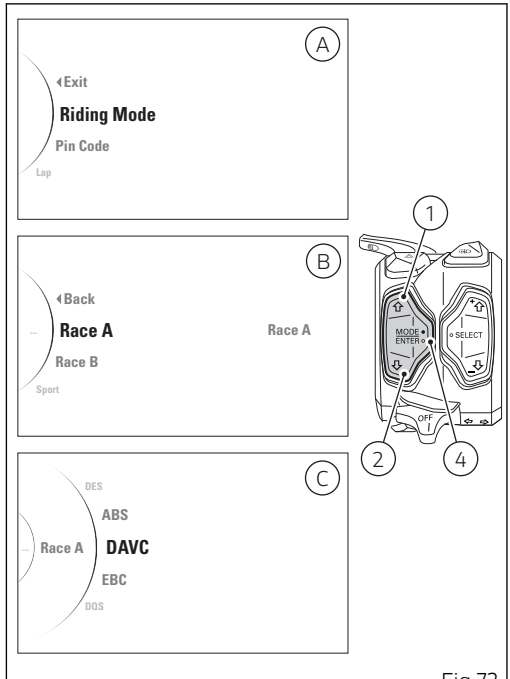


Fig 72

In DAVC function menu, press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**DWC**" and press button (4). When you access the function, all possible customisation levels (levels from 1 to 8 and OFF status) are listed on the left and the set DWC level or status is shown on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- 8
- 7
- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- Off
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.

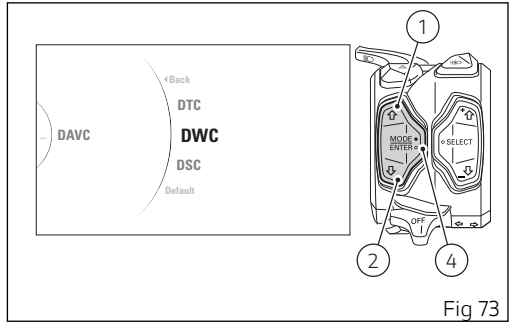


Fig 73

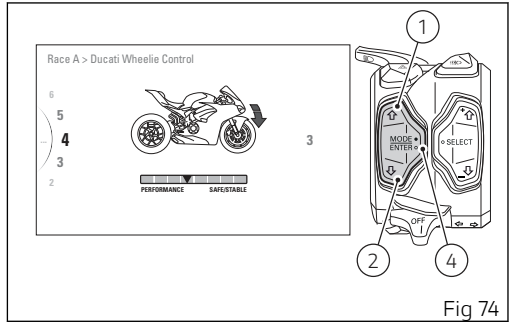


Fig 74

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black arrow ▼) will be displayed. Moreover, the system intervention level will be indicated with a light blue arrow.
Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

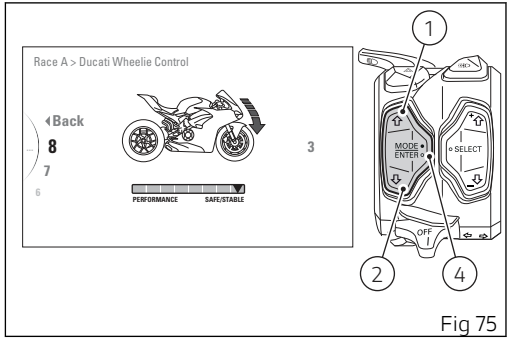


Fig 75

Note

If the DTC is disabled (set to OFF), the DWC parameter cannot be changed and is forced to level OFF and therefore the relevant setting menu is not available.

Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the DSC level

This function disables or sets DSC level for the selected riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., “Race A”) (C).
Press button (1) or button (2), select "**DAVC**" and press button (4).

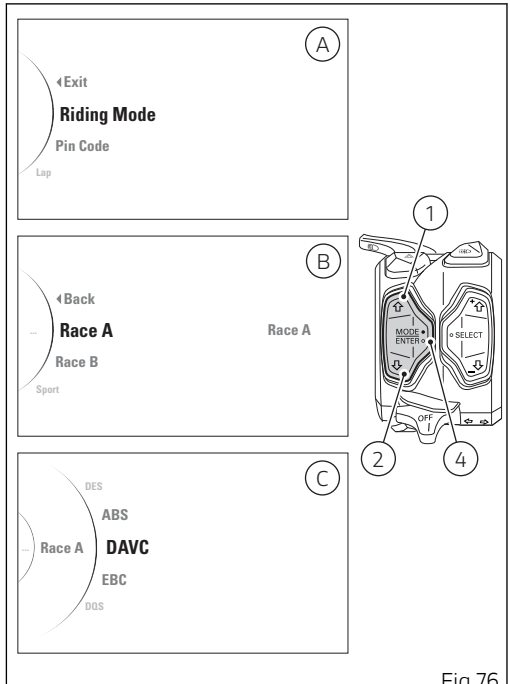


Fig 76

In DAVC function menu, press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**DSC**" and press button (4). When you access the function, all possible customisation levels (levels 1 and 2 and OFF status) are listed on the left and the set DSC level or status is shown on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- 2
- 1
- Off
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting will also be displayed.

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black background or arrow ▼) will be displayed.
Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.

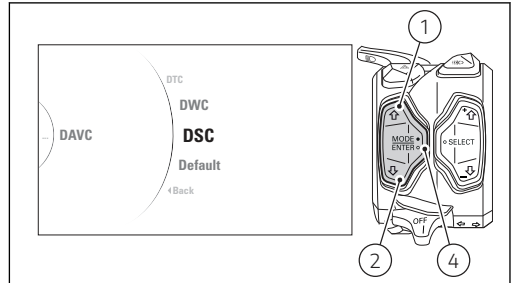


Fig 77

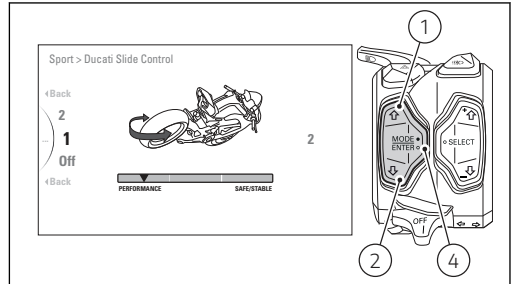


Fig 78

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Customizing the Riding Mode: setting the EBC level

This function sets the rear wheel anti-locking system (EBC) level for every single riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**EBC**" and press button (4).

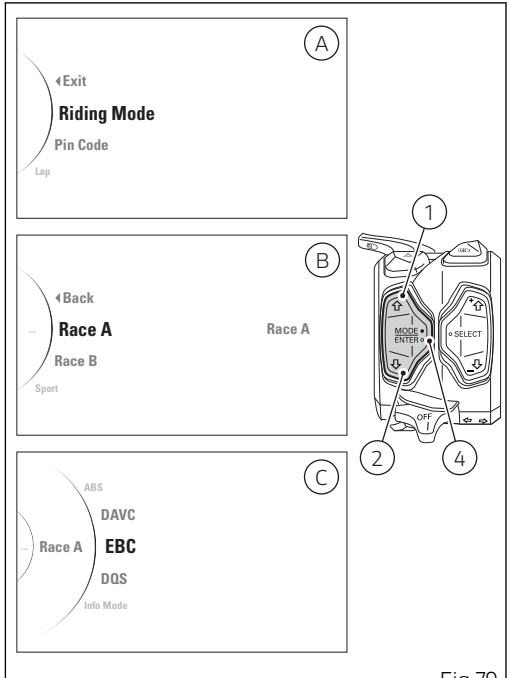


Fig 79

When you access the function, all possible customisation levels (levels from 1 to 3) are listed on the left and the set EBC level or status is shown on the right.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- 3
- 2
- 1
- Off
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the corresponding paired value in the central table (highlighted with a black arrow ▼) will be displayed. Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

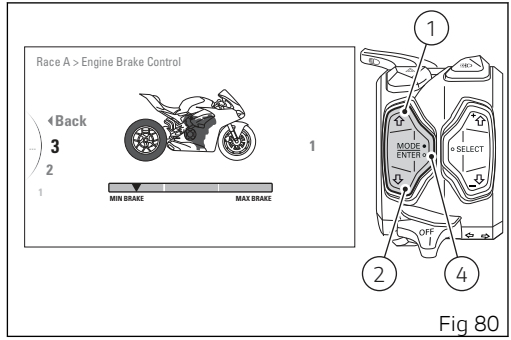


Fig 80

Customizing the Riding Mode: DSQ enabling/disabling

This function disables or enables the DQS for the selected riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**DQS**" and press button (4).

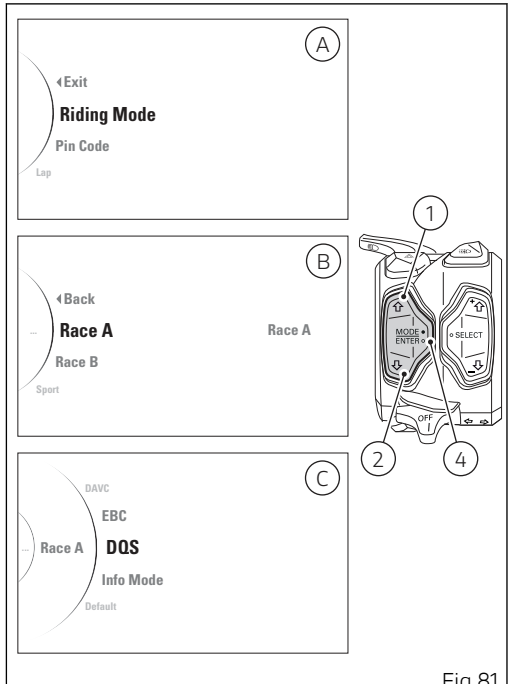


Fig 81

When you access the function, all possible customisation levels (OFF, UP/DOWN) are listed on the right and the currently set DQS level or status is shown on the left.
The following selectable indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- Up/Down
- Off
- ◀ Back

The motorbike profile with the part where you will be acting highlighted in light blue will also be displayed.

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new level of intervention desired. For each highlighted level, the system intervention level (highlighted with two black arrows) will be displayed.
Once the desired level is highlighted, press button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

The DQS with up/down feature allows the rider to upshift and downshift without using the clutch lever.

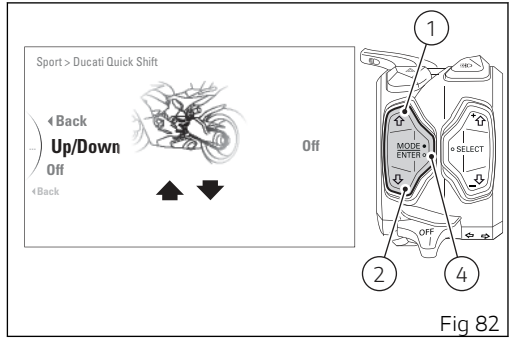


Fig 82

It includes a two-way microswitch - built in the lever mechanism - that outputs a signal to the engine control unit whenever the gearshift is operated.
The system works in a different way when upshifting and downshifting.

Here below are some tips that will ensure you properly exploit this feature:

- The Ducati Quick Shift takes the same shift lever operation as with vehicle not equipped with the Ducati Quick Shift. Ducati Quick Shift is not designed for shifting automatically.

- For any gearshift request (up or down) the rider has to move the shift lever from its idle position in the desired direction against the force of the spring through a certain over-travel, then keep the shift lever in this position until the gearshift is completed. Once the gearshift has been completed, the lever has to be fully released in order to allow another gearshift acted by Ducati Quick Shift. If the rider does not move the shift lever up to end stroke during a Ducati Quick Shift request, gears may not be fully engaged.
- Ducati Quick Shift provides no assistance for the gearshift if the rider uses the clutch lever: the Ducati Quick Shift does not work when the clutch lever is pulled.
- Ducati Quick Shift will shift down only when the throttle control is completely closed.
- If the Ducati Quick Shift strategy does not work it is always possible to complete the gear shifting using the clutch lever.
- If the gear lever is held pressed up or down for more than 30 seconds (even if just by accident) a plausibility error can be memorised in the electronic control unit and the Ducati Quick Shift system could be disabled; in this case, a simple key-off and key-on cycle will reactivate the system.
- Ducati Quick Shift is designed to operate above 2,500 rpm.
- No matter the gear engaged, downshifting with Ducati Quick Shift only woks below a set threshold, so as to avoid exceeding the maximum rpm allowed when the lower gear is engaged.

Customizing the Riding Mode: display mode setting (Info Mode)

This function allows rider to select the main screen displaying mode associated with every riding mode.

To select the desired mode, open the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).
You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., “Race A”) (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**Info Mode**" and press button (4).

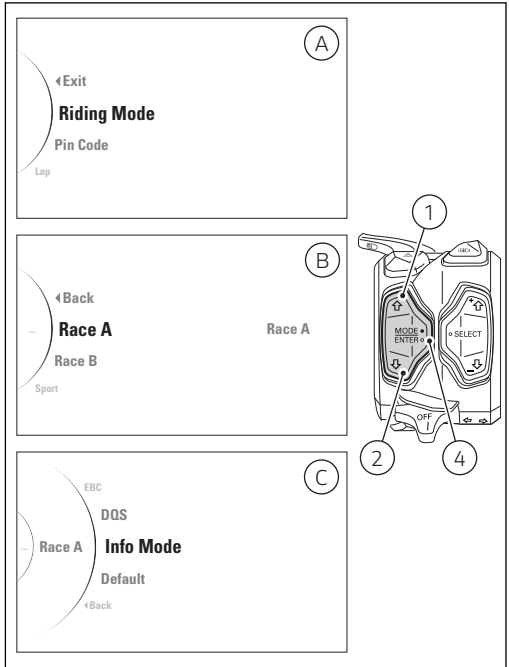


Fig 83

After entering the function, the display shows the available Info Modes (“Track” and “Road”) on the left side and set Info Mode on the right side. Within this page, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Track
- Road
- Default
- ◀ Back

The “Default” indication is visible only if one or more parameters have been modified.

With buttons (1) and (2) select the new desired Info Mode. Once the desired Info Mode is highlighted, press confirm button (4) to memorize the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ Back" indication and press button (4).

There are two available display modes: TRACK and ROAD. Every mode is associated to a Riding Mode and in "Default" mode, when the Riding Mode changes, also the display mode changes.

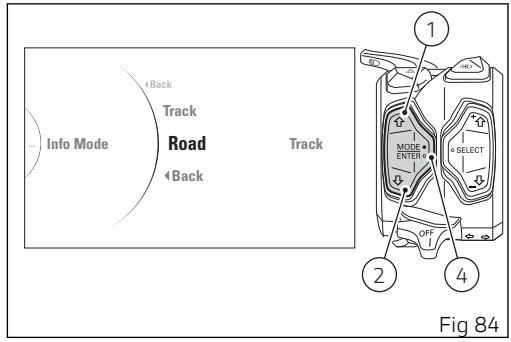


Fig 84

Ducati associated by default the layouts to the Riding modes as follows:

- TRACK mode for RACE A and RACE B Riding Modes;
- ROAD layout for the SPORT Riding Mode and for the STREET Riding Mode.

Customizing the Riding Mode: restoring default settings

This function allows restoring the default values set by Ducati for the parameters associated to a specific riding mode.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** (A), by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You will access the Riding Mode menu.
Select the desired riding mode (Race A, Race B, Sport, Street) (B) to be edited, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once the desired riding mode is selected, press button (4).

You will access the selected riding mode customisation menu (e.g., "Race A") (C).
Press button (1) or button (2) to highlight and select "**Default**" and press button (4).

The default parameters for the selected Riding Mode are reset.
From this moment (and until one or more parameters are customised) the "Default" indication is no longer visible.

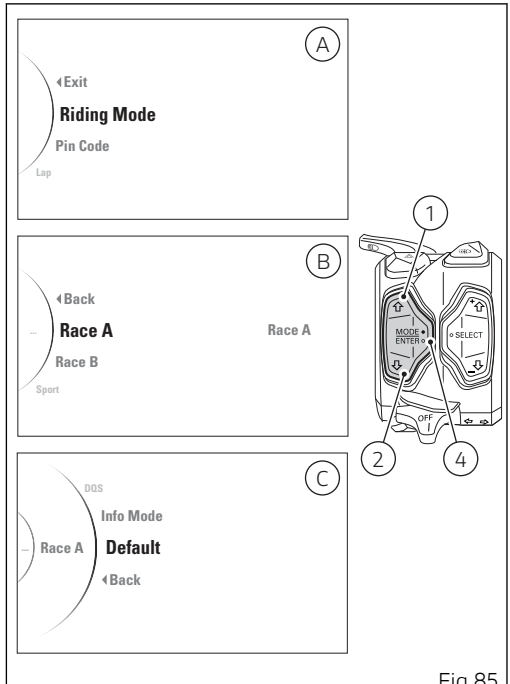


Fig 85

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ Back" indication and press button (4).

Customising Riding Mode: restore default settings (All Default)

This function allows restoring all the default values set by Ducati for all riding mode parameters: the function is only visible if at least one of the parameters of one riding mode is not the “default” one.

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Riding Mode** by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is displayed, press button (4).
Use buttons (1) and (2) to highlight and select “**All Default**”, press button (4) to reset to default values for all three Riding Modes.

From this moment (and until one or more parameters are customised) the "All Default" indication is no longer visible.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ Back" indication and press button (4).

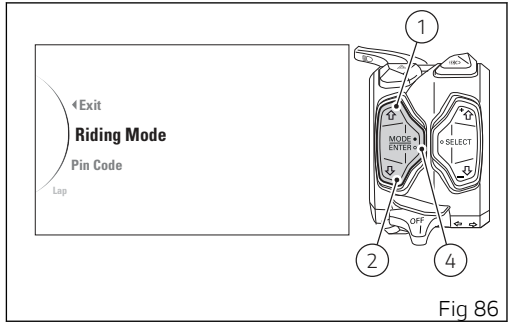


Fig 86

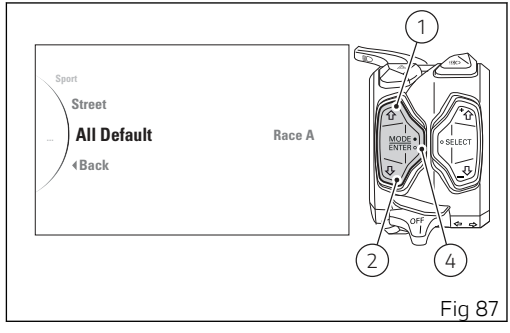


Fig 87

Pin Code

This function allows the user to activate or modify the PIN CODE.
The PIN CODE is initially not present in the motorcycle, it must be activated by the user by entering his/her 4-digit PIN in the instrument panel, otherwise the motorcycle cannot be started temporarily in the case of a malfunction.
To activate and/or modify the PIN CODE you must enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Pin Code** option, by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is highlighted, press button (4).
To activate this function, refer to "Activating the PIN CODE" procedure below.
To change the PIN refer to "Changing the PIN CODE" procedure page 154.
In order to temporarily start the motorcycle in case of malfunction, please refer to the procedure called “Restoring motorcycle operation via the PIN CODE” page 248.

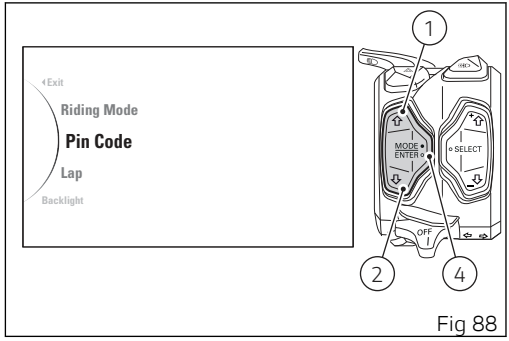


Fig 88

Attention

The motorcycle owner must activate (store) the PIN code; if there is already a stored PIN, contact an Authorised Ducati Dealer to have the function "reset". To perform this procedure, the Authorised Ducati Dealer may ask you to demonstrate that you are the owner of the motorcycle.

Activating the PIN CODE

To activate the PIN CODE function and enter your own PIN CODE you must open the SETTING MENU. Select **Pin Code** option, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once function is highlighted, press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- New Pin

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**New Pin**" and press button (4) to enter the Pin Code entering function. To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

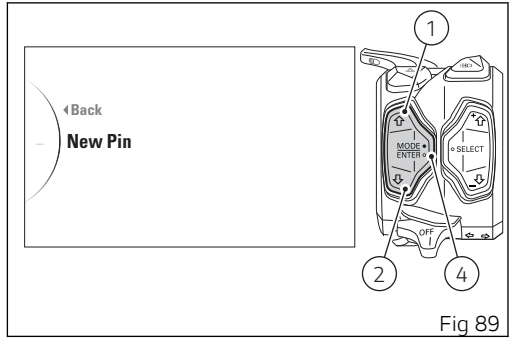


Fig 89

After accessing the Pin Code entering function (New Pin), the instrument panel displays “New Pin” with spaces allowing to enter the four digits of the new Pin code to be entered: “0” and “- - -“. The two arrows on the digit give the possibility to set it.

Entering the code:

1) Each time you press the button (1) the displayed number increases by one (+ 1) up to "9" and then starts back from “0”;
2) Each time you press the button (2) the displayed number decreases by one (- 1) up to "1" and then starts back from "0";
3) Press button (4) to confirm the number and move on to the following digit.
4) Repeat the operations under steps 1) - 3) until you confirm all the 4 digits of the PIN CODE.

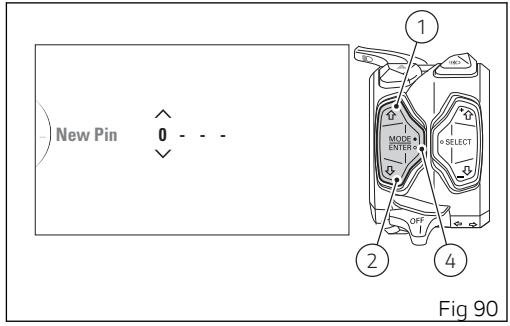


Fig 90

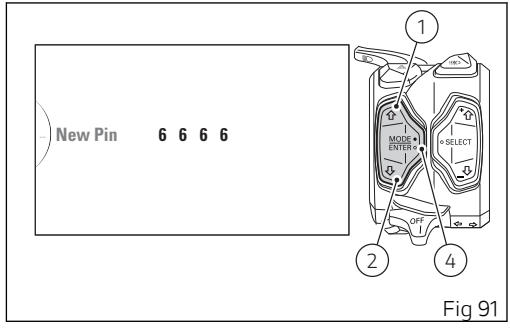


Fig 91

Once the “fourth” digit has been entered, when pressing button (4) the instrument panel activates the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Memory (orange)

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4). To memorise the entered code, highlight the "Memory" indication (orange) and press button (4). Then, the instrument panel will activate the “Memorised” indication (green) for 2 seconds.

At the end of the 2 seconds, the instrument panel goes back to the previous screen with the indication “**Modify Pin**” (instead of “New Pin”) (ref. page 154): in fact, after memorising the first PIN CODE, the page of the menu where to enter the “New Pin” is no longer available and is replaced by the page to modify the PIN CODE.

Note

The page for entering the PIN CODE is active and available again only in case the Pin Code function is reset (but this is only possible through the DUCATI diagnosis instrument).

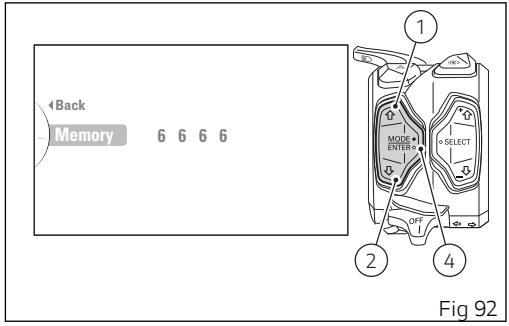


Fig 92



Fig 93

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Changing the Pin Code

To customise the existing PIN CODE and activate the new one, enter the SETTING MENU, use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Pin Code**" and press button (4).

Note

To change the PIN CODE, you must know the already stored PIN.

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Modify Pin

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Modify Pin**" and press button (4) to enter the Pin Code change function.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

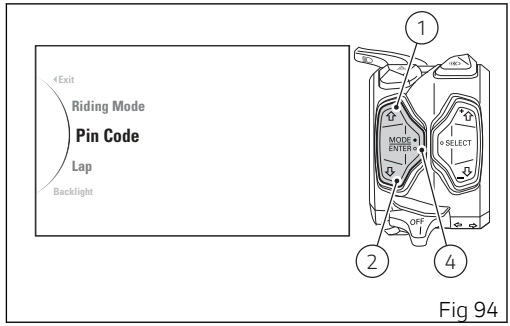


Fig 94

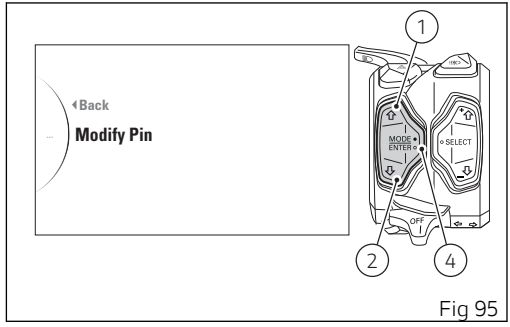


Fig 95

After accessing the Pin Code change function (Modify Pin), the instrument panel displays “Old Pin” with spaces allowing to enter the four digits of the set Pin code: “0” and “- - -“. The two arrows on the digit give the possibility to set it.

Entering the code:

1) Each time you press the button (1) the displayed number increases by one (+ 1) up to "9" and then starts back from “0”;
2) Each time you press the button (2) the displayed number decreases by one (- 1) up to "1" and then starts back from "0";
3) Press button (4) to confirm the number and move on to the following digit.
4) Repeat the operations under steps 1) - 3) until you confirm all the 4 digits of the PIN CODE.

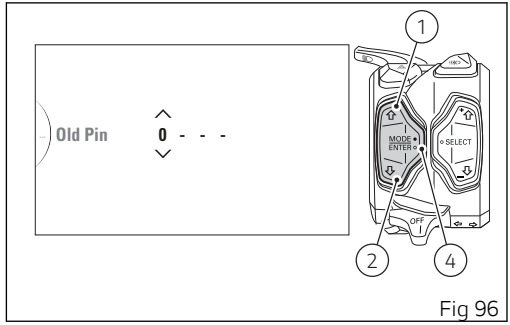


Fig 96

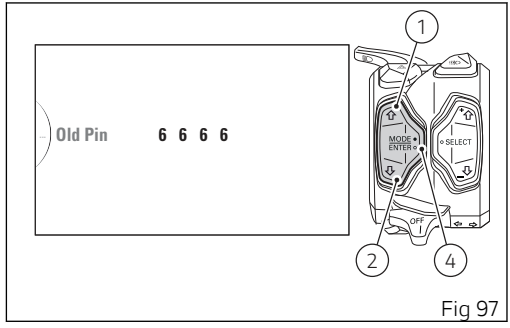


Fig 97

When you press button (4) to confirm the fourth and last digit, the instrument panel responds as follows:

- if the PIN is not correct, the instrument panel displays “WRONG” highlighted in red for 2 seconds and then highlights the menu with the indication “Modify Pin” and the spaces to enter the digits, to allow you to try again;
- if the PIN is correct, the instrument panel displays “CORRECT” for 2 seconds in green and then passes to the menu with the “New Pin” indication and the spaces to enter the digits in order to allow you to enter the new PIN CODE.

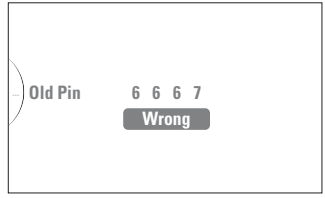


Fig 98

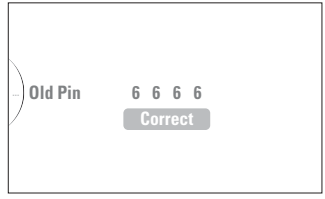


Fig 99

If the PIN is correct, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- New Pin

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**New Pin**" and press button (4) to enter the Pin Code entering function. To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

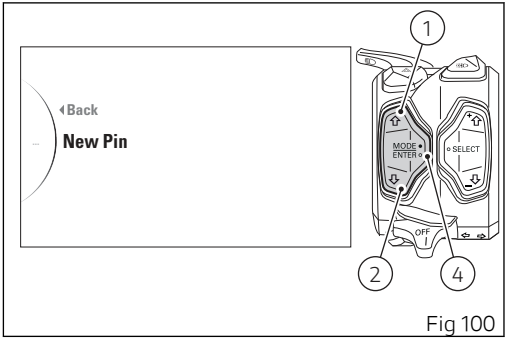


Fig 100

After accessing the Pin Code entering function (New Pin), the instrument panel displays “New Pin” with spaces allowing to enter the four digits of the new Pin code to be entered: “0” and “- - -“. The two arrows on the digit give the possibility to set it.

Entering the code:

1) Each time you press the button (1) the displayed number increases by one (+ 1) up to "9" and then starts back from “0”;
2) Each time you press the button (2) the displayed number decreases by one (- 1) up to "1" and then starts back from "0";
3) Press button (4) to confirm the number and move on to the following digit.
4) Repeat the operations under steps 1) - 3) until you confirm all the 4 digits of the PIN CODE.

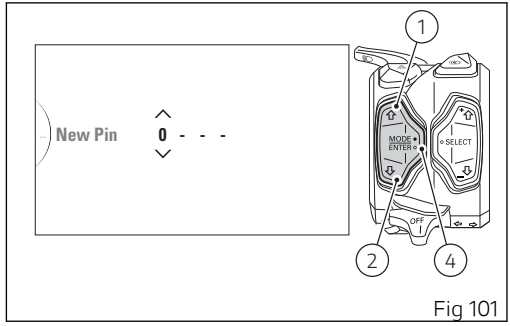


Fig 101

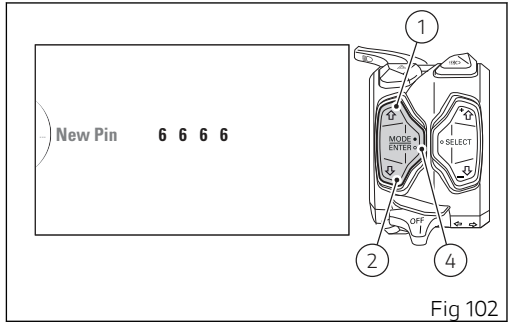


Fig 102

Once the “fourth” digit has been entered, when pressing button (4) the instrument panel activates the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Memory (orange)

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4). To memorise the entered code, highlight the "Memory" indication (orange) and press button (4). Then, the instrument panel will activate the “Memorised” indication (green) for 2 seconds.

At the end of the 2 seconds, the instrument panel goes back to the previous screen.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Note
You can change your PIN CODE an unlimited number of times.

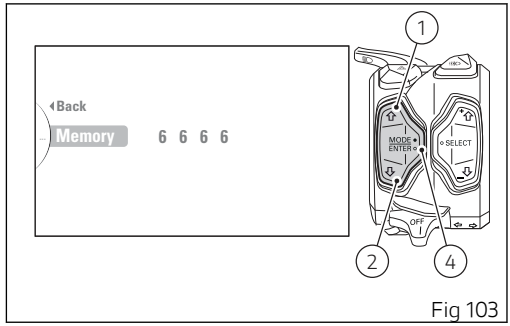


Fig 103

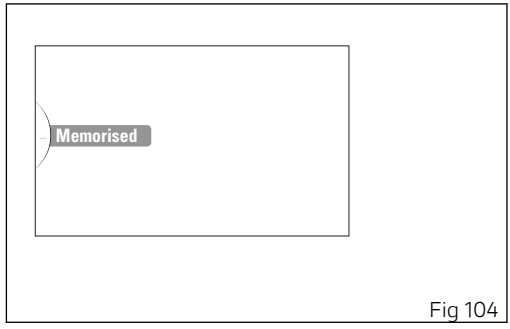


Fig 104

Lap

Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select **Lap** option, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once function is displayed, press button (4).
You open the LAP Menu.
The following indications will be displayed in this page:

- ◀ Back
- "Off" to disable the LAP function.
- "On" to enable the LAP function.
- “Lap Data” to view the stored laps.
- “Erase All” to delete all memorised LAPs (visible only if there are memorised LAPs).
- ◀ Back

Select the desired indication by pressing buttons (1) and (2) and press button (4) to activate the relevant function.
According to whether the GPS EVO is installed or not, the “Lap Data” function shows the recorded times in LAP BASIC or LAP EVO mode.
Any time the key is turned on, the Lap function is set to “Off”.

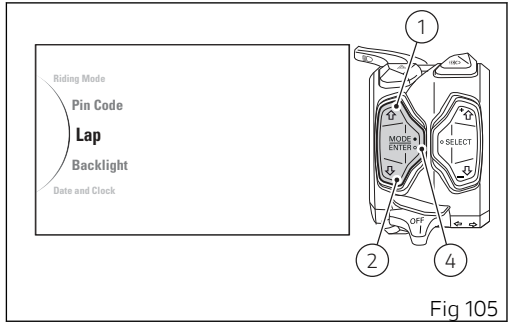


Fig 105

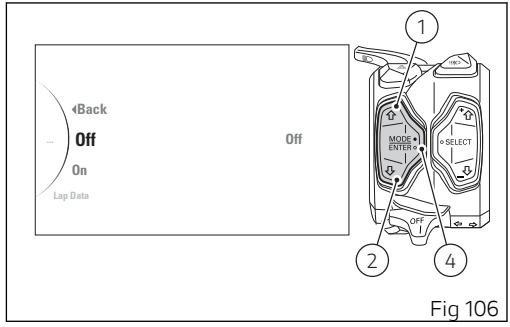


Fig 106

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Lap Data (LAP BASIC mode)

- Enter the SETTING MENU.
- Select **Lap** option, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once function is displayed, press button (4).
- Select **Lap Data**. Once function is displayed, press button (4).

When accessing this function, the display shows “Best Laps” and the available LAPs from 1 to 60. Use buttons (1) and (2) to scroll through the memorised LAPs.
Data recorded for each lap are:

- “Time” - the lap time (up to maximum 7’59”00);
- “Speed (max)” - the maximum real speed reached and the set unit of measurement;
- “RPM (max)” - the maximum engine rpm reached.

Select “Best Laps” to view the best lap time data among the recorded ones.

Note
It is possible to record maximum of 60 LAPs.

If there are no memorised LAPs, when accessing this menu the instrument panel will show “No Lap”.

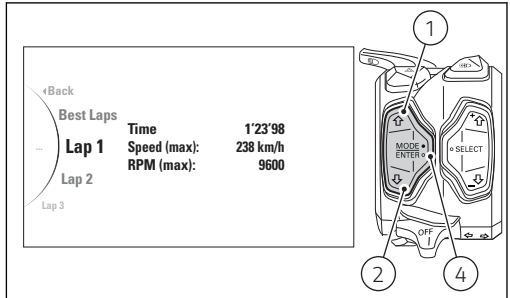


Fig 107

To activate the Lap recording, refer to chapter “Lap time (Lap)” in page 212.

Lap Data (LAP EVO mode)

- Enter the SETTING MENU.
- Select **Lap** option, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once function is displayed, press button (4).
- Select **Lap Data**. Once function is displayed, press button (4).

When accessing this function, the display shows “Best Laps”, “Best Intertime 1”, “Best Intertime 2” options and the recorded sessions (max. 6).
To view the LAPs memorised in one session, select the desired session and press button (4).
The display will show all the LAPs recorded in the selected session (Fig 109).
Use buttons (1) and (2) to scroll through the memorised LAPs.
Data recorded for each lap are:

- “Time” - the lap time (maximum time: 7’59”00);
- “Intertime 1” - if the first intertime point has been configured (maximum time: 7’59”00);
- “Intertime 2” - if the second intertime point has been configured (maximum time: 7’59”00);
- “Real Speed (max)” - the maximum real speed reached and the set unit of measurement (the speed is detected via GPS EVO);
- “RPM (max)” - the maximum engine rpm;

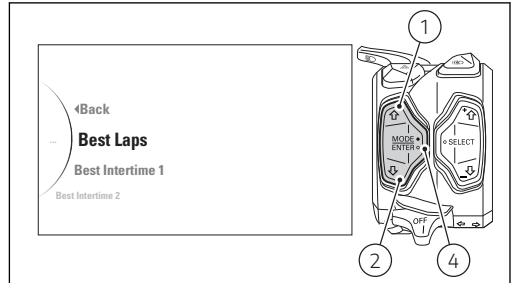


Fig 108

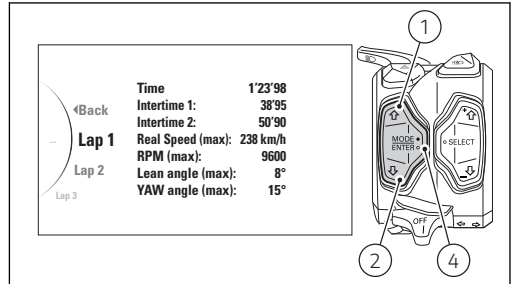


Fig 109

- “Lean angle (max)” - maximum reached lean angle;
- “YAW angle (max)” - maximum reached yaw angle.

Note
It is possible to record maximum of 60 LAPs divided into 6 sessions.

If there are no memorised LAPs, when accessing this menu the instrument panel will show “No Lap”.
To configure the intertimes and record the Laps/ sessions, refer to chapter “Lap time (LAP Time)” in page 212.

Best Laps (LAP EVO only):
Select “Best Laps” to view the best lap time data recorded in each session.

Best Intertime 1 and Best Intertime 2 (LAP EVO only):
By selecting “Best Intertime 1” or “Best Intertime 2”, the data referred to the best time recorded in each session are displayed, respectively concerning intertime 1 and intertime 2.

Erase All

- Enter the SETTING MENU.
- Select **Lap** option, by pressing button (1) or (2). Once function is displayed, press button (4).
- Select **Erase All**. Once function is displayed, press button (4).

When accessing this function, the display shows “Erase All”: to delete all recorded LAPs, select the indicated item and keep button (4) pressed for 2 seconds. The message “Wait...” is displayed for 3 seconds on the right side, then the instrument panel displays the previous menu.

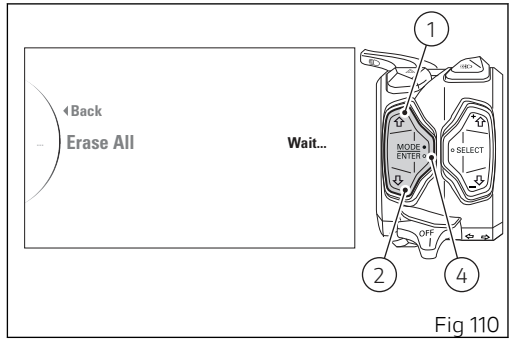


Fig 110

Backlighting setting (Backlight)

This function allows adjusting the backlighting intensity.
To customise the background configuration, enter the SETTING MENU, use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Backlight**" and press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Auto
- Day
- Night
- ◀ Back

With buttons (1) and (2) it is possible to select the desired display backlight.
Once the desired backlight is highlighted, press confirm button (4) to memorise the new selection.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Select AUTO (automatic mode) to automatically adjust background colour according to ambient light (detected by a sensor). If the external lighting is strong, the display will switch to white background; if

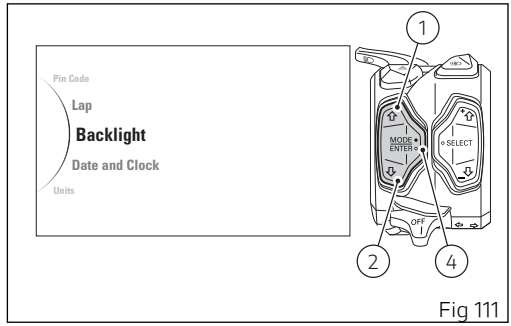


Fig 111

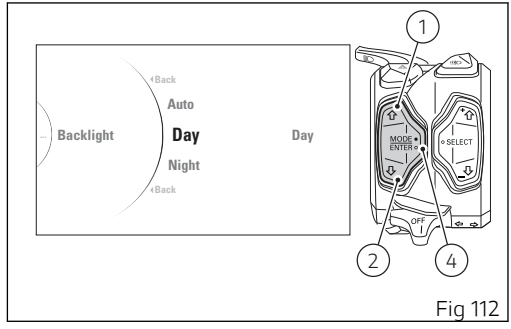


Fig 112

the external lighting is poor, the display will switch to black background ".
Select DAY (day mode) to permanently set display "white" background for improved readability - recommended in conditions of strong ambient light.
Select NIGHT (night more) to permanently set display black background for dimmed visibility - recommended in case of poor ambient light and/or at night.



Note

In case of battery off, when the voltage is restored and upon next Key-On, back lighting will always be set on "AUTO" mode.

Date setting (Date and Clock)

This function allows user to set or change the date.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Date and Clock**" and press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Date
- Clock
- ◀ Back

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Date**": when this indication is highlighted, the instrument panel displays the date in the set format: YEAR, MONTH, DAY (e.g.: 2016/01/20).

Note

If nobody set the date, display will read dashes "- -" as year, month and day.

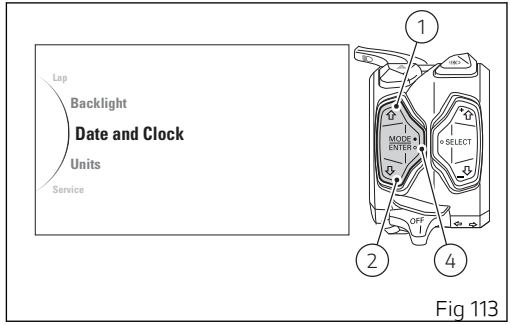


Fig 113

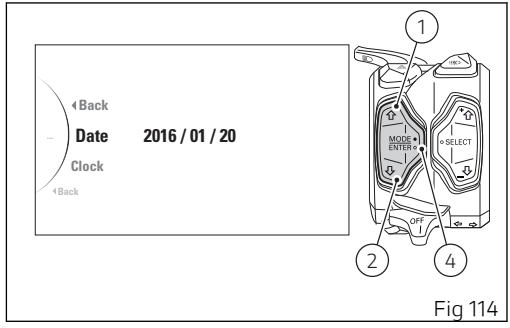


Fig 114

Highlight the "**Date**" indication and press button (4). When two arrows are displayed on the year indication, they give the possibility to set it:

- Press button (1) to increase year value by 1 ("2000", "2001", ..."2099", "2000");
- Press button (2) to decrease year value by 1 ("2099", "2098", ..."2000", "2099");
- once you reach the year to be set, press button (4) to confirm: the arrows move to the "month" value to allow setting it.

When two arrows are displayed on the month indication, they give the possibility to set it:

- press button (1) to increase the month by 1 ("01", "02", ..."12", "01");
- press button (2) to decrease the month by 1 ("12", "11", ..."01", "12");
- once you reach the month to be set, press button (4) to confirm: the arrows move to the "day" value to allow setting it.

When two arrows are displayed on the day indication, they give the possibility to set it:

- press button (1) to increase the day by 1 ("01", "02", ..."31", "01");
- press button (2) to decrease the day by 1 ("31", "30", ..."01", "31");

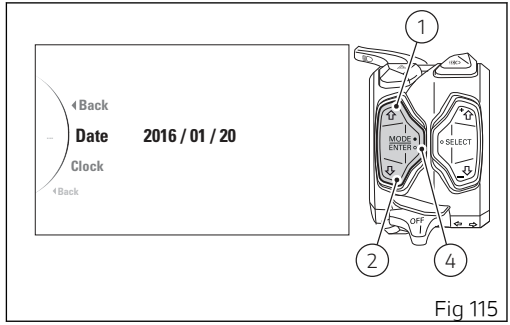


Fig 115

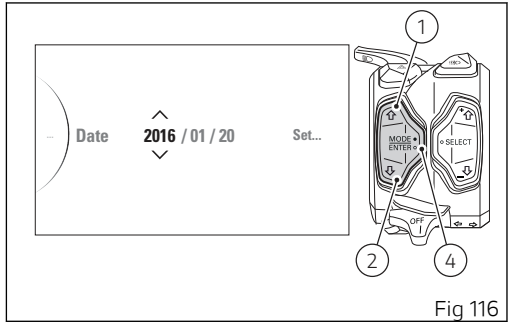


Fig 116

- once you reach the day to be set, press button (4) to confirm.

After pressing button (4) to confirm the day, the instrument panel saves the set / modified date and activates the indication " ◀ **Back**".
If date is not correct, the instrument panel will display "Wrong" for 3 seconds and then it will automatically highlight the year (with the two arrows) to set another date.

To exit the menu highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Important
Every time the battery is disconnected, the calendar date is reset and must be set again.

Clock setting (Date and Clock)

This function allows user to set or adjust the time.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Date and Clock**" and press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Date
- Clock
- ◀ Back

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Clock**": when this indication is highlighted, the instrument panel displays the time in the set format: AM / PM, HOUR, MINUTE (e.g.: AM 10 : 25).

Note

If nobody set the time, display will read dashes "- -" as hour and minutes.

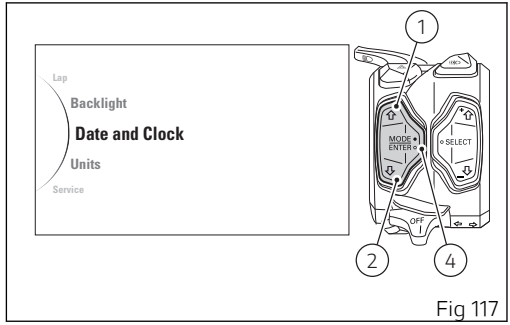


Fig 117

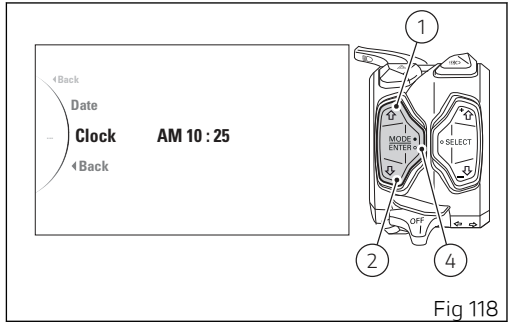


Fig 118

Highlight the "**Clock**" indication and press button (4). When two arrows are displayed on AM / PM, they give the possibility to set them:

- press button (1) to pass from "PM" to “AM”;
- press button (2) to pass from "AM" to “PM”;
- once you reach the desired value, press button (4) to confirm: the arrows move to the “hour” value to allow setting it.

When two arrows are displayed on the HOUR indication, they give the possibility to set it:

- use button (1) to increase by 1 the hour value (“11”, “0”, “1” .....“11” for AM and “12”, “1”, ...“12” for PM);
- Use button (2) to decrease by 1 the hour value (“0”, “11”, ...“1”, “0” for AM and “12”, “11”, ...“1”, “12” for PM);
- once you reach the desired value, press button (4) to confirm: the arrows move to the “minutes” value to allow setting it.

When two arrows are displayed on the MINUTE indication, they give the possibility to set it:

- press button (1) to increase minutes by 1 (“00”, “01”, ...“59”, “00”);
- press button (2) to decrease minutes by 1 (“59”, “58”, ...“00”, “59”);

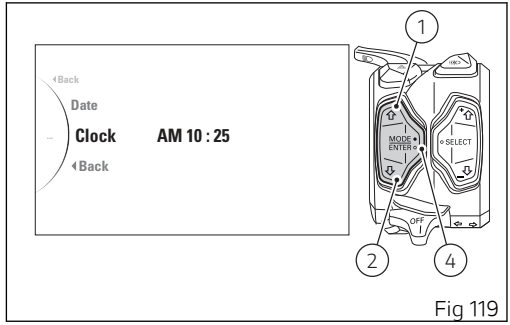


Fig 119

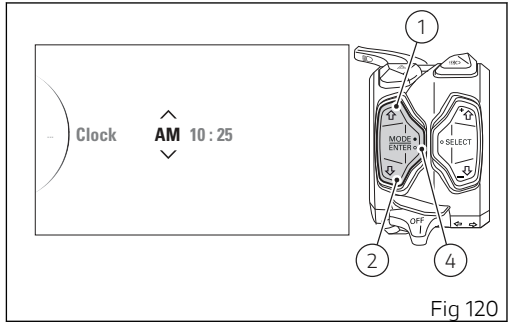


Fig 120

- once you reach the desired value, press button (4) to confirm: the arrows move to the “minutes” value to allow setting it.

After pressing button (4) to confirm the minutes, the instrument panel saves the set / modified time and activates the indication “ ◀ **Back**”.

To exit the menu highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).



Note

Every time the battery is disconnected, the clock is reset and must be set again by the user.

Unit of measurement setting (Units)

This function allows changing the units of measurement of the displayed values.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Units**" and press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Speed
- Temperature
- Consumption
- All Default (*)
- ◀ Back

(*) This indication is visible only if one or more parameters have been modified.

Measurements for which it is possible to change the unit are the following:

- Speed;
- Temperature;
- Fuel consumption.

With buttons (1) and (2) it is possible to select the measurement of which you wish to change the unit:

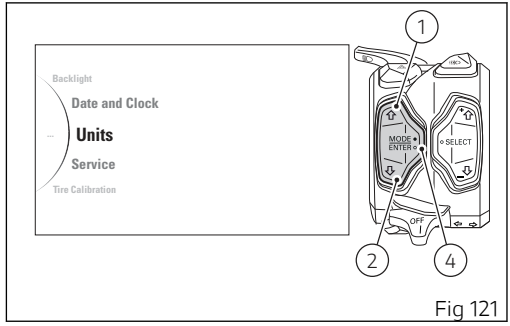


Fig 121

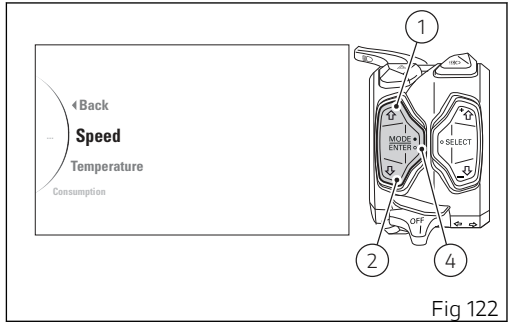


Fig 122

- if the indication is “**Speed**”, press button (4) to customise the Speed unit of measurement;
- if the indication is “**Temperature**”, press button (4) to customise temperature unit of measurement;
- if the indication is “**Fuel consumption**”, press button (4) to fuel consumption unit of measurement;
- if the indication is “**All Default**”, press button (4) to restore all values of the units of measurements of all displayed measurements.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Setting the units of measurement: Speed

This function allows to change the units of measurement of speed (and hence even the ones of distance travelled).
As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- km/h
- mph
- Default (*)
- ◀ Back

(*) This indication is visible only if the set parameter is different from the "default" parameter.

With buttons (1) and (2) it is possible to select the desired measurement or “Default” to reset the default unit of measurement.
Once the desired function is highlighted, press button (4) to save the selected unit.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

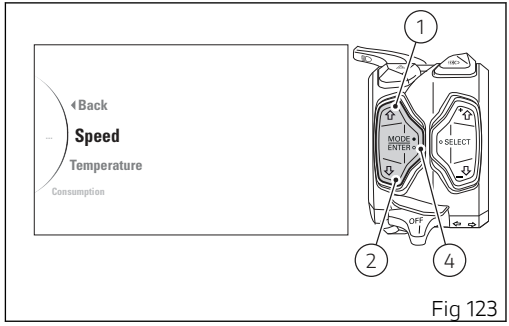


Fig 123

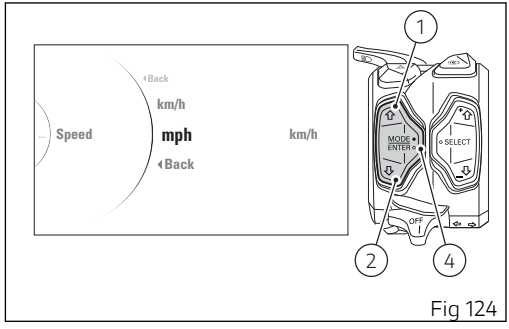


Fig 124

Setting the units of measurement: Temperature

This function allows you to change the units of measurement of the temperature.
As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- °F
- °C
- Default (*)
- ◀ Back

(*) This indication is visible only if the set parameter is different from the "default" parameter.

With buttons (1) and (2) it is possible to select the desired measurement or “Default” to reset the default unit of measurement.
Once the desired function is highlighted, press button (4) to save the selected unit.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

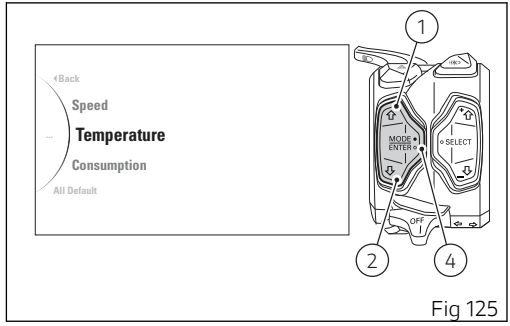


Fig 125

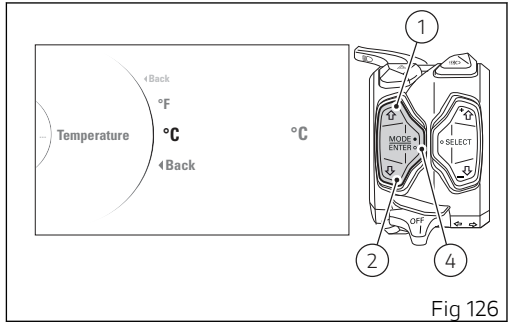


Fig 126

Setting the units of measurement: Fuel consumption

This function allows you to change the units of measurement of the fuel consumption.
As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- l/100
- Km/l
- mpg UK
- mpg US
- Default (*)
- ◀ Back

(*) This indication is visible only if the set parameter is different from the "default" parameter.

With buttons (1) and (2) it is possible to select the desired measurement or “Default” to reset the default unit of measurement.
Once the desired function is highlighted, press button (4) to save the selected unit.
To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

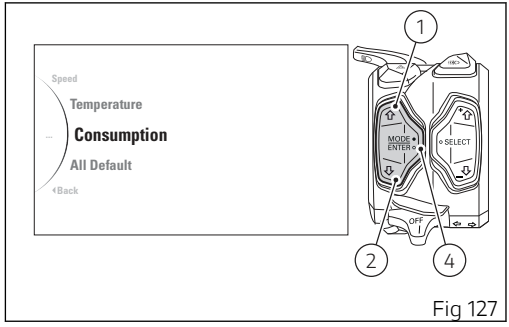


Fig 127

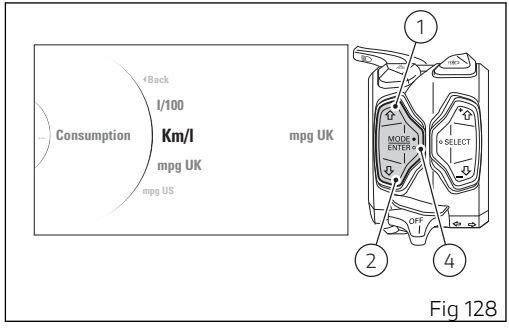


Fig 128

Service thresholds display (Service)

This function informs the user on the deadlines for the indications of Oil Service (in Km or miles), Desmo Service (in Km or miles) and Annual Service (date).
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Service**" and press button (4).

When entering this function, the instrument panel will list for each type of maintenance the relevant indication upon reaching the maintenance threshold:

- Oil service with logo and mile (or km) countdown to the next OIL SERVICE;
- Desmo service with logo and mile (or km) countdown to the next DESMO SERVICE;
- Annual service with logo and Annual Service expiration date.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

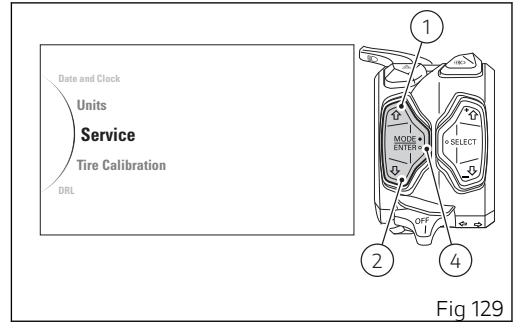


Fig 129

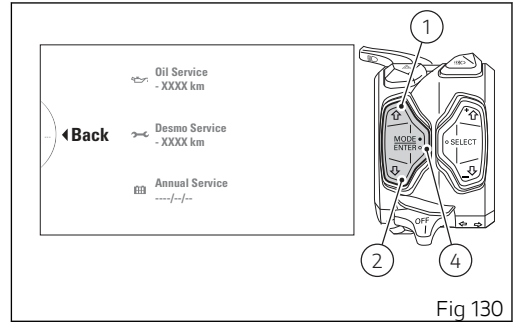


Fig 130

Tyre setting and drive ratio (Tyre Calibration)

This function allows the user to run the procedure for calibrating and teaching in the tyre rolling circumference and final drive ratio.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select "**Tire Calibration**" option, by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is highlighted, press button (4).
As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Start
- Default (this indication is visible only if the set parameter is different from the "default" parameter)

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication using button (1) or (2) and press button (4).
To start the drive ratio and tyre calibration procedure press button (4) when "**Start**" is highlighted.

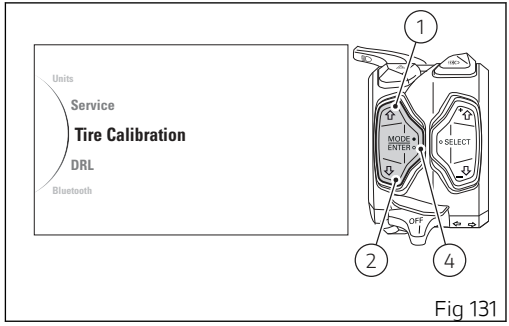


Fig 131

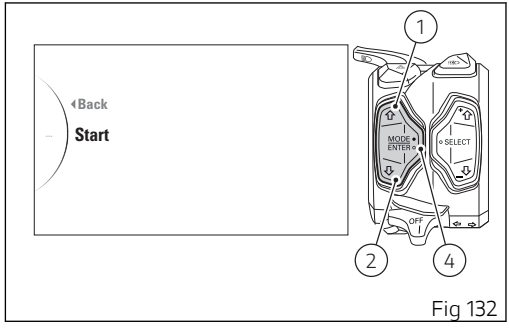


Fig 132

When the calibration procedure starts, the instrument panel displays the message "**Ready**" flashing, the message "**Keep Speed**" with speed range and the gear to be maintained by the user to complete the teach-in procedure. On the right the reference Riding Mode, current speed and gear engaged.

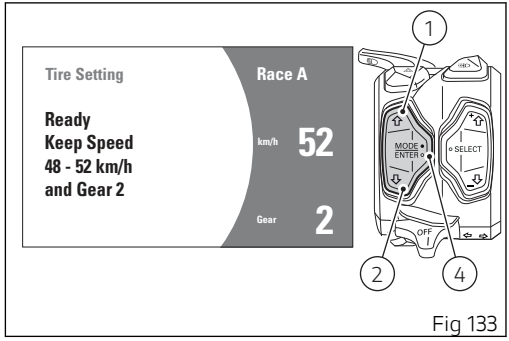


Fig 133

Important

The teach-in procedure is allowed only at a vehicle speed between 48 Km/h (30 mph) and 52 Km/h (32 mph) in the 2rd gear.

When the rider complies with the required conditions of vehicle speed and gear displayed, the instrument panel starts system calibration: all previous information will be displayed showing "**In progress**" instead of "Ready".

Calibration is performed by keeping speed and gear within the indicated range for 5 seconds.

If the teach-in procedure is completed correctly, the instrument panel shows "**Completed**" followed by the previous screen after a few seconds.

Note

During the calibration procedure, if the vehicle speed exceeds 62 mph (100 km/h), the procedure will stop.

Note

During calibration, the procedure can be aborted and user can go back to standard screen by pressing button (1) for 2 seconds.

If the calibration procedure is aborted by the user, the instrument panel shows "**Aborted**" followed by the previous screen after a few seconds.

If, on the other hand, an error or malfunction occurs during the calibration procedure, the instrument panel shows "**Failed**" followed by the previous screen after a few seconds.

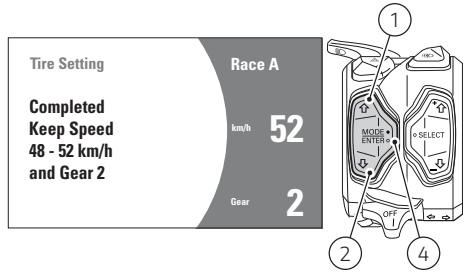


Fig 134

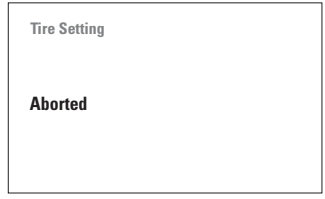


Fig 135

To reset to the default settings, use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Default**" and press button (4).
Now the instrument panel shows “Default Please Wait..” and after a while “Default Default Ok” for 2 seconds, then followed by the previous screen.

Note
If during the calibration procedure a vehicle key-off is performed, the procedure will stop and end with negative result.

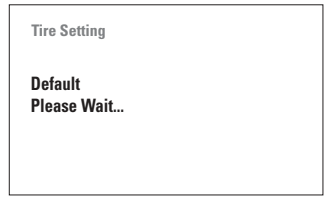


Fig 136

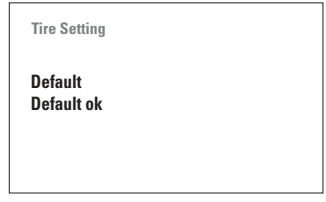


Fig 137

DRL light mode setting (DRL)

This function, active only if the DRL is available, allows the user to choose the DRL status: AUTO or MANUAL; the DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan versions.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select "**DRL**" option, by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is highlighted, press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Manual
- Auto
- ◀ Back

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the desired setting:

- by selecting "**AUTO**" the DRL lights, the high and/or low beams are automatically switched from the DAY mode to the NIGHT mode and vice versa according to the ambient light;
- by selecting "**Manual**" the automatic management of DRL lights is disabled.

Once the desired function is highlighted, press button (4) to set the selected mode.

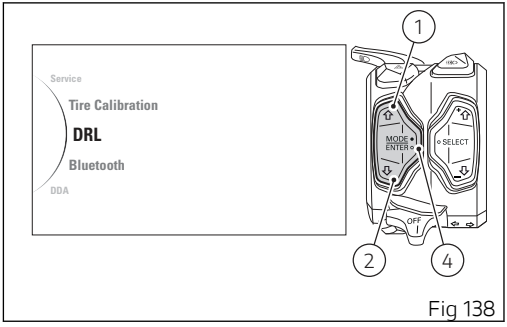


Fig 138

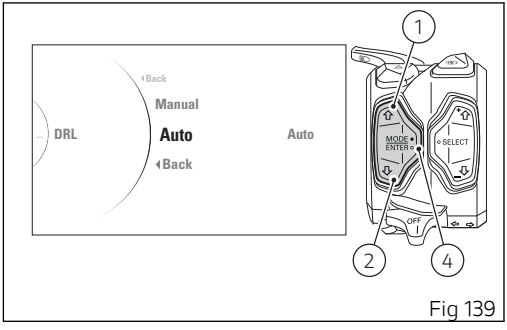


Fig 139

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Note

This setting (“AUTO” or “MANUAL”) remains stored even after Key-Off. In the event of an interruption of the power supply from the battery (Battery Off), when power is restored at the next Key-On, the mode will always be set by default to the “AUTO” mode.

Bluetooth device setting (Bluetooth)

This function allows the user to manage any paired Bluetooth devices and add more. This function is only available if the Bluetooth module is installed to the bike.

Enter the SETTING MENU.

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Bluetooth**" and press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Associated Devices
- Pairing
- ◀ Back

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the desired function:

- if "**Associated Devices**" is highlighted, press button (4) to view the list of associated Bluetooth devices, as described in paragraph "Associated devices display";
- if "**Pairing**" is highlighted, press button (4) to pair new devices, as described in paragraph "Search and paring of a new device".

Search and pairing of a new device (Pairing)

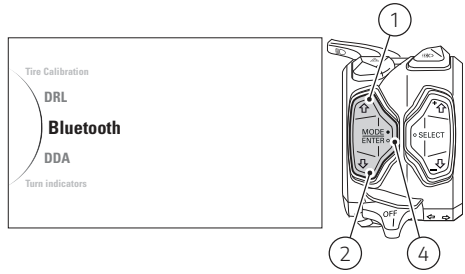


Fig 140

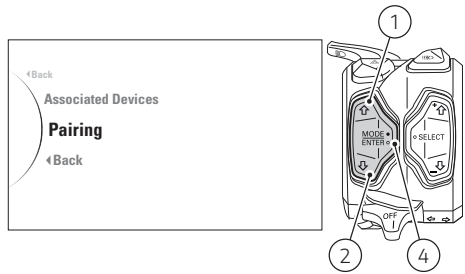


Fig 141

To perform the "Pairing" procedure of one or more Bluetooth devices it is necessary to set the device to ensure it can be detected by the control unit, so turn device on and make it visible to other devices.
A Bluetooth device in visible mode transmits a wireless signal allowing it to be detected by other devices. This function is called pairing mode.
The motorcycle can be equipped with a Bluetooth control unit that works as a hub between the various supported electronic devices relying on a Bluetooth communication interface.

Attention

Bluetooth Headset device manufacturers may incorporate certain changes within the standard protocols over the course of the lifecycle of the device (Smartphones and Earphones).

Attention

These changes are outside the control of Ducati and may result in Bluetooth Headset devices functionality becoming impaired (sharing Music, multimedia player, etc.) and may equally affect some types of Smartphones (depending on supported Bluetooth profiles). This is why Ducati cannot guarantee multimedia player proper operation for:

- any earphones not coming with the "Ducati Kit part no. 981029498";
- any Smartphones not supporting the required Bluetooth profiles (even though paired to earphones coming with the "Ducati Kit part no. 981029498").

Attention

In case of interference or noise due to particular conditions of the external environment, the Ducati earphone kit part no. 981029498 also allows sharing the music being played directly from rider helmet to passenger helmet (for further details please refer to the manual of the earphones coming with the Ducati kit part no. 981029498).

Note
The Ducati kit part no. 981029498 can be purchased separately at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

To perform pairing procedure use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Pairing**" and press button (4).
As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Smartphone
- Rider
- Passenger
- Navi
- ◀ Back

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the type of device for which you wish to start the device search procedure. Once the device is highlighted, press button (4).

To exit the menu highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

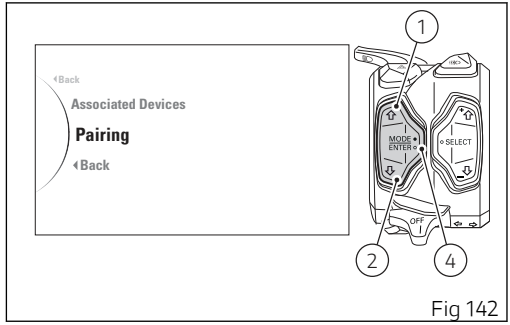


Fig 142

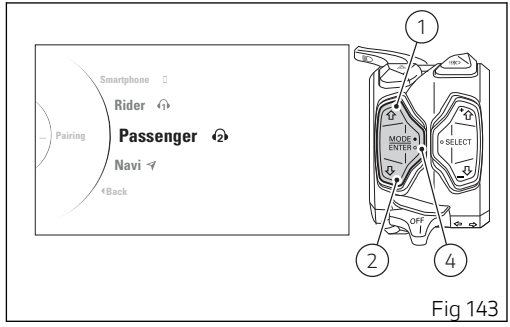


Fig 143

The instrument panel displays the relevant icon for each device type, namely:

- Smartphone
- Rider (Rider intercom)
- Passenger (Passenger intercom)
- Navi (navigator)

The instrument panel displays "Wait..." during device search phase. The pairing ends automatically when devices are detected within the range. This search phase takes 60 seconds.
At the end of this operation, a list of all found devices that can be paired is displayed: the list can show a maximum of 20 devices.

Note
The list of devices found within the range during the pairing stage does not include already paired devices even if their Bluetooth connection is ON.

With buttons (1) and (2) select the indication of the device you wish to pair.
Once the device is chosen, highlight it and press button (4).

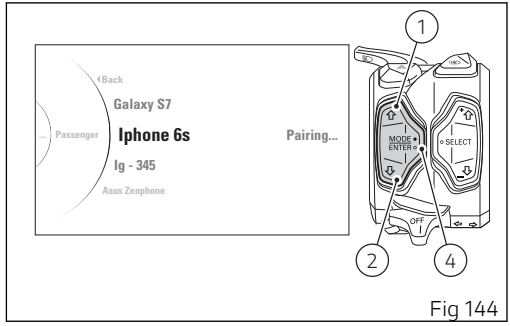


Fig 144

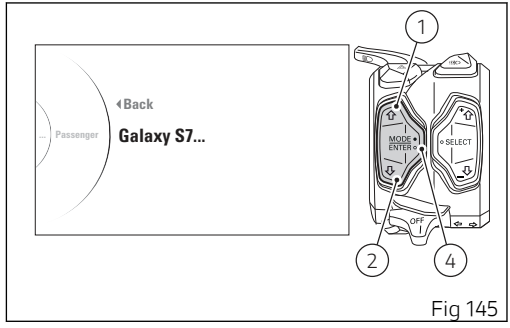


Fig 145

The instrument panel shows "Pairing": to confirm the selected device Pairing press button (4) again.
If you do not wish to proceed with pairing, highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).
By confirming the device pairing, the instrument panel will display “Wait...”.
As soon as the procedure is completed, the device is added to the list of associated devices.

If Pairing is not successful, the "Pairing error" message will be displayed.

If you wish to connect a Bluetooth navigator, the connection procedure shall be completed on the navigator, by selecting the connection with the motorcycle Bluetooth control unit. If user does not complete the pairing procedure on the Navigator side within 90 seconds, pairing procedure cannot be completed.

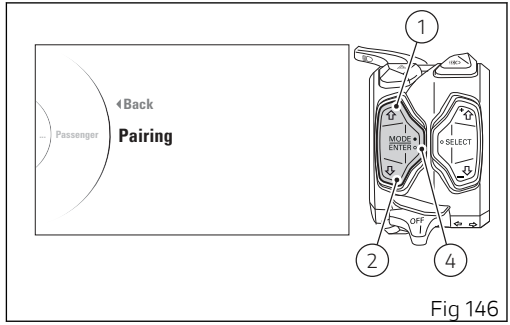


Fig 146

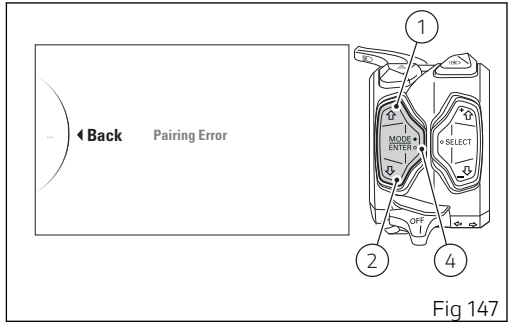


Fig 147

Associated Devices display

To view the devices already associated, access the SETTING MENU, use buttons (1) and (2) to select "Bluetooth" and press button (4). Use buttons (1) and (2) to select "**Associated Devices**" and press button (4).

A list of all associated devices is displayed: the list can show a maximum of 5 devices. For each device the relevant icon indicating the type is shown on the side.

To exit the menu highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

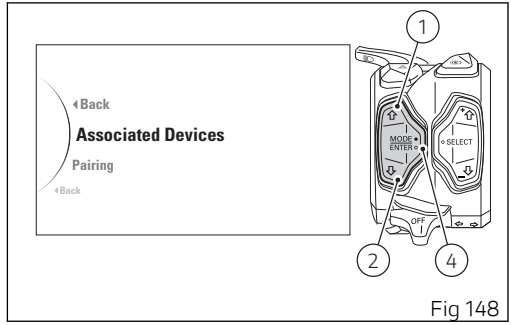


Fig 148

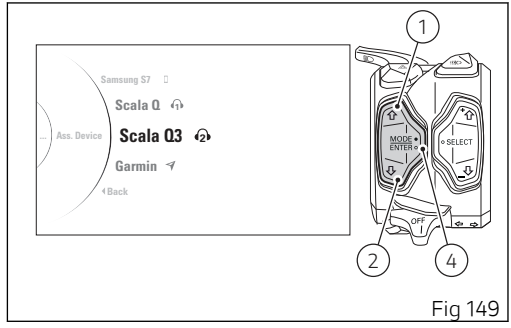


Fig 149

If no associated devices are present, the instrument panel will show “No Device”.

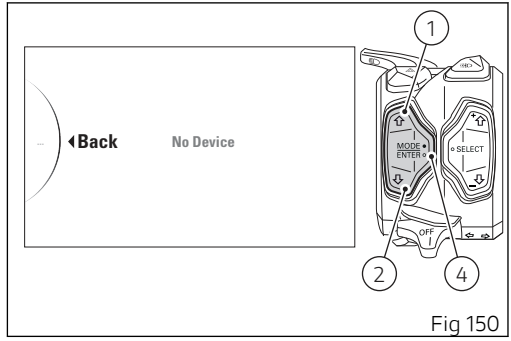


Fig 150

Deleting associated device(s)

This function allows the user to delete a device from the list of paired devices.
Access the already associated devices page, use buttons (1) and (2) to select "Associated Devices" and press button (4).

Use buttons (1) and (2) to highlight and select the device to be deleted from the list.
Press button (4).

The instrument panel shows "Delete" and press button (4) again to confirm.
If you do not wish to delete it, highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).
By confirming the device deletion, the instrument panel will display “Wait...”.
As soon as the procedure is completed, the device is removed from the list of associated devices.

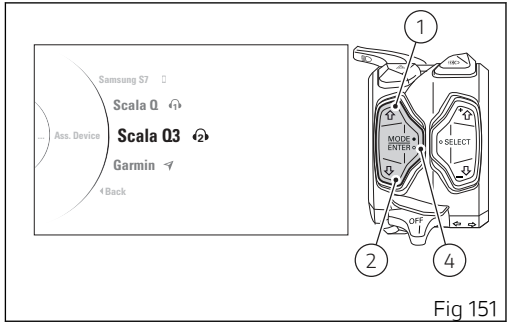


Fig 151

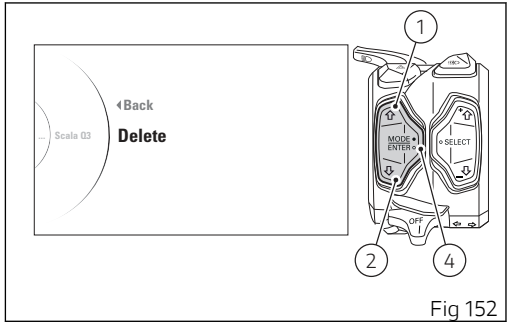


Fig 152

Attention

Ducati does not ensure a correct connection to the Ducati Multimedia System of Bluetooth navigators that are not provided in the following kits:

- Kit of Ducati Zumo satellite navigator 350
- Kit of Ducati Zumo satellite navigator 390
- Kit of Ducati Zumo satellite navigator 395

Note
The Ducati kits mentioned above can be purchased separately at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

DDA

This function allows you to enable and disable the DDA, view the percentage of memory used and to delete data stored in the DDA (Ducati Data Analyzer) memory.
The page for the DDA is only available when the device is fitted to the motorcycle.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select "**DDA**" option, by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is highlighted, press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Off
- On
- Memory
- ◀ Back

The currently set DDA status is also indicated on the right (e.g.: DDA Off).

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the desired setting:

- if "**Off**" is selected, press button (4) to deactivate DDA;
- if "**On**" is selected, press button (4) to activate DDA;

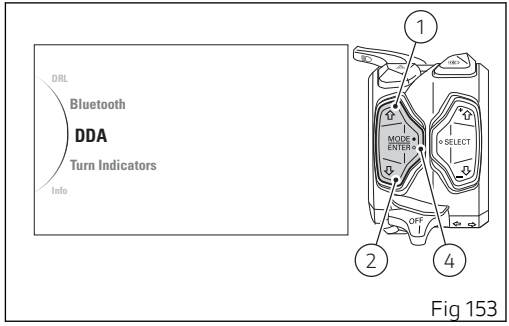


Fig 153

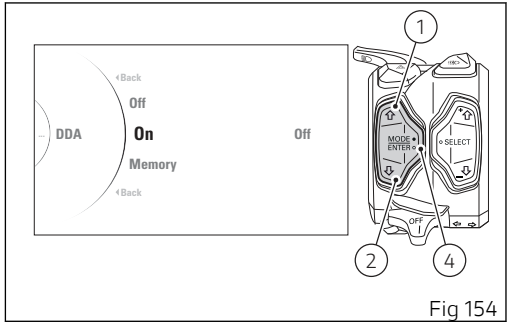


Fig 154

- if “**Memory**” is selected, press button (4) to display or delete DDA memory.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the " ◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Note
The DDA is automatically disabled by the instrument panel upon every Key-OFF.

Select “**Memory**” indication to display and/or delete data in DDA memory.
As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Erase (*).

The current DDA memory status is also displayed on the right as a percentage:

- when bar is empty and reads Empty 0%, DDA memory is not empty;
- when bar is partially coloured and a percentage is specified, DDA memory is full by the indicated percentage;
- when bar is completely coloured and reads Full 100%, DDA memory is completely full.

(*) The “Erase” indication is displayed only if DDA memory is not empty.

To delete the memory, use button (1) or (2) to select **Erase** and press button (4).
The instrument panel will show "Wait..." for as long as the deletion is completed (depending on the quantity of data to be deleted).
If deletion is successful, the instrument panel will read “Erase OK” for 3 seconds and refresh the

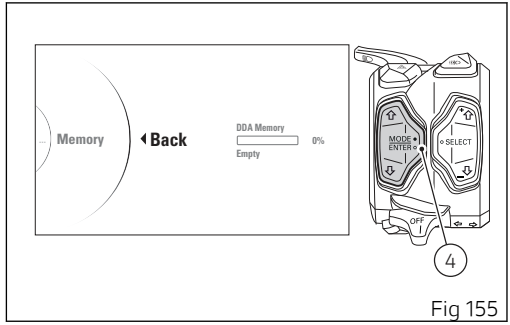


Fig 155

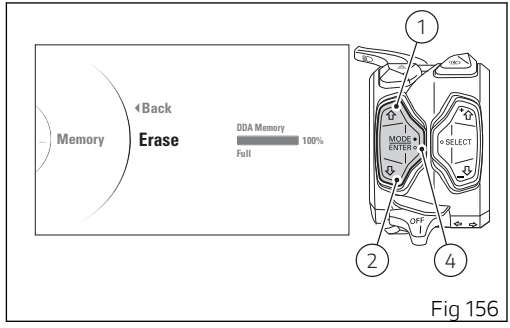


Fig 156

memory status displayed. If deletion is not successful, the instrument panel will still show memory used status.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Attention

Never leave DDA connected to wiring connector when the motorcycle is turned off, as the battery could run flat.

Turn indicator automatic switch-off feature (Turn indicators)

This Function allows user to set the strategy for automatically switching off the turn indicators based on lean angle, vehicle speed and distance run to automatic mode (AUTO) or manual mode (MANUAL).
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select "**Turn indicators**" by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is highlighted, press button (4).

As you enter this function, the instrument panel displays the following indications:

- ◀ Back
- Auto
- Manual
- ◀ Back

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select the desired setting:

- by selecting "**Auto**", the system activates the self-disabling strategy of the turn indicators;
- by selecting "**Manual**", the system disabled the self-disabling strategy of the turn indicators (so the turn indicators can be turned off manually only by pressing the dedicated button).

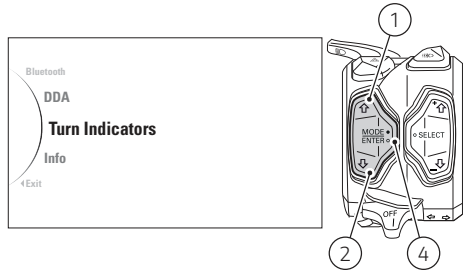


Fig 157

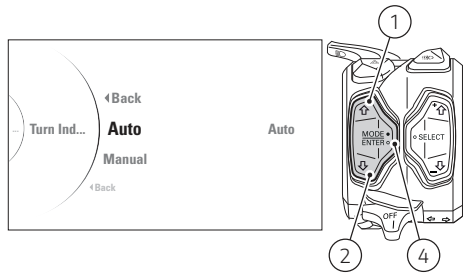


Fig 158

Once the desired function is highlighted, press button (4) to set the selected mode.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

Note
This setting (“AUTO” or “MANUAL”) remains stored even after Key-Off. In the event of an interruption of the power supply from the battery (Battery Off), when power is restored at the next Key-On, the mode will always be set by default to the “AUTO” mode.

Note
The strategy for automatically switching off the turn indicators is not active if all turn indicators are on at the same time (Hazard function).

Note
At any moment, if the instrument panel finds that the ABS control unit is in “error”, system will disable the set switch-off strategy (so turn indicators will not be cancelled automatically).

Information (Info)

This Function allows viewing the vehicle battery voltage and the RPM "digital" indication.
Enter the SETTING MENU.
Select "**Info**" option, by pressing button (1) or (2).
Once function is highlighted, press button (4).

When entering this function, the instrument panel displays:
- "Battery" with battery voltage value;
- "rpm" with the number of engine rpm in digital format.

To exit the menu and go back to previous page highlight the "◀ **Back**" indication and press button (4).

"Battery" information is displayed as follows:
- if the battery voltage is equal to or lower than 10.9 V, the "LOW" message will be displayed in red and flashing;
- if battery voltage is between 11.0 V and 11.7 V the reading will be displayed in red and flashing;
- if battery voltage is between 11.8 V and 14.9 V the reading will be displayed steadily with the battery icon on a standard background;

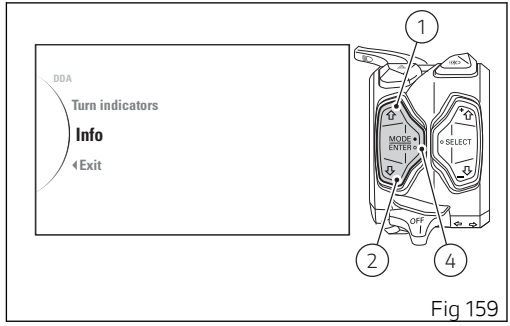


Fig 159

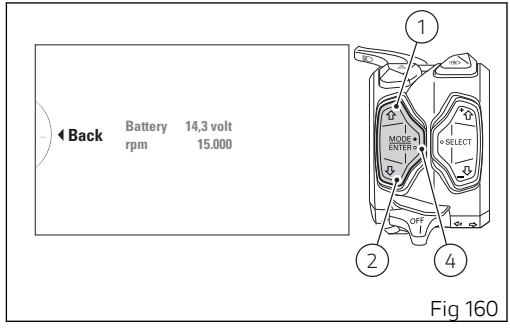


Fig 160

- if battery voltage is between 15.0 V and 16.0 V the reading will be displayed in red and flashing;
- if the battery voltage is equal to or higher than 16.1 V, "HIGH" will be displayed in red and flashing.

The engine "rpm" indication in digital format is recommended for improved accuracy when setting idle rpm.
The display shows the numerical value of the engine rpm with a precision of 50 rpm.
If the instrument panel is not receiving RPM value, a string of five steady dashes "- - - - -" is displayed to indicate an undefined reading.

Assisted start (Launch Control - DPL)

This Function allows activating the assisted start function (called DPL - Ducati Power Launch).

By pressing button (12) it is possible to access the Launch Control menu only if the vehicle speed is equal to or less than 5 Km/h (3 mph).

In the Launch Control menu, it is possible to select the desired DPL level (1, 2, 3) by pressing buttons (1) and (2), and to set the selected level by keeping button (4) pressed for 2 seconds.

Note

If no change is made in this menu within ten seconds, the instrument panel will set DPL to OFF and go back to the previous screen.

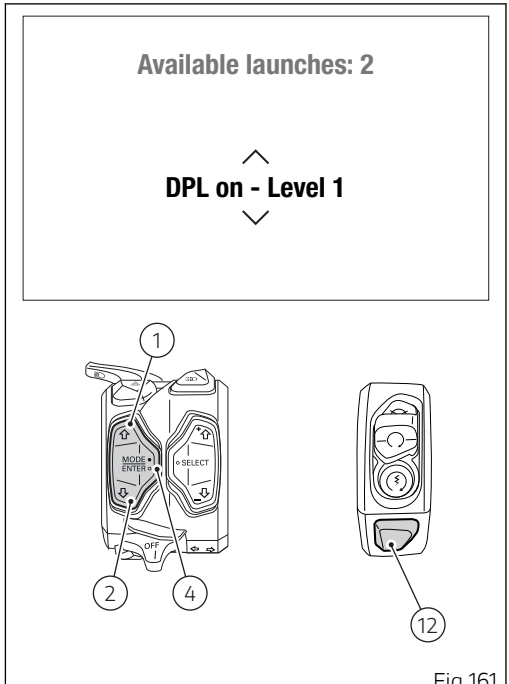


Fig 161

Once the DPL level is set, the instrument panel shows the wait screen for 1 second (Fig 162): during this time, if you press button (4) the wait phase is interrupted and the instrument panel displays the main screen and sets the DPL to OFF.

Then the instrument panel shows the "assisted launch" screen (Fig 163).

After the assisted start, the instrument panel sets the DPL to OFF and shows the "main screen" again. The DPL is set to OFF by default by Ducati.

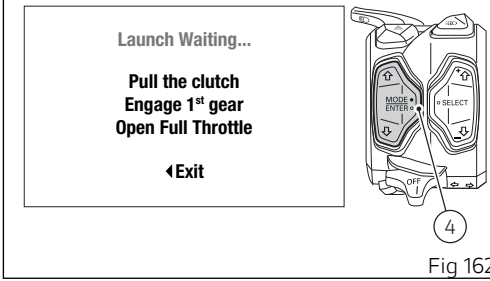


Fig 162

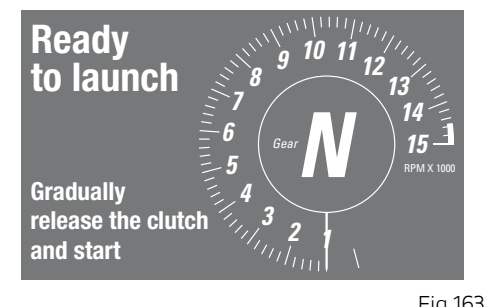


Fig 163

Note
If the DTC is set to "OFF", the DPL function can not be activated.

If the DTC is set to OFF and you press button (12), the instrument panel shows for 5 seconds the indication DTC OFF – DPL NOT AVAILABLE; when the 5 seconds are over, the instrument panel goes back to the main screen.

Note
If the instrument panel detects a control unit error when entering the DPL menu, regardless of the currently set display mode, it will show the blinking message LAUNCH CONTROL ERROR for three seconds and then again the main screen.

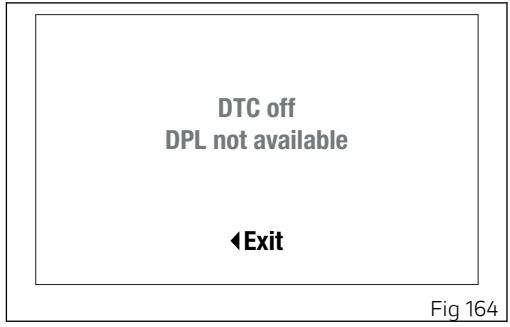


Fig 164

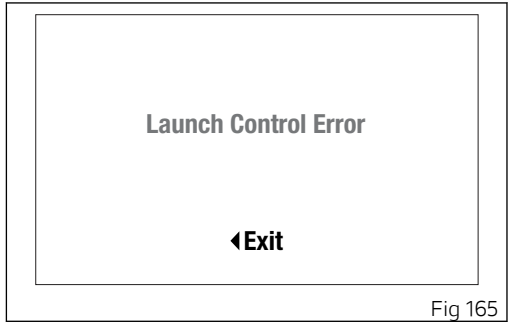


Fig 165

Note
If the available launches are finished, the instrument panel shows the message NO LAUNCHES AVAILABLE.



Fig 166

The Ducati Power Launch (DPL) helps the rider in the delicate sport starting phase from a standstill to control the power delivered by the vehicle.
The DPL system works with three intervention levels, each calibrated to offer a different start assist degree. The following table indicates the most suitable DPL intervention level depending on the various starting types. All levels are to be intended optimised for OEM (Original Equipment Manufactured) tyres.

DPL level	Performance	Use
1	High	Use focused on the best performance for very expert riders. The system allows the wheelie and the rear wheel slipping, but reduces the speed at which these two situations take place.
2	Medium	Use for expert riders. The system reduces the tendency to wheelie and rear wheel slipping, besides intervening considerably in case these two situations take place.
3	Medium	Use for all kinds of riders. The system minimises the tendency to wheelie and rear wheel slipping, besides intervening considerably in case these two situations take place.

Attention

The DPL system is to be used exclusively on straight and level paths, on optimal grip conditions of the road.
The DPL system is conceived to be used within a controlled environment or in a closed circuit. For safety reasons it must not be used in unsuitable places.

Starting procedure

The starting procedure basically consists of two phases:

- The first: with completely released clutch so that the torque transmitted to the ground depends on the clutch position and slipping;
- The second: with clutch not released so that the torque transmitted to the ground depends on the torque delivered by the engine.

The DPL system helps the rider to start from a standstill and during the first phase by automatically adjusting the torque delivered by the engine to keep the engine rpm at the ideal value to start. This allows the rider to concentrate only on the clutch release that must be progressive and "smooth" instead of fast or abruptly. The engine torque is adjusted also in the second phase, by maximising the delivered power and limiting the vehicle wheeling or rear wheel slipping.
To preserve the clutch, the DPL system calculates in real time and shows in the dedicated menu on the instrument panel the number of starts that can be performed consecutively by decreasing it by one unit every time a start is completed. The DPL system increases the value by one unit according to the distance covered by the vehicle and the time during which the vehicle engine was on and off.
The DPL system allows performing other assisted starts only when the number of remaining starts is higher than zero.

Attention

Using the DPL system could reduce the useful life of the engine and transmission mechanical parts.
The DPL system should be used only when the engine has reached the operating temperature.

To perform an assisted start with the DPL, the rider must first of all set the vehicle in the following condition:

- vehicle speed at zero;
- vertical position;
- engine on;
- DTC set to ON.

If the count of the residual assisted starts is above zero, the rider can select on the instrument panel the desired DPL level by accessing the relevant menu through the dedicated button.
After selecting the level, the rider must pull the clutch, engage the first gear and fully open the throttle twistgrip.

If all operations indicated above have been performed, the DPL system will show a confirmation screen on the instrument panel indicating that the system is ready to start.
The rider must then release the clutch progressively by keeping the throttle twistgrip fully open.
When the vehicle speed exceeds 20 km/h, the instrument panel shows the standard screen while keeping the indication of the selected DPL system level for the entire duration of the start phase.

The DPL system is switched off when one of the following conditions is met after completely releasing the clutch:
- vehicle speed higher than 160 km/h;
- third gear engaged.

The DPL system is switched off also if, after releasing the clutch, the rider decides to interrupt the start phase by closing the throttle and bringing the vehicle speed under 5 km/h.

Attention
The system manages the power delivered by the engine but not the clutch lever release that remains under the control of the rider.
During the starting phase, an abrupt release of the clutch will prevent an optimal behaviour of the vehicle. Likewise, a prolonged activation of the clutch may overheat and thus damage it.

Attention
The rider position on the bike may influence the system behaviour.

Tips on how to select the intervention level
If level 3 is set, the DPL system intervenes by reducing the tendency to wheelie or rear wheel slipping during the starting phase. Levels 2 and 1 provide a limited intervention of the system.

To identify the DPL level most suitable to your riding style we recommend to activate the system, select level 3 and perform a start to become familiar with the system. Then we recommend to try levels 2 and 1 in sequence until finding the best intervention.

If non-OEM tyres of a different size class are used or if the tyre size differs significantly from the original tyres, it may be that the system operation is compromised.

As far as tyres are concerned, in the case of minor differences such as, for example, tyres of a different make and/or model than the OE ones, it is necessary to use the relevant automatic calibration function in order to restore correct system operation.

Attention

The DPL is a rider assist system. The system is designed to make riding easier and to enhance safety, but in no way relieves the rider of the obligation to drive responsibly and to maintain a high standard of riding in order to avoid accidents, whether caused by his own errors or those of other road users, through making emergency manoeuvres, in accordance with the prescriptions of the road traffic code.
The rider must always be aware that active safety systems have a preventive function. The active elements help the rider control the motorcycle, making it as easy and safe to ride as possible. The presence of an active safety system should not encourage the rider to ride at speeds beyond the reasonable limits, not in accordance with the road conditions, the laws of physics, good riding standards and the requirements of the road traffic code.

LAP Time

The LAP function and the relevant Lap time recording are only available in the Track Info Mode. According to whether the GPS is installed or not, the motorcycle can have two types of LAPs:

- LAP BASIC if the GPS is missing or not installed on the motorcycle in the basic version
- LAP EVO (with sessions and intertimes) if the motorcycle is equipped with the GPS EVO

For both types of LAP, upon the function activation the display shows:

- the timer at 0'00.00;
- the LAP number starting from "Lap --/60" in case of LAP BASIC;
- the current session number starting with "Session 1" and the LAP number starting with "Lap --/60", in case of LAP EVO.

LAP BASIC without GPS module

If there is no GPS module on the motorcycle, timer can be started and stopped by pressing the FLASH button after activating the LAP function:

- when pressing FLASH once, both timer (that starts) and lap number (which will become “Lap 01”) will flash for 1 second;
- when pressing the FLASH button some more times, the just recorded time and lap will flash for one second and remain displayed for another 5 seconds; after this period of time the function displays again the timer and lap progressive number.

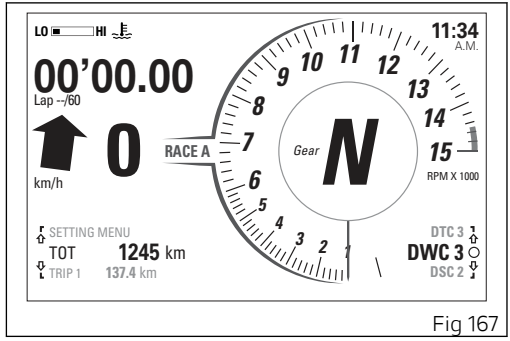


Fig 167

For each lap, the following data are stored:

- Lap time;
- maximum reached speed;
- maximum reached rpm.

Note

It is possible to record maximum of 60 LAPs.

Note

The FLASH button is not considered if pressed within 5 seconds from when a new lap is recorded.

LAP BASIC with GPS module

If there is a GPS module on the motorcycle, the timer start and stop is managed automatically by the instrument panel after activating the LAP function. The display shows GPS (A) symbol further to timer and lap number.

When lap one starts, press FLASH to start the timer: both timer (that starts) and lap number (that will become “Lap 01”) will flash for 1 second. At the same time, the instrument panel stores finish-line position via the GPS control unit and activates the symbol (B): all the following laps will be directly recorded by the instrument panel and the FLASH button is no longer used for the timer start/stop function.
Any time the bike reaches the finish-line position as recorded by the instrument panel, the just recorded time and lap will flash for one second and remain displayed for another 5 seconds; after this period of time the function displays again the timer and lap progressive number.

For each lap, the following data are stored:
- Lap time;
- maximum reached speed;
- maximum reached rpm.

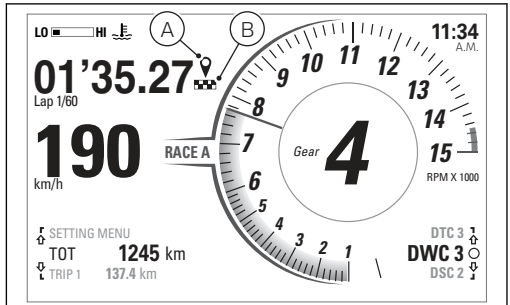


Fig 168

Note
It is possible to record maximum of 60 LAPs.

LAP EVO

If the bike is equipped with the GPS EVO module, the LAP EVO function is enabled.

Unlike the LAP BASIC, the LAP EVO allows recording the position of the finish-line and 2 intertimes. Once the finish-line and intertime coordinates are recorded, the LAPs are managed by the GPS.

The instrument panel displays the status of the GPS receiver, if it is installed on the motorcycle, with a symbol that is:

- active in case of correctly acquired position and correct satellite reception;
- active, and red, in case of faulty GPS device;
- disabled in case of position non acquired and impossible satellite reception.

To set the finish-line and the intertime coordinates it is necessary to:

- position the bike on the finish-line and press the FLASH button to record the coordinates; the symbol (B) is displayed;
- position the bike on the first intertime and press the FLASH button to record the coordinates; the symbol (C) is displayed;

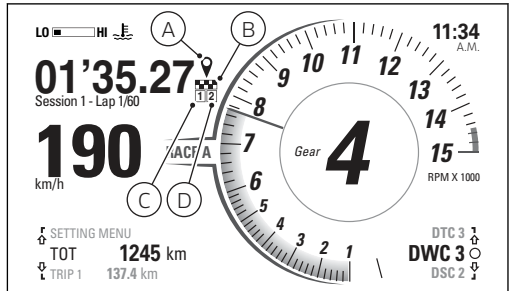


Fig 169

- position the bike on the second intertime and press the FLASH button to record the coordinates; the symbol (D) is displayed.

The set coordinates remain recorded also after a key-off.

To change the coordinates of one or more positions, repeat the recording procedure described above by respecting the order: FINISH-LINE – INTERTIME 1 – INTERTIME 2.

The coordinates are deleted automatically when the instrument panel detects that the motorcycles

moves by more than 15 km away from the memorised coordinates.

The LAP EVO allows recording maximum 60 LAPs that can be divided into up to 6 sessions
Upon each key-on, when the LAP function is activated, the instrument panel enables a new session.
Once session 6 is reached, in case of key-on the instrument panel continues the LAP recording in session 6.
When the 60th LAP is reached, the display will show “FULL”.
To delete the recorded sessions and laps, refer to chapter "Lap".
For each lap time, the LAP EVO function allows recording the following parameters:

- Lap time
- intertime 1
- intertime 2
- maximum reached speed detected through GPS EVO
- maximum reached rpm
- maximum reached lean angle
- maximum yaw angle

The following notes are to be considered valid for all LAP types.



Note

If bike speed is equal to 0, after 5 seconds from lap time recording start, the instrument panel stops the time recording by resetting the timer.



Note

If during a time recording the motorcycle is stopped or the speed goes below 5 km/h (3 mph), the instrument panel stops the recording and resets the timer automatically.



Note

Any time you record a new lap time, if it is better than those previously memorised, the lap timer flashes quickly for 6 seconds, otherwise the timer flashes quickly only for 1 second. Best lap time is calculated only if at least 2 lap times have been recorded.



Note

If the LAP function is active, the instrument panel memorises the status upon the key-off. If the key is turned off during a Lap time recording, upon the next key-on the instrument panel stops and resets the timer.



Note

When the timer is started, if the time exceeds 07'59.99, it is reset and starts the count from 00'00.00.

Infotainment

The Panigale V4 can fit the Ducati Multimedia System (DMS) only when the Bluetooth control unit is available (not present in this model); thanks to the DMS system the user can answer phone calls, select and listen to music tracks, and receive SMS notifications by means of the Bluetooth technology. In this model the Bluetooth control unit which is not present, can be purchased at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Note

Download the Ducati Link app available for iOS and Android devices to activate different services such as: journey recording, motorbike data saving, motorbike maintenance data consultation, parameter setting and much more.

The instrument panel displays the Infotainment function status: Bluetooth activation and any connected devices (smartphone, earphones, navigator).

When the Bluetooth is active, the main screen displays the Bluetooth icon.
Furthermore, the Infotainment functions can be viewed in the dedicated menus:

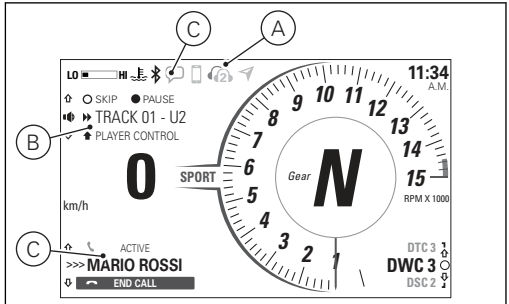


Fig 170

- Connected devices (A);
- Player (B) visible only in ROAD mode (Info Mode);
- Telephone (C).

If Bluetooth is active, apart from the Bluetooth icon, also associated and/or connected device indication is displayed, such as:

1) Smartphone connected;
2) Rider helmet earphones connected;
3) Passenger helmet earphones connected;
4) Rider helmet earphones connected and passenger helmet earphones associated;
5) Passenger helmet earphones connected and rider helmet earphones associated;
6) Rider helmet and passenger helmet earphones connected;
7) Ducati GPS navigator connected.

In general, for all the devices, if the icon is grey, the device is associated but not connected; if the icon is blue, the device is connected.
It is possible to connect up to a maximum of 4 devices.

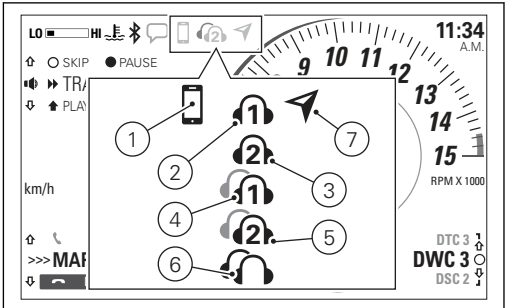


Fig 171

Phone

Use the PHONE function:

- to manage incoming calls by means of button (1), button (2) and button (4);
- to recall the last calling number within 5 seconds from call interruption (RECALL function);
- to recall any of the last 7 calling numbers from the list under CALLS function (page 92).

Note

It is not possible to make a call by selecting the name/number from the contact list through the function buttons.

To answer the call, press button (1).
To reject the call, press button (2).
To end the call once accepted, press button (2).

If there is an incoming call while the Player is active, the latter is paused throughout the phone call and will resume operation when call is over.

During 5 seconds after hang-up, the rectangle corresponding to the Recall function is activated to allow the recall. After this 5 second time, the rectangle of the Recall function is disabled.
To activate the Recall function within the 5 seconds, press button (1).

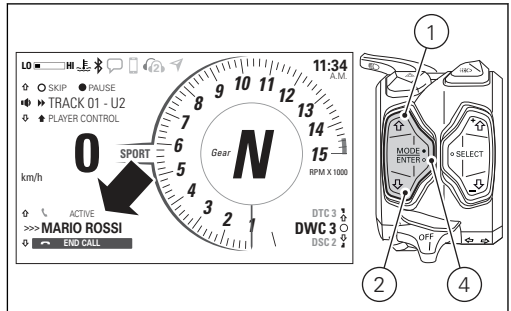


Fig 172

Note

If a call is in progress and the instrument panel shows the missed call symbol, current call view has higher priority over the missed call.

In case of missed calls from the moment the smartphone is connected to the bike to the moment it is disconnected, the missed call symbol will be displayed.
The number of missed calls is not displayed.

In case there is at least one SMS/MMS/EMAIL not read from the moment the smartphone is connected to the bike to the moment it is disconnected, the unread message symbol will be displayed.
The number of unread messages is not displayed.

Both symbols flash for 3 seconds and then stay steady on the instrument panel for 57 seconds.

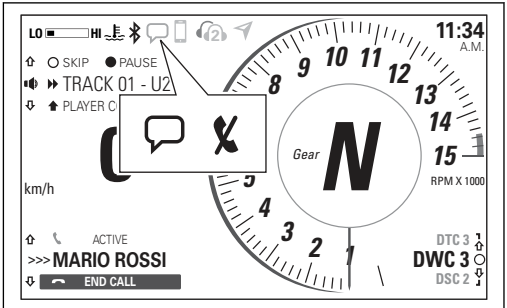


Fig 173

Player

If one Smartphone is connected, the Function Menu will show the PLAYER function.
Use button (1) or (2) to scroll the Function Menu and view the PLAYER function in ROAD layout (Info Mode) only.

If Player is not active, the instrument panel displays “PLAYER OFF”.
Press button (4) to switch it on. The instrument panel shows “PLAYER ON” and displays the Player menu above the speed value.
To deactivate the player menu display, keep button (2) pressed for 2 seconds.

If Player is active, the instrument panel displays “PLAYER ON”.
To display the Player menu, keep button (1) pressed for 2 seconds.
To turn off the Player press button (4), the instrument panel will now display “PLAYER OFF”.

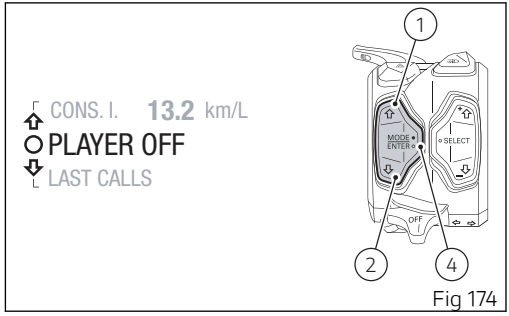


Fig 174

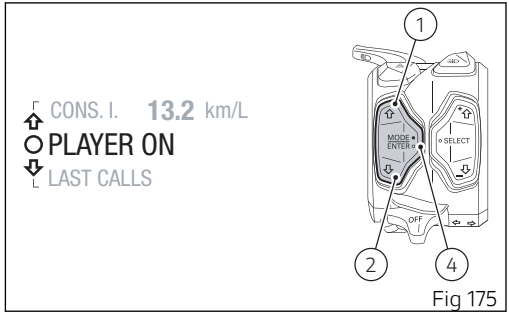


Fig 175

Note

The Player function cannot be activated when a call is incoming, in progress or in recall. If the smartphone is disconnected, player is turned off.

When the Player is turned on, within Player control page (Fig 176), button (1), button (2) and button (4) can only be used to control the Player:

- Volume up: Press button (1) once.
- Volume down: Press button (2) once.
- Pause / Play: Press button (4) for 2 seconds.
- Skip / Next track: Press button (4) once. Each press corresponds to a track skipped.

Press button (2) for 2 seconds to quit Player menu while maintaining the Player ON. The instrument panel will display “PLAYER ON” in the Function Menu but will deactivate the Player menu (Fig 176). After quitting Player controls:

- Player and its volume can no longer be controlled via the instrument panel;
- button (1), button (2) and button (4) have the normal functions.

After quitting player menu press button (4) to turn Player off. The instrument panel shows "PLAYER OFF” (Fig 174).

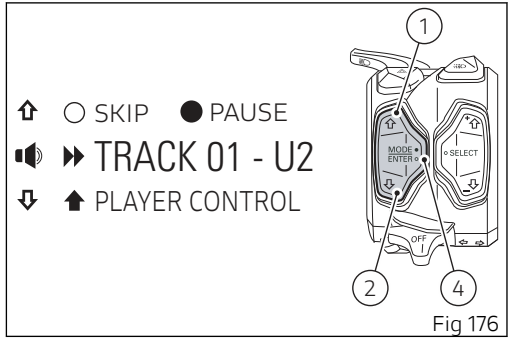


Fig 176

F.A.Q.

1) Why don't I receive any notification of received e-mails?

E-mails are notified only if configured on the telephone source application. Check also that your phone supports the MAP profile.
If so, the DUCATI MULTIMEDIA SYSTEM, during the pairing phase, will send an access request to such profile which can be notified to the user explicitly (depending on the operating system) by requesting access authorisation to message notifications.

2) Why don't I receive any notification of received messages?

Check that your phone supports the MAP profile.
If so, the DUCATI MULTIMEDIA SYSTEM, during the pairing phase, will send an access request to such profile which can be notified to the user explicitly (depending on the operating system) by requesting access authorisation to message notifications.

3) Earphones do not connect. Why?

If they have been already paired once, we recommend resetting the earphones and pair them again with the motorcycle (see earphones instruction manual).

4) When I receive a call, the instrument panel displays the caller number but not the name (despite being saved in the contact list).

Check that the phone supports the PBAP profile.
If so, the DUCATI MULTIMEDIA SYSTEM, during the pairing phase, will send an access request to such profile which can be notified to the user explicitly (depending on the operating system) by requesting access authorisation to the phone contact list.

5) By activating the Player through the instrument panel, music does not start.

The activation depends on the phone settings. In this case, after activating the Player through the instrument panel, also start the music application on your Smartphone.

6) It happens that the music is played with continuous interruptions.

If the devices have just been connected, it may be that the Bluetooth control unit is still completing the connection phase with the concerned devices. It is furthermore necessary to activate the PBAP and MAP profiles. Therefore, in case of iOS, please refer to point 7). In case of Android, please refer to points 2)4)

7) I do not receive any message notification on my iPhone. Why?
Select Bluetooth in the Setting Menu. In the list "My devices" select "i" next to "Ducati Media System". Flag "Show notifications".

Heated handgrips

This function allows enabling and adjusting the heated handgrips, if any.
The heated handgrip status is indicated by the relevant symbol.
To enable and set the level of the heated handgrips, press button (10) (see chapter “Function buttons”).
Every time the button is pressed, the level goes from OFF to LOW, MED and HIGH up to “OFF”.
The heated handgrips actually warm up when the engine is started and the icon corresponding to the set level is activated:

- GREEN for LOW
- YELLOW for MED
- RED for HIGH

Note
In case of battery disconnection, the level is set to OFF.

Note
If the handgrips are activated and the engine is stopped, the handgrips are disabled and the relevant icon colour will change, despite the indication remaining active. Heating will automatically be reactivated when engine is started again.

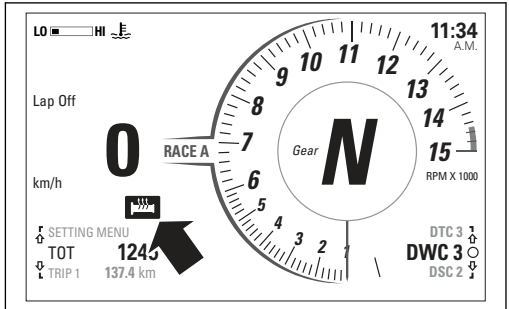


Fig 177

Note
Handgrip heating requires a high current draw which, at low engine rpm, might result in the battery getting soon flat. If the battery is not fully charged (voltage below 13.2 V) handgrip heating is disabled to ensure engine start-up ability; it will automatically activate again when battery voltage is above the specified value.

DRL automatic mode indication

This function indicates if the DRL light is set to "AUTO" or "MANUAL".

Through the setting menu it is possible to change the control mode of the DRL light, refer to the chapter "Setting menu - DRL light mode setting - (DRL)."

If the DRL light is set to "AUTO":

- with low beam on and DRL off, the indication (1, Fig 179) is shown;
- with low beam off and DRL on, the indication (2, Fig 179) is shown on a green background in "DAY" mode, or coloured in green in "NIGHT" mode.

If the DRL light is set to "MANUAL":

- with low beam on and DRL off, no indication is shown;
- with low beam off and DRL on, the indication (3, Fig 179) is shown on a green background in "DAY" mode, or coloured in green in "NIGHT" mode.

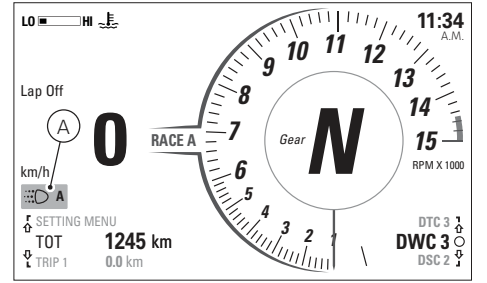


Fig 178

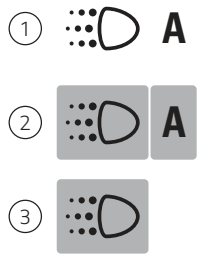


Fig 179

OIL SERVICE zero warning

The first service warning is the OIL SERVICE zero and is triggered as soon as the odometer reaches the first 1,000 km (600 mi). Warning is displayed until "Reset" by the Ducati authorised service centre, during maintenance.

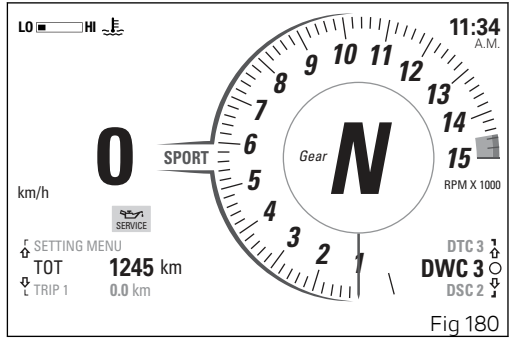


Fig 180

OIL SERVICE or ANNUAL SERVICE or DESMO SERVICE indication

When the service threshold is reached, the warning for the type of service required is triggered:

- OIL SERVICE (A);
- ANNUAL SERVICE (B);
- DESMO SERVICE (C).

Required service warning is triggered and displayed in yellow until "Reset" by the Ducati Authorised Service Centre, during maintenance.

Whenever the instrument panel is switched on, the warning is shown in the large format (D, Fig 182) for the first 5 seconds, and the goes back to the small format (E, Fig 182).

It is possible to view in the Setting menu the deadlines for the SERVICE (Oil Service in Km or miles, Desmo Service in Km or miles and Annual Service in year/month/day): see “Service thresholds display (Service)” page 179.

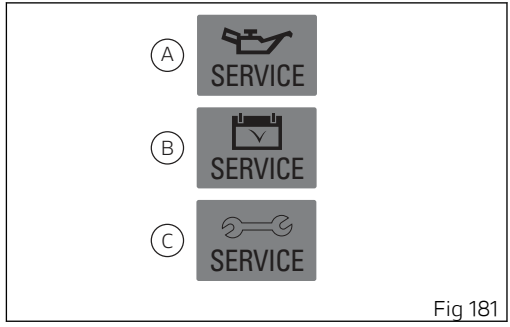


Fig 181

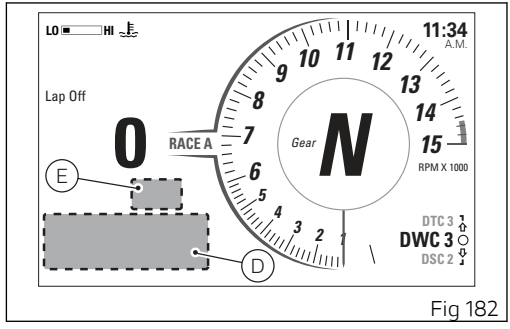


Fig 182

OIL SERVICE or ANNUAL SERVICE or DESMO SERVICE countdown indication

After OIL SERVICE zero indication first reset (at 1,000 km - 600 mi), the instrument panel activates the following indications in grey for 5 seconds upon Key-ON:

- The OIL SERVICE (A) indication with the count of the mileage in kilometres (miles) instead of the odometer (TOT), 1000 km (600 mi) earlier than the service threshold;
- The ANNUAL SERVICE (B) indication with the count of the days remaining to the due service, displayed instead of the odometer (TOT);
- The DESMO SERVICE (C) indication with the count of the mileage in kilometres (miles) instead of the odometer (TOT), 1000 km (600 mi) earlier than the service threshold;

It is possible to view in the Setting menu the deadlines for the SERVICE (Oil Service in Km or miles, Desmo Service in Km and Annual Service in year/month/day): see “Service thresholds display (Service Info)” page 179.

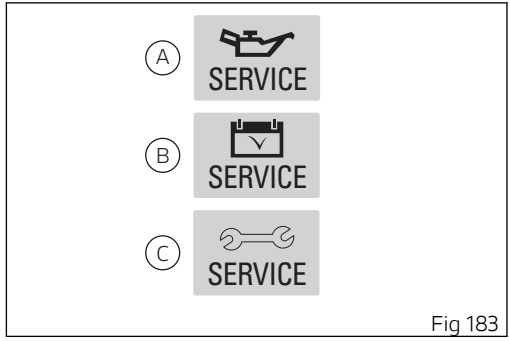


Fig 183

Warnings/Alarms (WARNING)

The instrument panel manages a number of warnings / alarms, aimed at giving useful information to the rider during use.
Upon Key-On, if there are active warnings the instrument panel displays the indication of the present warnings.
During normal vehicle operation, when a warning is triggered the instrument panel automatically displays the warning. When a warning is triggered, the indication remains well visible for 3 seconds ("large" icon) then becomes smaller ("small" icon).
If several live warnings are present, the corresponding icons will be displayed one after the other and every one will stay on for 3 seconds.

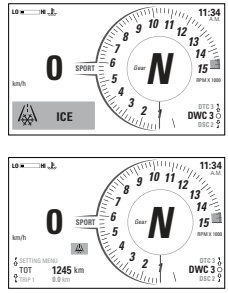


Fig 184

Ice on the road indication (ICE)

This function warns the rider when there might be ice on the road, due to the low external temperature. This warning turns on when temperature drops to 4°C (39°F) and turns off when temperature rises to 6°C (43°F).

Attention

This warning does not eliminate the possibility of icy road areas even with temperatures above 4°C (39°F); when ambient temperature is "low", ride responsibly, especially on road areas not exposed to sunlight and/or on bridges.

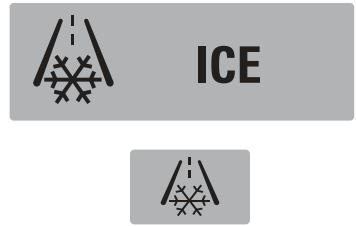


Fig 185

Low battery indication (LOW Battery)
This function warns the user that the status of the vehicle battery is low.
Warning is activated when battery voltage is lower than/equal to 11.0 Volt.

Note
In this case, Ducati recommends charging battery in the shortest delay using the special instrument as engine could not be started.

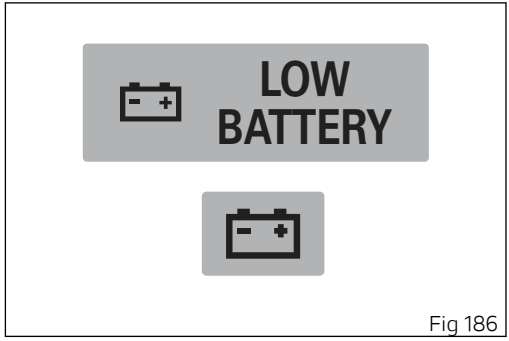


Fig 186

Date setting

This function prompts the user to enter the date via the Setting Menu.

Note

In this case Ducati recommends to stop and enter the calendar date using the function "Date setting (Date and Clock)".

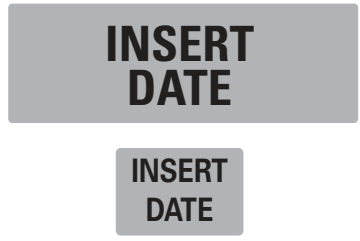


Fig 187

ABS Front Only
When this warning is activated, it is necessary to ride carefully because the ABS setting in use only controls the front wheel braking.
This warning is activated whenever ABS level 1 is selected.

Attention
In this case, Ducati recommends paying particular attention to the riding style and the braking mode.

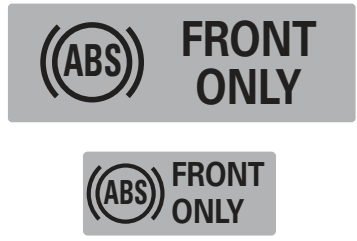


Fig 188

Error indication

The instrument panel manages error warnings in order to allow the rider to identify any abnormal motorcycle behaviour in real time.
Upon vehicle Key-On, in case of active errors on the instrument panel, the MIL light (A) or the Generic Error light (B) will turn on.
During normal operation, when an error is triggered, the instrument panel turns on the MIL light (B) or the Generic Error light (A).

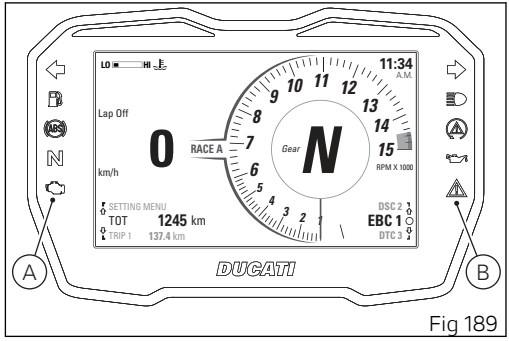


Fig 189

Attention

When one or more errors are displayed, always contact a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

Viewing side stand status

The instrument panel receives information on side stand status and if side stand is down/open, the icon "SIDE STAND" is displayed on a red background.
In case of side stand sensor fault, the instrument panel will display the stand down/up indication with MIL light turns on (warning light 9, see “Instrument panel”).
If instrument panel does not receive side stand status, stand down/open “SIDE STAND” indication will flash to indicate an undefined status.

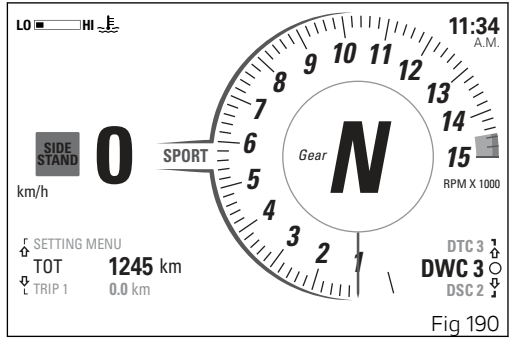


Fig 190

Light control

Low / High beam

At Key-On, the high beam and low beam lights are OFF: only the parking lights and the DRL light are turned on (DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan versions).
After starting the engine the high beam is automatically turned on if the AUTO mode is set and the instrument panel detects poor ambient light (NIGHT): if, on the other hand, the instrument panel detects good light conditions (DAY), the DRL light remains on and the low beam remains off; it is possible to switch the DRL light to low beam (and vice versa) with button (9).
It the low beam is activated, it is possible to switch on the high beam by pressing button (3), positions (A) and (B). If engine is not started upon key-on, it is anyway possible to switch high/low beams on by pushing button (3) position (C) on LH switch.
If within 60 seconds from the "manual" switching on of the low / high beam the engine is not started, the lights are disabled again (off).

Light switching-off during vehicle starting

To preserve the motorcycle battery, if when starting the engine the high/low beams or the DRL lights are

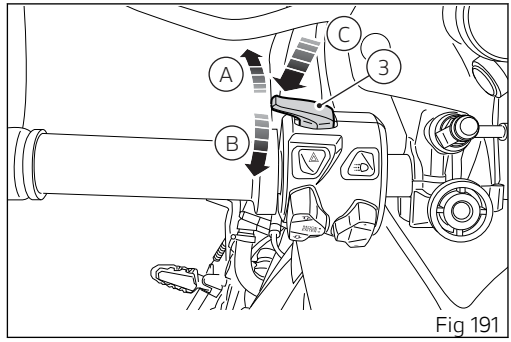


Fig 191

ON, the headlight is automatically switched off and then on again when the engine is started.

DRL (Daytime Running Light)
Upon Key-On, the DRL lights are turned on (DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan versions). It is possible to switch off the DRL lights by means of button (9) on the left-hand switch. By pressing button (9) again, the DRL lights are switched on again.

Note

Every time button (9) is pressed, the DRL light automatically switches to MANUAL mode. To go back to the AUTO mode, turn the Key Off and On or set the AUTO mode by means of the DRL CONTROL function in the Setting Menu.

By pressing button (3), the high and low beams are turned on whereas the DRL light is turned off. Upon releasing the button (3), the DRL light is automatically switched on again.

DRL in AUTO mode
If the DRL is in this mode, when starting the engine it automatically switches off and the low beam is activated if the instrument panel detects poor light conditions (NIGHT). If the instrument panel detects good light conditions (DAY), the DRL remains on and the low beam off: in this mode, the instrument panel

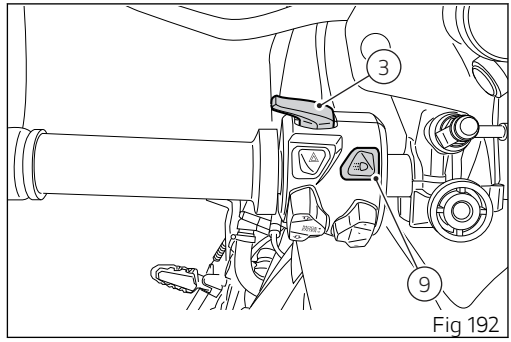


Fig 192

automatically switches from the DRL light to the low beam and vice versa, according to the detected ambient light conditions. The display shows the green logo with letter A.

Attention

Using the DRL light in AUTO (automatic) mode in case of poor light conditions, especially in case of fog or clouds, could impair safety: in this case DUCATI recommends to manually activate the low beam.

DRL in MANUAL mode

If the DRL light is in this mode, it does not change status when starting the engine. To switch on or off the DRL light it is necessary to press button (9). The display shows the yellow logo with letter M.



Attention

Using the DRL light in poor light conditions (dark) could compromise the riding visibility and dazzle who is coming on the opposite lane.



Note

Using the DRL light during the day improves visibility as it is easier to perceive by those coming on the opposite side compared with the low beam.

Turn indicators

Turn indicators are automatically reset by the instrument panel.
To activate the left turn indicators, press button (10) in position (I); to activate the right turn indicators, press button (10) in position (L).
Turn indicators can be cancelled by pressing button (10) on LH switch.

Automatic switch-off:
The turn indicators switch off automatically after the turn, as calculated based on vehicle speed, lean angle and in general according to the analysis of vehicle dynamic conditions.
This means that automatic switch-off is triggered when vehicle speed exceeds 20 km/h (12.4 mph) after the turn indicator button was pressed.
Turn indicators also switch off automatically if they remained on for a long mileage (which can range between 200 and 2000 metres (656-6562 feet), depending on vehicle speed when the turn indicator button was pressed.
If the turn indicator switch is again operated, while turn indicator is still on, automatic switch-off feature is re-initialised.

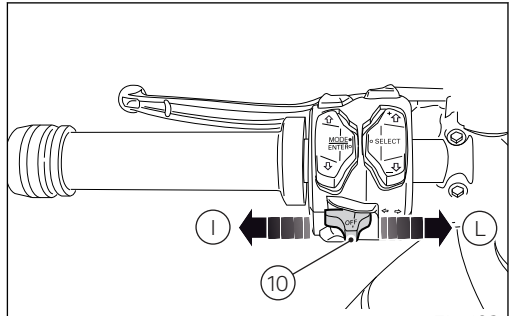


Fig 193

Automatic switch-off feature can be disabled through the specific option within the SETTING MENU. For further details, refer to paragraph Turn indicator automatic switch-off feature (TURN INDICATORS) page 0 .

Attention

The automatic deactivation systems are assist systems helping the rider control the turn indicators in the most comfortable and easy way. Such systems have been designed to work in most riding manoeuvres, nonetheless the rider must pay attention to the turn indicator operation (disabling or enabling them by hand if needed).

Hazard function (4 turn indicators)

The "Hazard" function turns all four turn indicators on at the same time to signal an emergency condition. Push button (11) to activate the "Hazard" function. It can only be activated when vehicle is turned on (Key-ON). When the "Hazard" function is active, all four turn indicators blink at the same time as well as warning lights on the instrument panel. The "Hazard" function can be manually turned off exclusively when vehicle is on (Key-ON), by pressing button (11).

Once the "Hazard" function is activated, if vehicle is turned off (key turned to "OFF"), the function stays active for 2 hours. After 2 hours, the turn indicators switch OFF automatically in order to save battery charge.

Note

If user performs a Key-ON while the "Hazard" function is still active, the function will remain ON (temporary turn indicator control interruption is allowed during the instrument panel initial check routine).

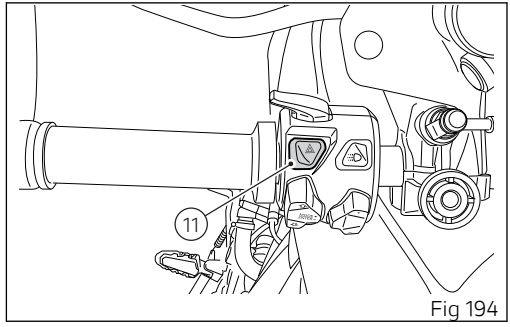


Fig 194

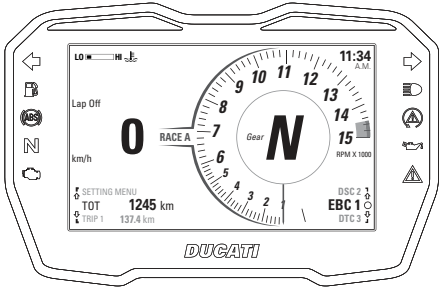


Fig 195

Note
If there is a sudden interruption in the battery while the function is active, the instrument panel will disable the function when the voltage is restored.

Note
The "Hazard" function has higher priority compared to normal operation of the single turn indicators, this means that, as long as it is active, it will not be possible to activate the single right or left turn indicators.

Immobilizer system

To further improve the anti-theft protection, the motorcycle is equipped with an engine electronic block system (IMMOBILIZER) that is automatically activated every time the instrument panel is switched off.
Inside of each key handgrip there is an electronic device that modulates the signal sent by a special antenna integrated in the ignition switch upon starting.
Such modulated signal represents the "password", that changes upon every starting, that allows the control unit to acknowledge the key and thus starting the engine.

Keys

The motorcycle comes with 2 keys.
They contain the "Immobilizer system code".
Keys (B) are those for the standard use, i.e. to:

- start the engine;
- open the fuel tank plug;
- open the seat lock.

Attention

Separate the keys and use only one of the two to ride the bike.

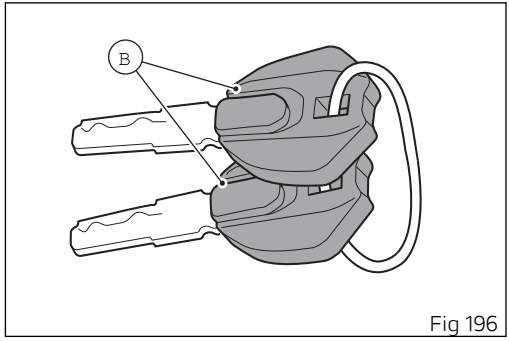


Fig 196

Key duplication

When a customer needs spare keys, he/she shall contact a Ducati authorised service centre and bring all keys he/she still has.
The Ducati authorised service centre will program all new and old keys.
The Ducati authorised service centre may ask to the customer to prove to be the motorcycle owner.
The codes of the keys missing during the programming procedure will be erased to ensure that any lost key can not start the engine.



Note

If the motorcycle owner changes, it is necessary that the new owner is given all keys.

Restoring motorcycle operation via the PIN CODE

In case of key acknowledgement system or key malfunction, the instrument panel allows the user to enter his/her own PIN code to temporarily restore motorcycle operation.
if the PIN CODE function is active, the instrument panel displays “Insert Pin” with four spaces allowing the rider to enter digits of the Pin code to be entered. “0” and “- - -".

Entering the code:

1) Each time you press the button (1) the displayed number increases by one (+ 1) up to "9" and then starts back from “0”;
2) Each time you press the button (2) the displayed number decreases by one (- 1) up to "1" and then starts back from "0";
3) To confirm the number, press the button (4).

Repeat the procedures until you confirm all the 4 digits of the PIN CODE.

When you press button (4) to confirm the fourth and last digit:

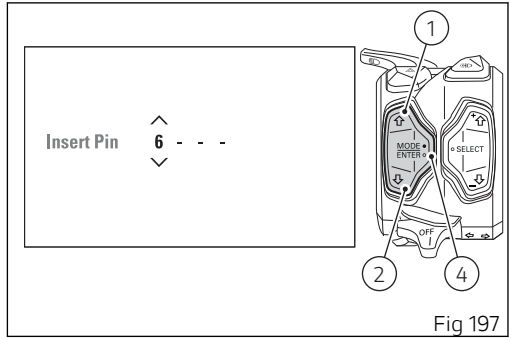


Fig 197

- if there is a problem during the PIN code check, the instrument panel displays “ERROR” for 2 seconds and then passes to the standard screen.
- if the PIN is not correct, the instrument panel displays WRONG for 2 seconds and then goes back to the “Insert Pin” indication with spaces to enter again the four digits of the Pin code.
- if the PIN CODE is correct, the instrument panel shows CORRECT for 2 seconds, and then displays the "standard screen".

Important
If this procedure is necessary in order to start the motorcycle, contact an Authorised Ducati Service Centre as soon as possible to fix the problem.

Controls

Position of motorcycle controls

Attention
This section shows the position and function of the controls used to ride the motorcycle. Be sure to read this information carefully before you use the controls.

1) Instrument panel.
2) Key-operated ignition switch and steering lock.
3) Left-hand switch.
4) Clutch lever.
5) Right-hand switch.
6) Throttle twistgrip.
7) Front brake lever.
8) Rear brake pedal.
9) Gear change pedal.

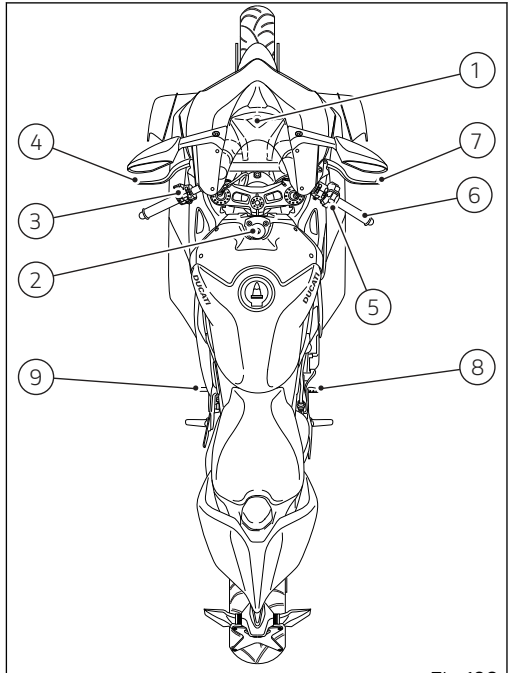


Fig 198

Ignition switch and steering lock

It is located in front of the fuel tank and has three positions:

A) ON: enables lights and engine operation;
B) OFF: disables lights and engine operation;
C) LOCK: the steering is locked;

Note

To move the key to the last position, press it down before turning it. The key can be removed in positions (B), (C) and (D).

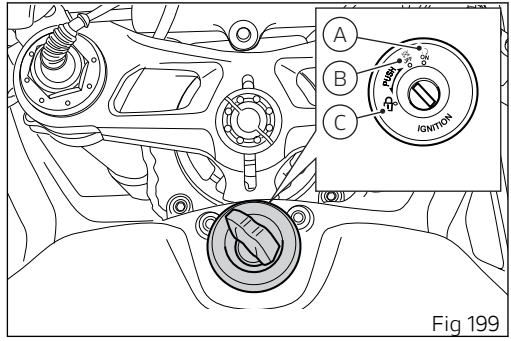


Fig 199

Left-hand switch

1) Dip switch, two-position light selector switch:
- pushed up (A): high beam ON (≣D), back to its initial position (B): low beam ON (≣D);
- (C) pushed down: high-beam flasher (≣D);
- (FLASH), "Start-Stop lap" function.

2) 4 turn indicators (Hazard) on/off button.

3) DRL light on/off button.

The DRL lights are not present in China, Canada and Japan versions.

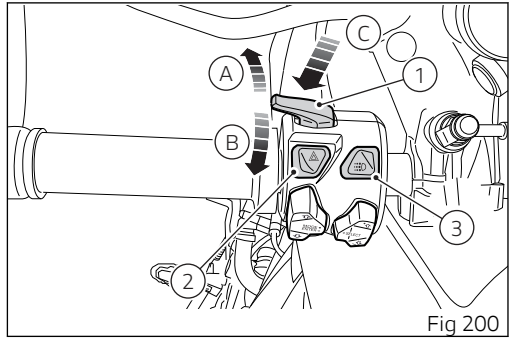


Fig 200

4) Menu navigation button.
5) Quick selection button.
6) 3-position turn indicator switch (⇔):
- centre position = OFF;
- position (⇦) = left turn;
7) Turn indicators cancel button.
8) Button (⌓) = warning horn.

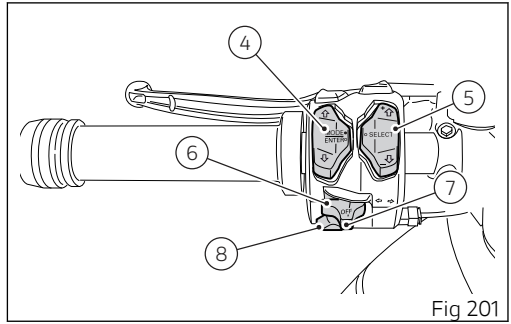


Fig 201

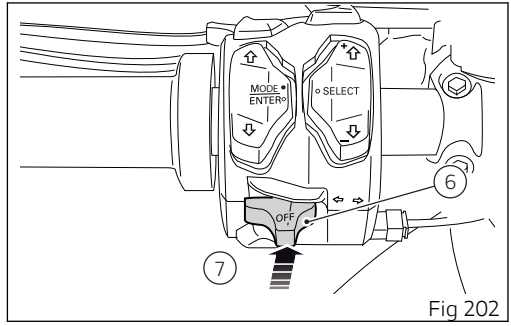


Fig 202

Button (4) for menu navigation features three positions:
- (D) for scrolling menu functions (UP);
- (E) for scrolling menu functions (DOWN);
- (F) for confirming menu functions.

Button (5) for quick selection features three positions:
- (G) quick selection confirmation;
- (H) quick selection button "UP" (UP+) to increase the level of the selected function;
- (I) quick selection button "DOWN" (DOWN-) to decrease the level of the selected function;

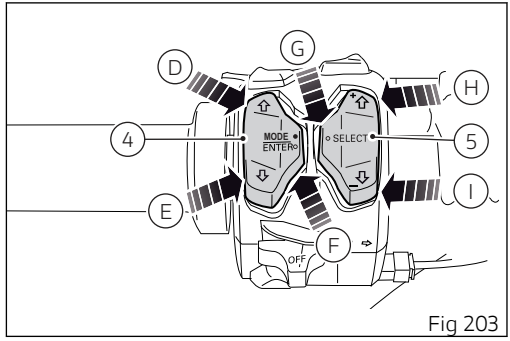


Fig 203

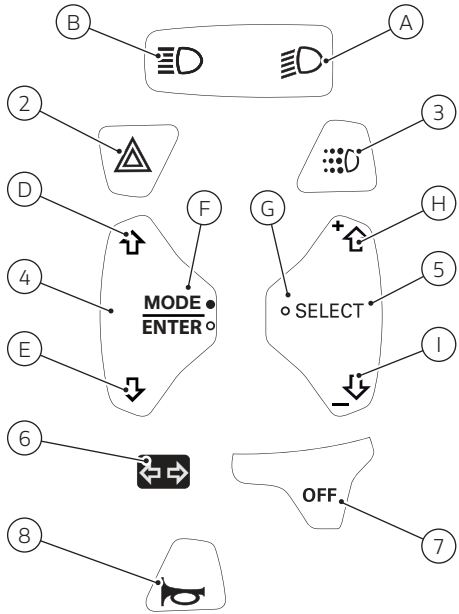


Fig 204

Key
A) Low beam.
B) High beam.
D) Menu UP
E) Menu DOWN.
F) Confirm display menu.
G) Confirm quick selection.
H) Quick selection UP.
H) Quick selection DOWN.
2) Hazard.
3) DRL.
4) Menu navigation.
5) Quick selection.
6) Turn indicator.
7) Turn indicator off.
8) Horn.

Clutch lever

Lever (1) disengages the clutch. It features a dial adjuster (2) for lever distance from the twistgrip on handlebar. The lever distance can be adjusted through 10 clicks of the dial (2). Turn clockwise to increase lever distance from the handgrip. Turn the adjuster counter clockwise to decrease lever distance. When the clutch lever (1) is operated, drive from the engine to the gearbox and the drive wheel is disengaged. Using the clutch properly is essential to smooth riding, especially when moving OFF.

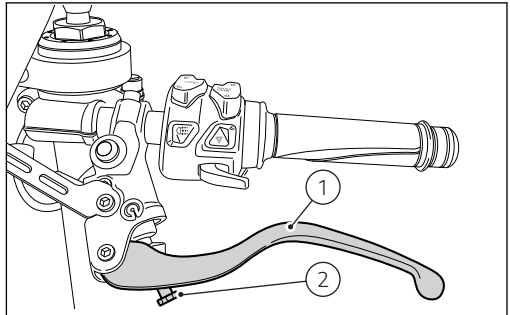


Fig 205

Attention

Set clutch lever when motorcycle is stopped.

Important

Using the clutch properly will avoid damage to transmission parts and spare the engine.

Note

The engine can be started with the side stand down and the gearbox in neutral. If starting with a gear engaged, pull in the clutch lever (in this case the side stand must be up).

Right-hand switch

1) Red ENGINE OFF switch.
2) ENGINE START button.
3) DPL button.

The switch (1) has two positions:

B) pushed down: KILL ENGINE.
A) pushed up: RUN ON. The engine can only be started in this position, pushing the button (2).

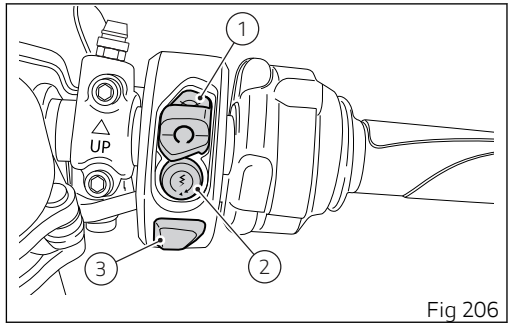


Fig 206

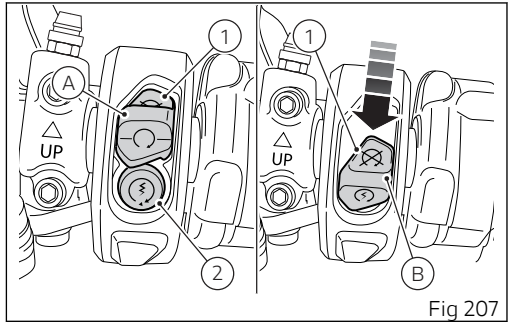


Fig 207

Key
2) Engine starting.
3) DPL.
A) Run ON.
B) Run OFF.

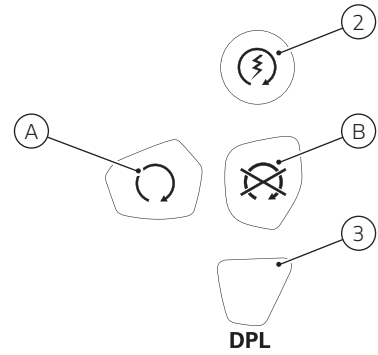


Fig 208

Throttle twistgrip

The twistgrip (1) on the right handlebar opens the throttles.
When released, it will spring back to the initial position (idling speed).

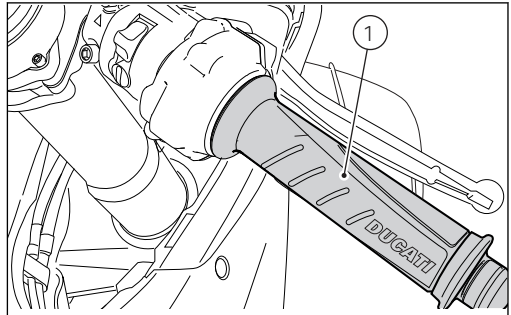


Fig 209

Front brake lever

Pull in the lever (1) towards the twistgrip to operate the front brake. The system is hydraulically operated and you just need to pull the lever gently.
The brake lever (1) has a dial (2) for adjusting the distance between lever and twistgrip on the handlebar.
The lever distance can be adjusted through 10 clicks of the dial (2). Turn clockwise to increase lever distance from the twistgrip. Turn the adjuster counter clockwise to decrease lever distance.

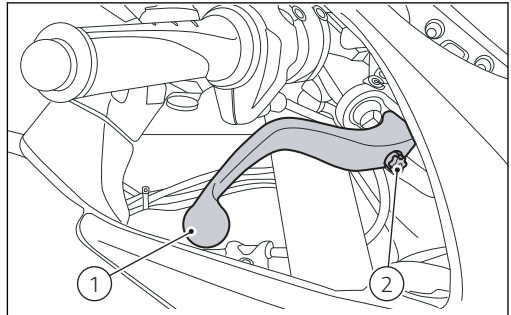


Fig 210

Rear brake pedal

Press pedal (1) down with your foot to operate the rear brake.
The control system is of the hydraulic type.

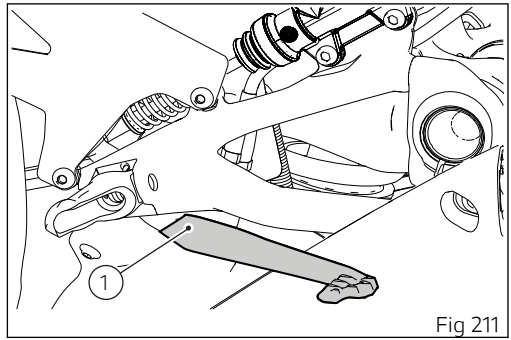


Fig 211

Gear change pedal

When released, the gear change pedal (1) automatically returns to rest position N in the centre. This is indicated by the instrument panel N light coming on.

The pedal can be moved:

- down = press down the pedal to engage the 1st gear and to shift down. The N light on the instrument panel will go out;
- upwards= lift the pedal to engage 2nd gear and then 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th gears.

Each time you move the pedal you will engage the next gear.

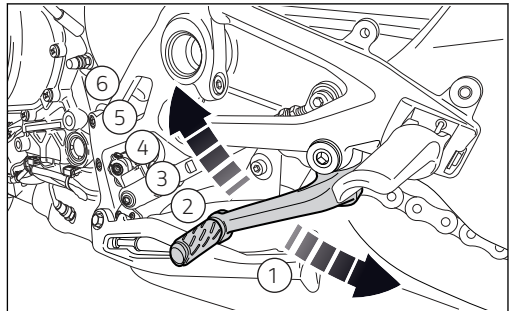
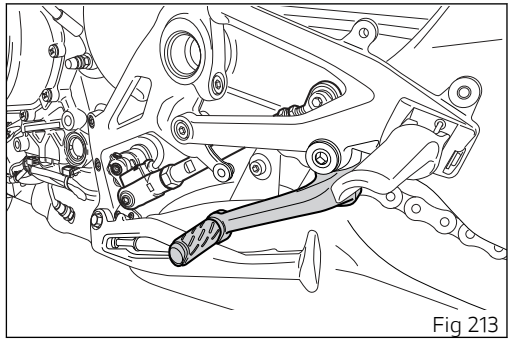


Fig 212

Adjusting the position of the gearchange pedal and rear brake pedal

Note
Gear change pedal position can also be adjusted with respect to the motorcycle: please contact a Dealer or Ducati authorised service centre to have this adjustment performed.


Fig 213

Main components and devices

Position on the vehicle

1) Tank filler plug.
2) Seat lock.
3) Side stand.
4) Rear-view mirrors.
5) Front fork adjusters.
6) Rear shock absorber adjusters.
7) Catalytic converter (both sides).
8) Exhaust silencer (both sides).

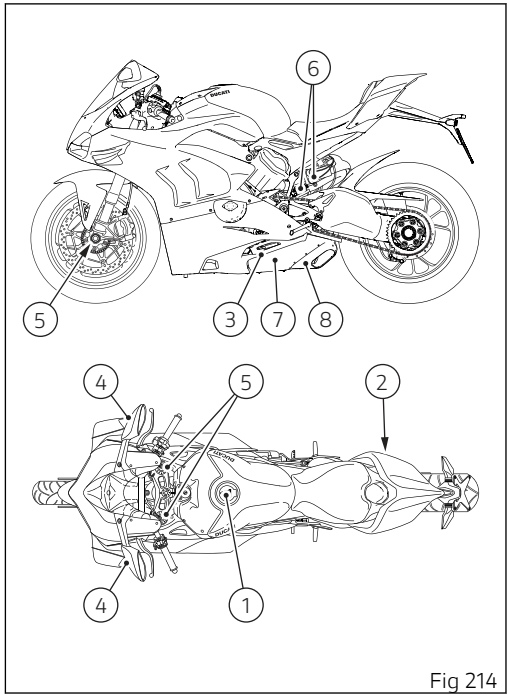


Fig 214

Tank filler plug

Opening

Lift flap (1) and insert the key in the lock. Turn the key clockwise by 1/4 of a turn to release the lock.
Lift the plug (2).

Closing

Close the plug (2) with the key inserted and push it down into its seat. Remove the key and close flap (1) protecting the lock.

Note
Plug can only be closed when key is inserted.

Attention
After refuelling, always make sure that the plug is perfectly in place and closed.

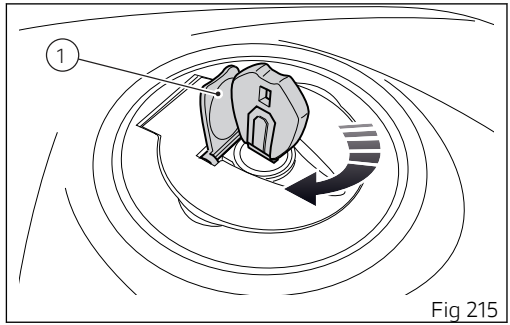


Fig 215

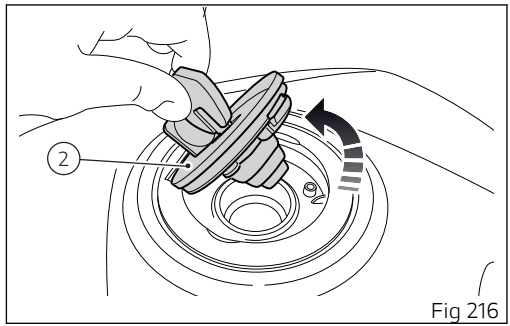


Fig 216

Seat lock

Opening

Insert the key into the seat lock (1) and turn it until the passenger seat (2) catch disengages with an audible click.
Pull the passenger seat (2) towards the front end of the motorcycle until releasing it.

Closing

Insert the passenger seat (2) from the side and push it towards the rear end of the motorcycle until fully home.

Attention
To close the seat cover insert it from the motorcycle side and slide it towards the rear side until hearing the engagement click.

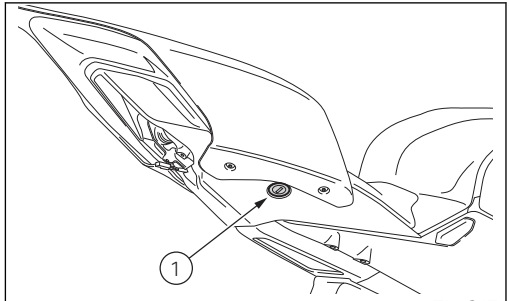


Fig 217

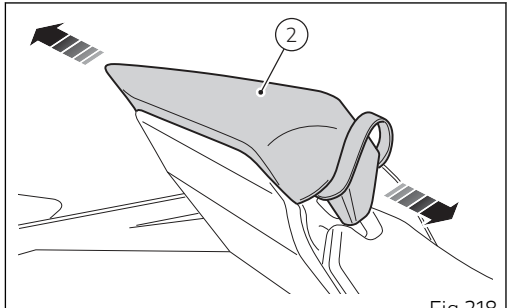


Fig 218

Before fitting the passenger seat (2), make sure that passenger strap (3) is correctly positioned.

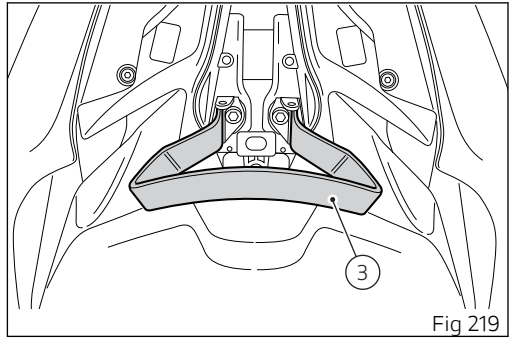


Fig 219

Side stand

Important

Place the motorcycle on the side stand only when you are not going to use it for short periods of time. Before lowering the side stand, make sure that the bearing surface is hard and flat.

Do not park on soft or pebbled ground or on asphalt melt by the sun heat and similar or the motorcycle may fall over. When parking in downhill road tracts, always park the motorcycle with its rear wheel facing downhill.

To pull down the side stand, hold the motorcycle handlebar with both hands and push down on the side stand (1) with your foot until it is fully extended. Tilt the motorcycle until the side stand is resting on the ground.

To easily find the side stand during the opening phase, press on pin (3) with your foot.

Attention

When using the bike on the track, we recommend removing the pin (3) by working on the key (4).

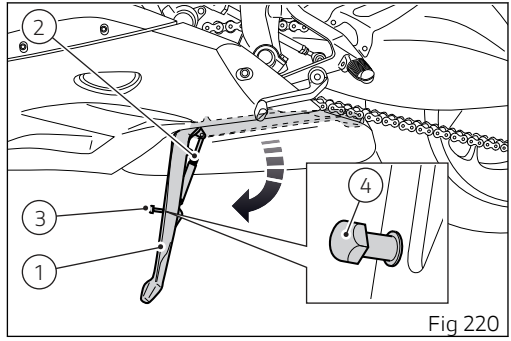


Fig 220

To move the side stand to its rest position (horizontal position), lean the motorcycle to the right while lifting the thrust arm (1) with your foot.
To ensure trouble-free operation of the side stand joint, thoroughly clean it and then use SHELL Alvania R3 grease to lubricate all friction points.

Attention

Do not sit on the motorcycle when it is supported on the side stand.

Note
Check for proper operation of the stand mechanism (two springs, one into the other) and the safety sensor (2) at regular intervals.

Note
The engine can be started with the side stand down and the gearbox in neutral. If starting with a gear engaged, pull in the clutch lever (in this case the side stand must be up).

Bluetooth control unit

The motorcycle can be equipped with a Bluetooth control unit that works as a hub between the various supported electronic devices relying on a Bluetooth communication interface.
The Bluetooth control unit, which is not installed in this vehicle, can be purchased at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Attention

Bluetooth Headset device manufacturers may incorporate certain changes within the standard protocols over the course of the lifecycle of the device (Smartphones and Earphones).

Attention

These changes are outside the control of Ducati and may result in Bluetooth Headset devices functionality becoming impaired (sharing Music, multimedia player, etc.) and may equally affect some types of Smartphones (depending on supported Bluetooth profiles). This is why Ducati cannot guarantee multimedia player proper operation for:

- any earphones not coming with the "Ducati Kit part no. 981029498";
- any Smartphones not supporting the required Bluetooth profiles (even though paired to earphones coming with the "Ducati Kit part no. 981029498").

Attention

In case of interference or noise due to particular conditions of the external environment, the Ducati earphone kit part no. 981029498 also allows sharing the music being played directly from rider helmet to passenger helmet (for further details please refer to the manual of the earphones coming with the Ducati kit part no. 981029498).

Note
The Ducati kit part no. 981029498 can be purchased separately at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Check that your Smartphone supports the following profiles:
- MAP profile: for a correct display of SMS and MMS notifications;
- PBAP profile: for a correct display of the Smartphone contact list.

Attention
Ducati does not ensure a correct connection to the Ducati Multimedia System of Bluetooth navigators that are not provided in the following kits:
- Kit of Ducati Zumo satellite navigator 350
- Kit of Ducati Zumo satellite navigator 390
- Kit of Ducati Zumo satellite navigator 395

Note
The Ducati kits mentioned above can be purchased separately at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Steering damper

The steering damper (1) is located before the handlebar and is secured to the steering head.
It provides stable and accurate steering, improving the motorcycle's handling response under any conditions.
The damper is adjusted by electric impulses sent by the instrument panel to the adjuster inside damper body.
There are usually only two events requiring adjustment of the damping level selected by the rider, i.e.:

- High-frequency wobbling: the motorcycle steering will undergo fast movements due to an impulse (e.g., when landing after a wheelie).
  - increase steering damping power, so decrease the number of clicks of the steering damper.
- Low-frequency weaving: the motorcycle will tend to move to the side in a winding manner and in general will considerably slide (e.g., during a high-speed acceleration).
  - Decrease steering damping power, so increase the number of clicks of the steering damper.

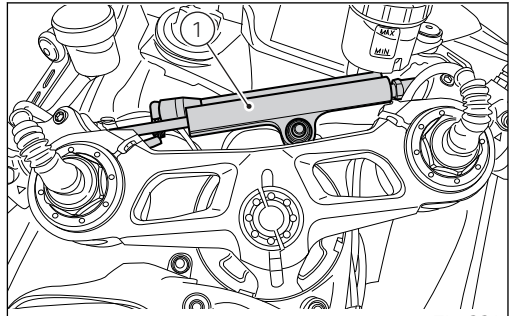


Fig 221

Front fork adjustment

The motorcycle fork is completely adjustable.
Fork rebound and compression damping is adjusted by electric impulses sent by the instrument panel to the adjusters inside the fork legs.

Attention

Have the spring preload adjusted at a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

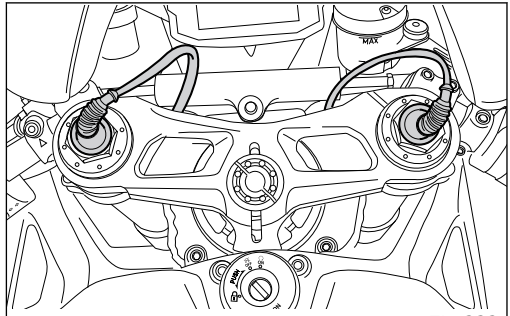


Fig 222

Adjusting the rear shock absorber

The rear shock absorber has adjusters that enable you to suit the setting to the load on the motorcycle.

Attention

The shock absorber is filled with gas under pressure and may cause severe damage if taken apart by unskilled persons.

When carrying a passenger and luggage, set the rear shock absorber spring to proper preload to improve motorcycle handling and keep safe clearance from the ground (work ring nuts to set spring preload). You may find that rebound damping needs adjusting as well.

The shock absorber is adjusted by electric impulses sent by the instrument panel to the adjusters inside the shock absorber body.

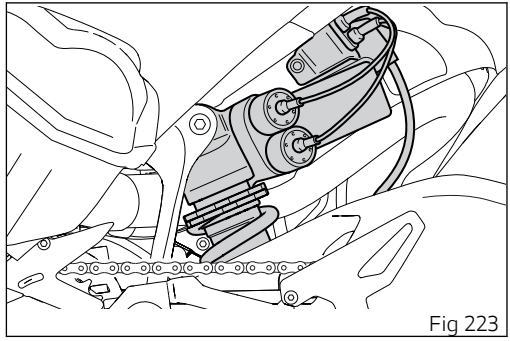


Fig 223

Running-in recommendations

Maximum rotation speed

Rotation speed for running-in period and during standard use (rpm):
1) Up to 1,000 km (621 mi);
2) From 1000 km (621 mi) to 2500 km (1553 mi).

Up to 1,000 Km (621 mi)

During the first 1000 km (621.37 mi), keep an eye on the rev counter. It should never exceed: 5,500÷ (included) 6,000 rpm.
During the first hours of riding, it is advisable to run the engine at varying load and rpm, though still within recommended limit.

Strict observance of running-in recommendations will ensure longer engine life and reduce the likelihood of overhauls and tune-ups.

Important

During the first 1000 km (621 mi) (Running-in period), i.e. when the Odometer displays a value <= (lower than or equal to) 1000 km (621 mi), the pre-warning area, indicated in orange (Orange area), both for the bargraph filling and the display of the relevant number, is displayed when reaching 6000 rpm. During the running-in period we recommend not to exceed 6000 rpm, thus the instrument panel will not display the bargraph "Orange area".

To this end, roads with plenty of bends and even slightly hilly areas are ideal for a most efficient running-in of engine, brakes and suspensions.
For the first 100 km (62 mi) use the brakes gently. Avoid sudden or prolonged braking. This will allow the friction material on the brake pads to bed in against the brake discs.
For all mechanical parts of the motorcycle to adapt to one another and above all not to adversely affect the life of basic engine parts, it is advisable to avoid harsh accelerations and not to run the engine at high rpm for too long, especially uphill.
Furthermore, the drive chain should be inspected frequently. Lubricate as required.

From 1000 to 2500 km (from 621 to 1553 mi)
At this point, you can squeeze some more power out of your engine. However never exceed 7,000 rpm.

Important
During the whole running-in period, the maintenance and service rules recommended in the Warranty Card should be observed carefully. Failure to follow these instructions releases Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. from any liability whatsoever for any engine damage or shorter engine life.

Strict observance of running-in recommendations will ensure longer engine life and reduce the likelihood of overhauls and tune-ups.

Pre-ride checks

Attention

Failure to carry out these checks before riding, may lead to motorcycle damage and injury to rider.

Before riding, perform a thorough check-up on your motorcycle as follows:

- FUEL LEVEL IN THE TANK
  Check the fuel level in the tank. Refuel if necessary (see “Refuelling”).
- ENGINE OIL LEVEL
  Check the level in the sump through the sight glass; top-up if necessary (see “Checking the engine oil level”).
- BRAKE AND CLUTCH FLUID
  Check liquid level in the corresponding reservoirs (see "Checking brake and clutch fluid level").
- COOLANT
  Check the level of coolant in the expansion reservoir; top up if necessary (see "Checking and topping up the coolant level").
- TYRE CONDITION
  Check tyre pressure and condition (see “Tubeless tyres”).
- CONTROLS
  Work the brake, clutch, throttle and gear change controls (levers, pedals and twistgrip) and check for proper operation.
- LIGHTS AND INDICATORS
  Make sure lights, indicators and horn work properly. Replace any burnt-out bulbs (see “Replacing headlight light bulbs”).
- KEY LOCKS
  Check the tightening of the filler plug (see “Filler plug”).
- STAND
  Make sure side stand operates smoothly and is in the correct position (see “Side stand”).

Attention

In case of malfunction, do not ride the motorcycle and contact a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

To ensure trouble-free operation, the engine coolant pump requires a breather. This means that it is possible that a very small quantity of coolant oozes out of the breather hole positioned in the upper part of the crankcase, and this will not affect proper operation of the engine or the cooling system.

ABS light

After Key-ON, the ABS light (9) stays ON.
When the motorcycle speed exceeds 5 km/h, the warning light switches OFF to indicate the correct operation of the ABS system.

Attention

In case of malfunction, do not ride the motorcycle and contact a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

ABS device

Check that the front (1) and rear (2) phonic wheels are clean.

Attention

Clogged reading slots would compromise system proper operation. It is recommended to disable ABS system in case of muddy road surface because under this condition the system might be subject to sudden failure.

Attention

Prolonged wheelies could deactivate the ABS system.

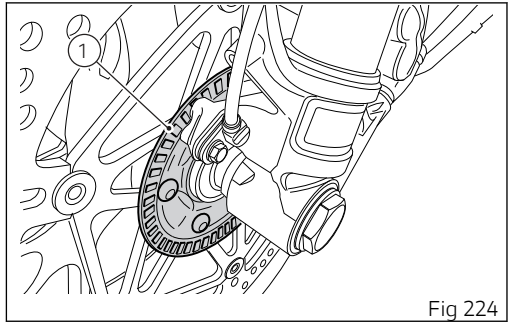


Fig 224

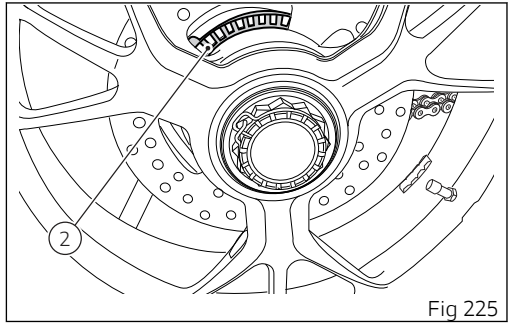


Fig 225

Engine start

Attention

Before starting the engine, become familiar with the controls you will need to use when riding.

Attention

Never start or run the engine indoors. Exhaust gases are poisonous and may lead to loss of consciousness or even death within a short time.

Move the ignition key to ON. Make sure both the green light N (3) and the red light (4) on the instrument panel come on.

Important

The oil pressure light should go out a few seconds after the engine has started.

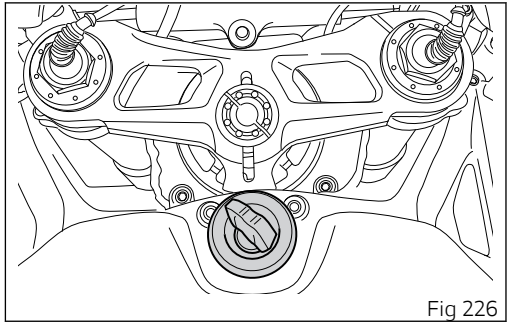


Fig 226

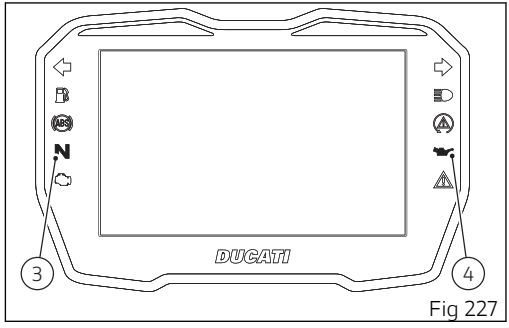


Fig 227

Attention
The side stand must be fully up (in a horizontal position) as its safety sensor prevents engine starting when down.

Note
It is possible to start the engine with side stand down and the gearbox in neutral. When starting the motorcycle with a gear engaged, pull the clutch lever (in this case the side stand must be up).

Move the red switch (1), on the right side of the handlebar upwards, and press button (2).
Let the motorcycle start without operating the throttle control.
The red oil pressure warning light (4, Fig 227) should go out a few seconds after the engine has started.

Note
If the battery is flat, system automatically inhibits starter motor cranking operation.

Important
Do not rev up the engine when it is cold. Allow some time for oil to be heated and reach all points that need lubricating.

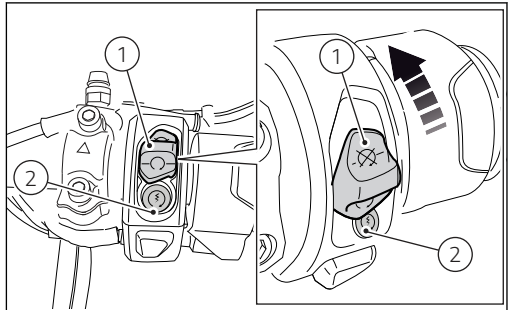


Fig 228

The engine will shut off by moving the red button (1) on the handlebar downwards to RUN OFF.

Attention

Keeping the engine running for too long with the vehicle stationary may cause damage due to overheating caused by insufficient cooling. Do not run the engine unnecessarily while the vehicle is stationary. Move immediately after starting the engine.

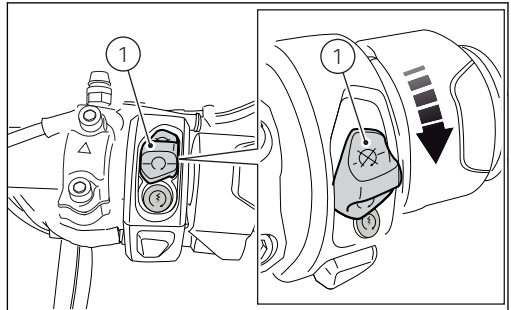


Fig 229

Moving off

1) Squeeze the control lever to disengage the clutch.
2) Push down on gear change lever sharply with the tip of your foot to engage the first gear.
3) Speed up the engine by turning the throttle twistgrip while gradually releasing the clutch lever; the motorcycle will start moving off.
4) Let go of clutch lever and speed up.
5) To shift up, close the throttle to slow down engine, disengage the clutch, lift the gear change lever and let go of clutch lever. To shift down, proceed as follows: release the twistgrip, pull the clutch lever, shortly speed up to help gears synchronise, shift down (engage next lower gear) and release the clutch.

The controls should be used correctly and timely: when riding uphill do not hesitate to shift down as soon as the motorcycle tends to slow down, so you will avoid stressing the engine and the motorcycle abnormally.

Attention

Avoid harsh acceleration, as this may lead to misfiring and transmission snatching. The clutch lever should not be held in longer than necessary after a gear is engaged, otherwise friction parts may overheat and wear out.

Attention

Prolonged wheelies could deactivate the ABS system.

Braking

Slow down in time, shift down to use engine brake and then brake by operating both front and rear brakes. Pull the clutch before the motorcycle stops to avoid engine from suddenly stalling.

Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS)

Using the brakes correctly under adverse conditions is the hardest – and yet the most critical - skill to master for a rider. Braking is one of the most difficult and dangerous moments when riding a two wheeled motorcycle: the possibility of falling or having an accident during this difficult moment is statistically higher than any other moment. A locked front wheel leads to loss of traction and stability, resulting in loss of control.

The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) has been developed to enable riders to use the motorcycle braking force to the fullest possible amount in emergency braking or under poor pavement or adverse weather conditions.

ABS uses hydraulics and electronics to limit pressure in the brake circuit when a special sensor mounted to the wheel informs the electronic control unit that the wheel is about to lock up.

This avoids wheel lockup and preserves traction. Pressure is raised back up immediately and the control unit keeps controlling the brake until the risk of a lockup disappears. Normally, the rider will perceive ABS operation as a harder feel or a pulsation of the brake lever and pedal.

The front and rear brakes use separate control systems, meaning that they operate independently. Likewise, the ABS is not an integral braking system and does not control both the front and rear brake at the same time.

Stopping the motorcycle

Reduce speed, shift down and release the throttle twistgrip. Shift down to engage first gear and then neutral.

Apply the brakes and bring the motorcycle to a complete stop.

To switch the engine off, simply turn the key to OFF.

Parking

Stop the motorcycle, then put it on the side stand. To prevent theft, turn the handlebar fully left and turn the ignition key to the LOCK position.
If you park in a garage or other indoor area, make sure that there is proper ventilation and that the motorcycle is not near a source of heat.

Important

Never leave the ignition key in the switch when you are leaving your motorcycle unattended.

Attention

The exhaust system might be hot, even after engine is switched OFF; pay particular attention not to touch the exhaust system with any body part and do not park the motorcycle next to inflammable material (wood, leaves etc.).

Attention

Using padlocks or other locks designed to prevent motorcycle motion, such as brake disc locks, rear sprocket locks, and so on is dangerous and may impair motorcycle operation and affect the safety of rider.

Refuelling

Never overfill the tank when refuelling. Fuel should never be touching the rim of filler recess.

Warning

The fuel pressure inside the tank may, in extreme cases, cause fuel to “spray” when opening the fuel cap.

Always open the fuel cap slowly and carefully during the refill.

If you hear an audible hiss from the cap while opening it, wait until the stop of the hissing before opening it completely.

The sound is residual pressure escaping from the fuel tank, therefore the stop of the hiss indicates that there is no more residual pressure.

The situation described above is more likely in hot weather conditions.

Attention

Use fuel with low lead content and an original octane number of at least 95.

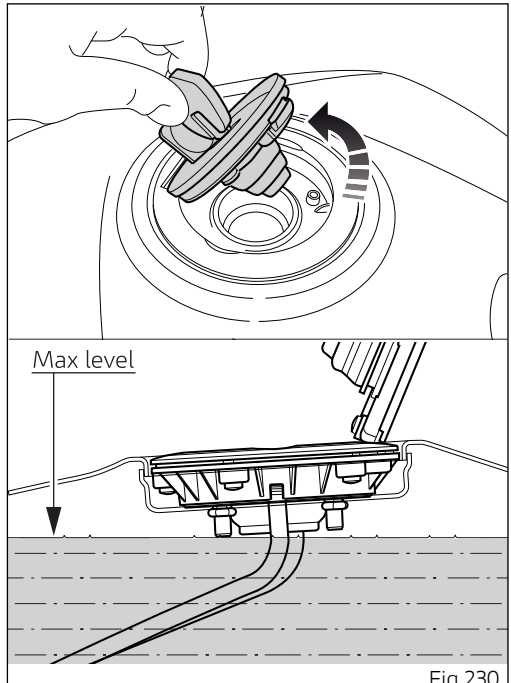


Fig 230

Attention

The motorcycle is only compatible with fuel having a maximum content of ethanol of 10% (E10). Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% is forbidden. Using it could result in severe damage of the engine and motorcycle components. Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% will make the warranty null and void.

Fuel label
The label identifies the fuel recommended for this vehicle.

1) The E5 reference inside the label indicates the use of fuel with a maximum oxygen content of 2.7% by weight and a maximum ethanol content of 5% by volume, according to EN 228.

2) The E10 reference inside the label indicates the use of fuel with a maximum oxygen content of 3.7% by weight and a maximum ethanol content of 10% by volume, according to EN 228.

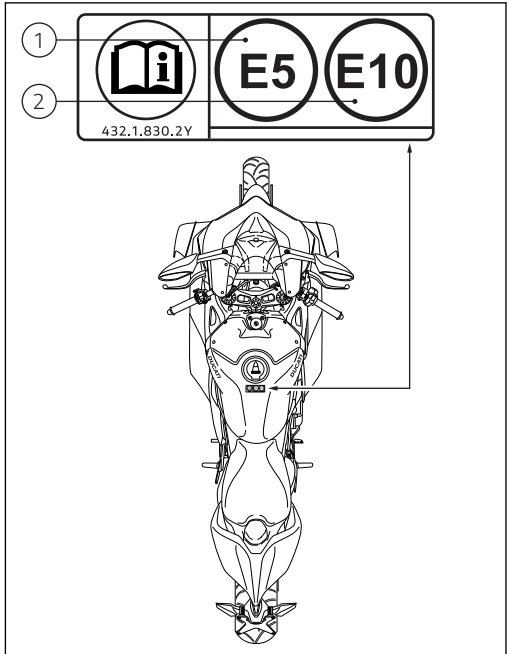


Fig 231

Tool kit and accessories

The glove compartment positioned under the passenger seat contains a 4 mm (0.16 in) L-shaped Allen wrench (1).

To access the compartment, remove the passenger seat (page 267) and slide out the back (A) from the front.

Have the following parts (supplied as standard) installed by a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre:
- passenger seat;
- right and left rear footpegs.

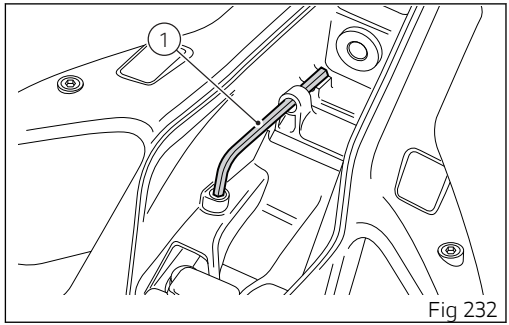


Fig 232

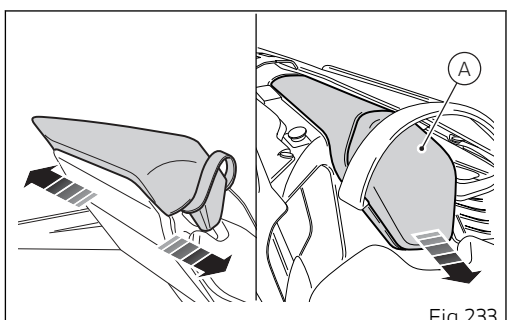


Fig 233

Main use and maintenance operations

Removing the fairing

To carry out some maintenance or repair operations, some motorcycle fairings must be removed.

Attention

Failed or incorrect refitting of one of the removed components could cause its sudden detachment while riding resulting in loss of control of the motorcycle.

Important

At every reassembly, to avoid damaging the painted areas and the Plexiglass windscreen, always place the nylon washers at the retaining screws.

Important

Have the fairing removal performed at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Change air filter

Important

Have the air filter maintenance performed at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Checking coolant level and topping up, if necessary

Check coolant level in the expansion reservoir, on the right side of the vehicle, through the inner sight slot, gaining access from the front wheel housing.
Check that the level is between the MIN (1) and MAX (2) marks on the side of the expansion reservoir.
Top up if the level is below the MIN mark.

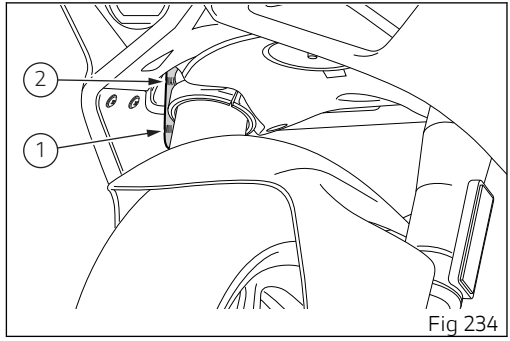


Fig 234

Attention

Place the motorcycle upright on a flat surface and make sure the engine is cold before proceeding.

Important

Have the top-up performed at a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Checking brake and clutch fluid level

The levels should not fall below the MIN marks on the respective reservoirs.
If level drops below the limit, air might get into the circuit and affect the operation of the system involved.
Fluid must be topped up and changed at the intervals specified in the scheduled maintenance table reported in the Warranty Booklet; please contact a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

Brake system

If you find exceeding clearance on brake lever or pedal and brake pads are still in good condition, contact your Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre to have the system inspected and any air drained out of the circuit.

Attention

Brake and clutch fluid can damage paintwork and plastic parts, so avoid contact.
Hydraulic fluid is corrosive; it may cause damage and lead to severe injuries. Never mix fluids of different qualities. Check seals for proper sealing.

Clutch system

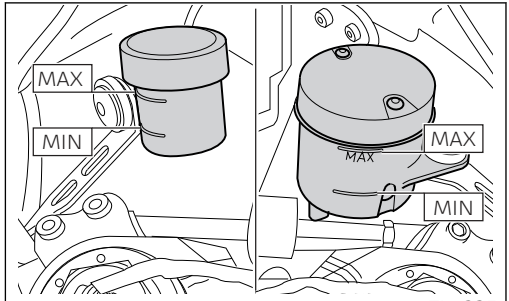


Fig 235

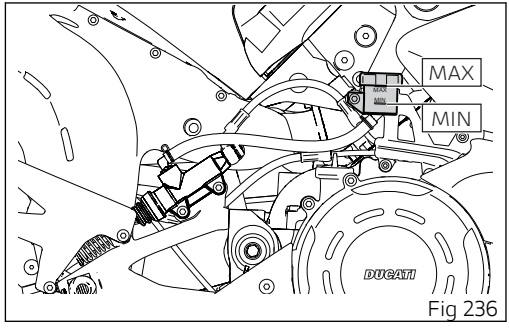


Fig 236

If the control lever has exceeding clearance and the transmission snatches or jams as you try to engage a gear, it means that there might be air in the circuit. Contact your Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre to have the system inspected and air drained out.

Attention

Clutch fluid level will increase as clutch plate friction material wears down. Do not exceed the specified level (3 mm (0.12 in) above the minimum level).

Checking brake pads for wear

Check brake pads wear through the inspection hole in the callipers. Change both pads if friction material thickness of even just one pad is about 1 mm (0.04 in).

Attention

Friction material wear beyond this limit would lead to metal support contact with the brake disc thus compromising braking efficiency, disc integrity and rider safety.

Important

Have the brake pads replaced at a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

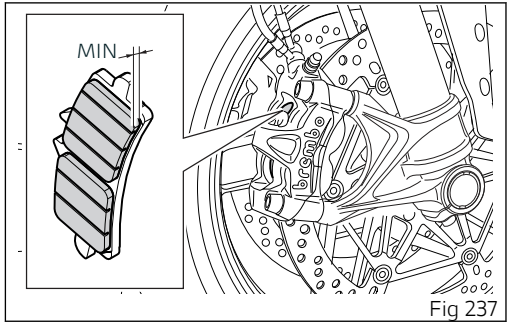


Fig 237

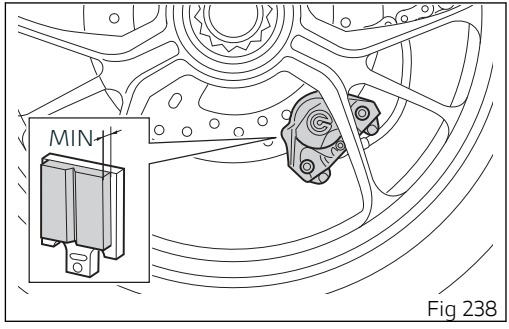


Fig 238

Charging the battery

PREPARATION

We recommend recharging the lithium battery by connecting the suitable battery charger directly to the positive and negative terminals of the battery using the cable with clips.
To do this, the following steps must be performed in sequence.

Loosen the four screws (1), collect the relevant washers and remove tank cover (2).
Loosen the two side (3) and upper (5) screws retaining the ignition switch cover (4).

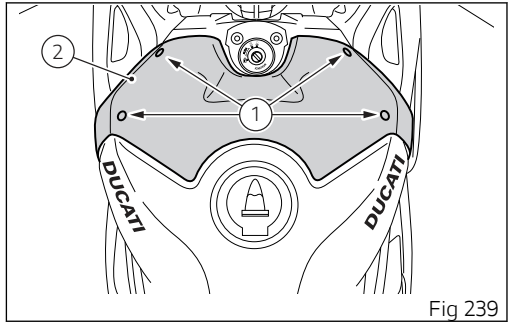


Fig 239

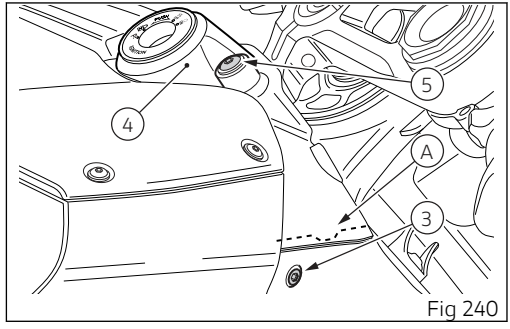


Fig 240

Slide out the ignition switch cover (4) from the rear and from upwards, paying attention to the inner tabs (A) connected to the side fairing, positioned on both sides.
Loosen screw (6) and slide out cover (7) retaining the battery.

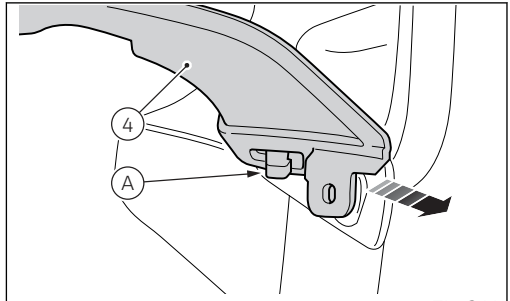


Fig 241

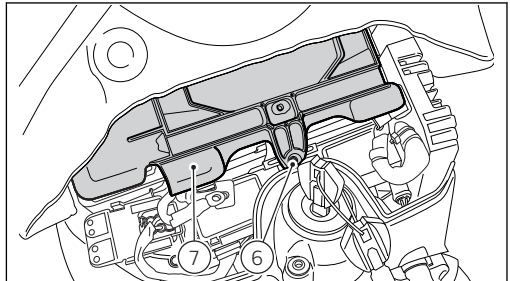


Fig 242

CONNECTING THE BATTERY TO THE CHARGER

With the battery charger (A) disconnected from the power supply, firmly connect the red clip (8a) to the positive terminal (8).
Connect the black clip (9a) firmly to the negative terminal (9).
Connect the plug of the battery charger (A) to the wall outlet.

Attention

Keep the battery out of the reach of children.

Charge battery using the special Ducati-approved battery charger (A) for lithium batteries, only.
Do not use battery chargers for lead batteries or any other type of battery maintainer/charger.
Charge the battery ensuring the vehicle is in a room with a temperature below 40° C (104° F).

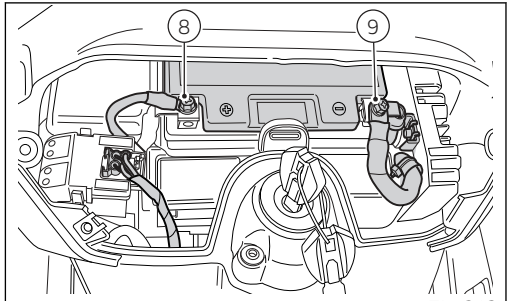


Fig 243

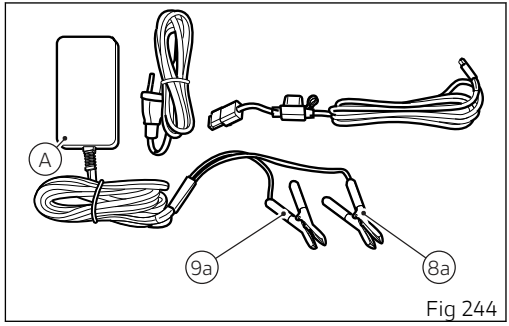


Fig 244

DISCONNECTING THE BATTERY FROM THE CHARGER

Once the charging process is complete, disconnect the battery charger (A) by carrying out the connection operations in reverse order.

Disconnect the plug of the battery charger (A) from the wall outlet.

Disconnect the black clip (9a) from the negative terminal (9) and the red clip (8a) from the positive terminal (8).

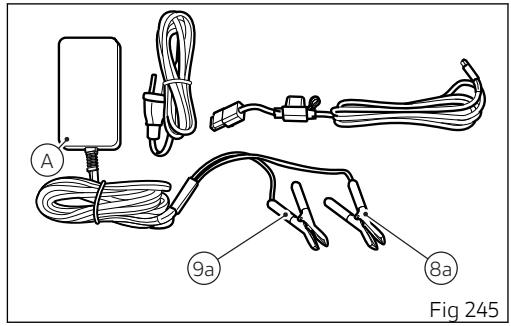


Fig 245

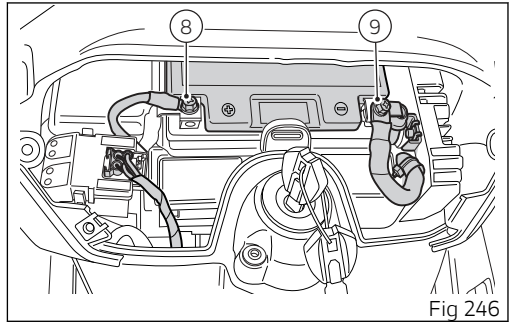


Fig 246

Position the cover (7) fastening the battery and tighten the screw (6).

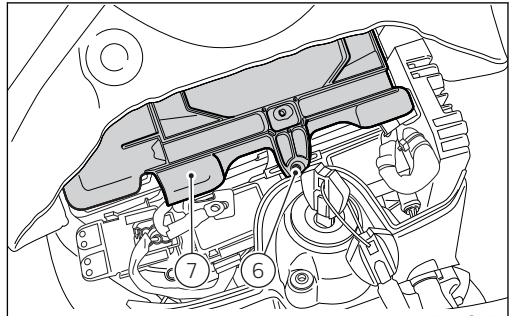


Fig 247

Position the ignition switch cover (4), operating from the front and paying attention to the inner tabs (B) connected to the side fairing, positioned on both sides.

Tighten the two side (3) and upper (5) screws retaining the ignition switch cover (4).
Fit the tank cover (2) and tighten the four screws (1).

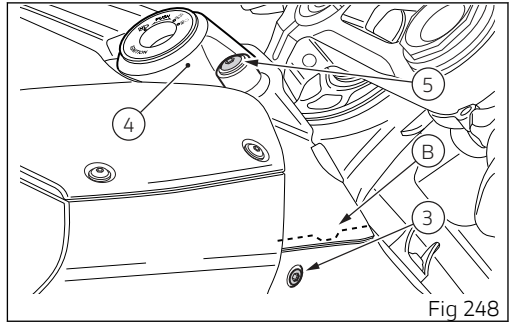


Fig 248

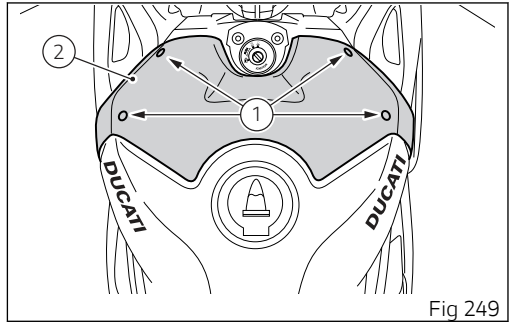


Fig 249

Storing the motorcycle

If the motorcycle is not used for a long time (e.g. 30 consecutive days), it is advisable to connect the battery charger/charge maintainer using the connection cable through the diagnostic socket. Details are described in chapter “Charging and maintenance of the battery during winter storage”.

Maintaining the battery charge

Attention

The electric system of this motorcycle is designed so as to ensure there is a very low power drain when the motorcycle is OFF. Nevertheless, the battery features a certain self-discharge rate that is normal and depends on ambient conditions as well as on vehicle "non-use" time.

If battery is not kept at a minimum charge level by the battery charger / charge maintainer, battery could get damaged if voltage drops under 8 V.

Connector (1) is located under the rider seat (2), on the left side.
To reach it, remove the two screws (3) on both sides and remove the rider seat (2).

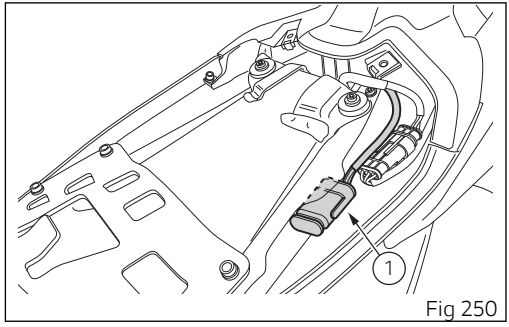


Fig 250

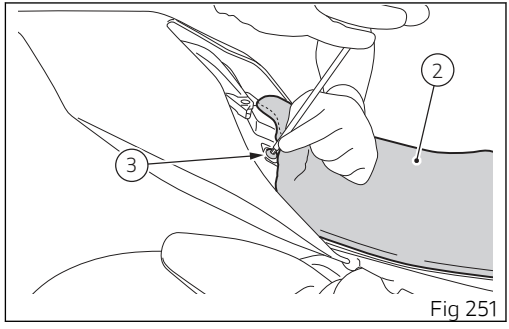


Fig 251

Attention

Use only the Ducati-approved battery charger (A) for lithium batteries also as a maintainer.
Do not use the battery charge maintainer kit part no. 69924601A (various countries) or battery charge maintainer kit no. 69924601AX (for Japan, China and Australia only), as it is specific for lead batteries.

Connect the maintainer to the diagnostics socket located in the rear side of the motorcycle.

Note

Using charge maintainers or battery chargers for lithium batteries not approved by Ducati could damage motorcycle electric system and/or lithium battery; motorcycle warranty does not cover the battery if damaged due to failure to comply with the above indications, since it is considered as improper maintenance.

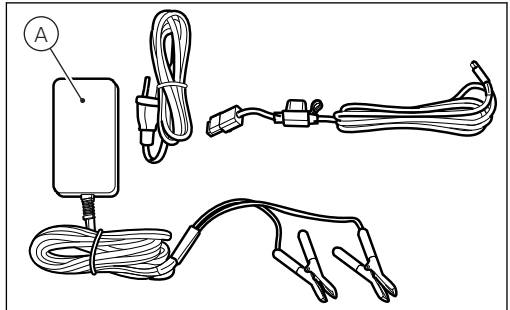


Fig 252

Important

Vehicles equipped with lithium batteries must never use devices such as Jump Starters or auxiliary batteries connected in parallel to the lithium battery if the latter has discharged to a level that does not allow starting. The cells of a lithium battery, if deeply discharged, can be irreparably damaged if they are recharged with unlimited currents, as is the case with connections to Jump Starters and/or parallel connections to charged batteries.

Always use the battery charger (A) for lithium batteries authorised by Ducati.

Checking drive chain tension

Important

Have chain tension adjusted by a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

Make the rear wheel turn until you find the position where chain is tightest. Set the motorcycle on the side stand. With just a finger, push down the chain at the point of measurement and release.
Measure the distance (A) between the centre of the chain pins and the plastic section of the chain sliding shoe. It must be: A = 23 ÷ 25 mm (0.90 ÷ 0.98 in).

Important

This only applies to the motorcycle STANDARD settings, available upon delivery.

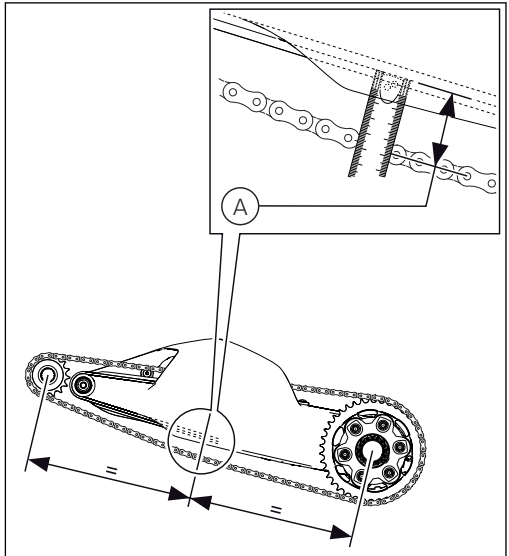


Fig 253

Attention
Correct tightening of swinging arm screws (1) is critical to rider safety.

Important
Improper chain tension will lead to early wear of transmission parts.

Important
To ensure the best performance and long life of the chain, please follow the information related to chain cleaning, lubrication, inspection and tensioning.

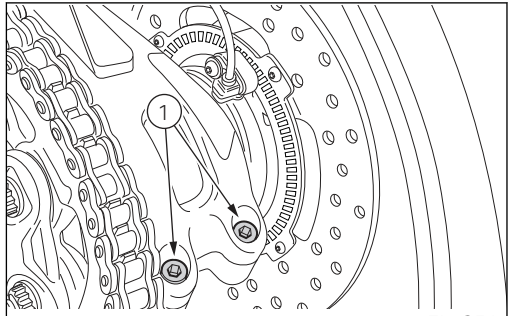


Fig 254

Lubricating the drive chain

Important

Have drive chain cleaned by a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain

The chain fitted on your motorcycle has O-rings that keep dirt out of and lubricant inside the sliding parts. Before proceeding with the chain lubrication it is important to correctly wash and clean it.

The chain cleaning is extremely important for its duration. In fact, it is necessary to remove any mud, soil, sand or dirt from the chain using a jet of water and then dry it immediately using compressed air at a distance of at least 30 cm (11.81 in).

Attention

Avoid the use of steam, fuel, solvents, hard brushes or other methods that could damage the O-rings; also avoid direct contact with the battery acid as it could cause mini cracks in the links as shown in the figure.

Attention

In particular, in case of Off-Road use of the bike, it is possible that excessive wear of the links occurs due to the contact with the chain sliding shoe; friction could in fact cause the chain to overheat, altering the heat treatment of the links and making them particularly fragile.

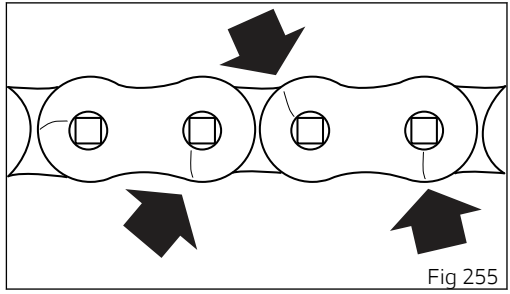


Fig 255

Lubricating the drive chain

Important
Have drive chain cleaned by a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

Attention
Use SHELL Advance Chain to lubricate the chain; the use of non-specific lubricants could damage the O-rings and therefore the entire drive system.

It is recommendable to lubricate the chain without waiting for it to cool down after using the motorcycle, so that the new lubricant can penetrate better between the inner and outer links and be more effective in its protective action.

Place the bike on the rear paddock stand. Make the rear wheel turns fast in the opposite direction to the direction of travel.

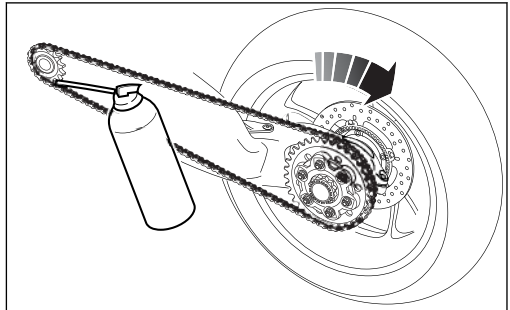


Fig 256

Apply the lubricant jet (1) inside the chain between the inner and outer links, in point (2) immediately before the engagement point on the sprocket.

Due to the centrifugal force, the lubricant, made fluid by the solvents contained in the spray, will expand in the working area between the pin and the bush, ensuring perfect lubrication.

Repeat the operation by aiming the lubricant jet to the central part (5) of the chain so as to lubricate the rollers (4), and to the outer plates (6) as shown in the figure.

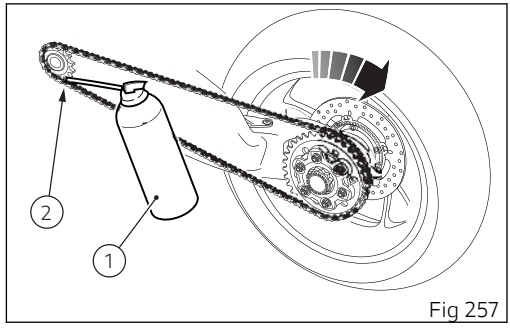


Fig 257

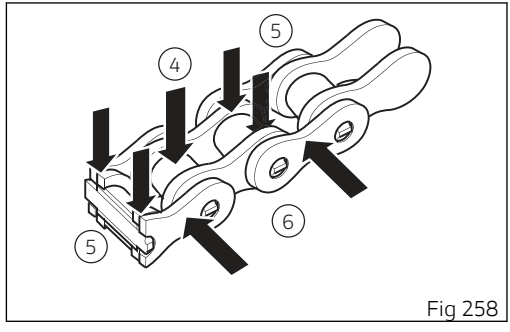
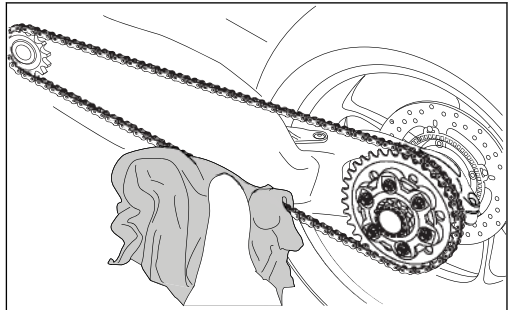


Fig 258

After lubrication, wait 10-15 minutes to allow the lubricant to act on the internal and external surfaces of the chain and then remove the excess lubricant with a clean cloth.

Important
Do not use the motorcycle immediately after lubricating the chain as the lubricant, still fluid, would be centrifuged outwards causing possible soiling of the rear tyre or the rider's footpeg.

Important
Check the chain often, taking care to lubricate it, as also indicated in the table below: at least every 1000 km (621 mi) or more frequently (about every 400 km (248 mi)) when using the bike with high outside temperatures (40°C) or after long travels on the highway at high speed.


Fig 259

Replacing the high and low beam bulbs

The whole front LED headlight assembly is maintenance-free. Figure shows the locations of the high beam (HI), low beam (LO) and parking lights (1). Have the lights replaced at a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre.

Rear turn indicators

LED turn indicator lights are maintenance-free.

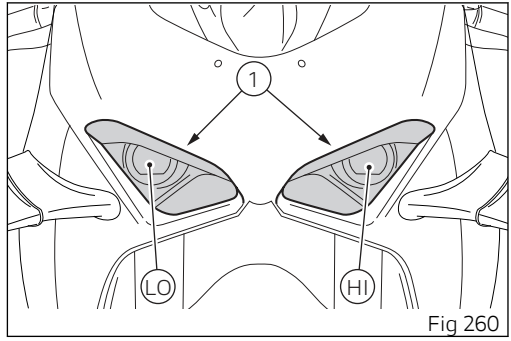


Fig 260

Aligning the headlight

Check correct headlight aiming. Position the motorcycle 10 metres from a wall or a screen, the motorcycle must be perfectly upright with the tires inflated to the correct pressure and with a rider seated, perfectly perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. On the wall or surface, draw a horizontal line at the same height from the ground as the centre of the headlight and a vertical line aligned with the longitudinal axis of the motorcycle. If possible, perform this check in dim light. Switch on the low beam and adjust right and left beams. The height of the upper limit between the dark area and the lit area must not be more than 9/10 of the height from the ground of the headlight centre.

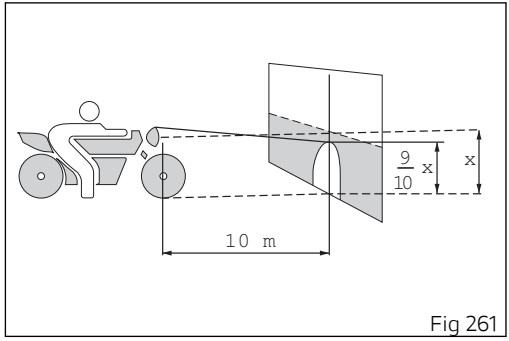


Fig 261

Note

This is the procedure specified by Italian regulations for checking the maximum height of the light beam. Please adapt said procedure to the provisions in force in your own country.

To align the headlight beam, turn the screws (1) and (2) located at the front of the vehicle, on both sides.

Screw (1), positioned on the left side, acts on the high beam:

- turn clockwise to lower the light beam;
- turn counter clockwise to raise the light beam.

Screw (2), positioned on the right side, acts on the low beam:

- turn clockwise to lower the light beam;
- turn counter clockwise to raise the light beam.

Attention

The headlight might fog up if the motorcycle is used under the rain or after washing. Switch headlight on for a short time to dry up any condensate.

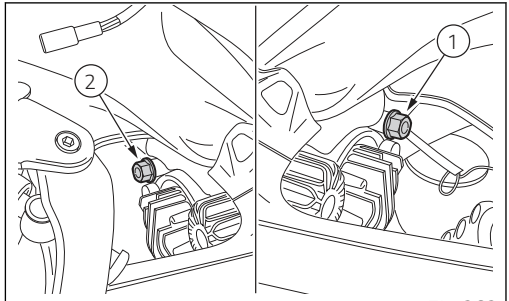


Fig 262

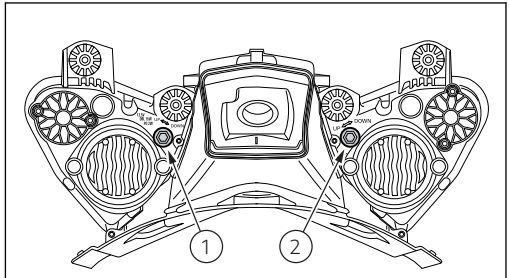


Fig 263

Adjusting the rear-view mirrors

Manually adjust the rear-view mirror by pushing at point (A).

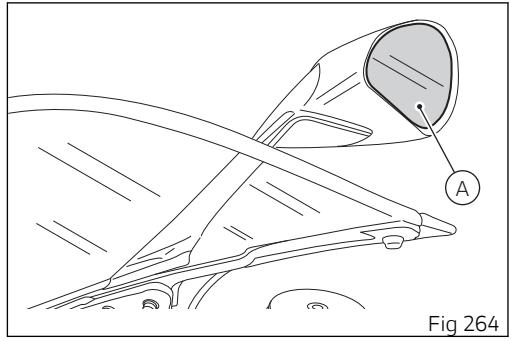


Fig 264

Tubeless tyres

On the road (rider only)
2.3 bar (33.36 psi) (front) - 2.1 bar (30.46 psi) (rear).
On the road (rider + passenger):
2.5 bar (36.26 psi) (front) - 2.9 bar (42.06 psi) (rear).
On track (rider only):
2.3 bar (33.36 psi) (front) - 1.8 bar (26.10 psi) (rear).
As tyre pressure is affected by ambient temperature and altitude variations, you are advised to check and adjust it whenever you are riding in areas where ample variations in temperature or altitude occur.

Attention

Check and set tyre pressure when tyres are cold. To avoid front wheel rim distortion, when riding on bumpy roads, increase tyre pressure by 0.2 ÷ 0.3 bar (2.90÷4.35 psi).

Tyre repair or change (Tubeless tyres)

In the event of a tiny puncture, tubeless tyres will take a long time to deflate, as they tend to keep air inside. If you find low pressure on one tyre, check the tyre for punctures.

Attention

Punctured tyres must be replaced. Replace tyres with recommended standard tyres only. Be sure to tighten the valve caps securely to avoid leaks when riding. Never use tube type tyres. Failure to heed this warning may lead to sudden tyre bursting and to serious danger to rider.

After replacing a tyre, the wheel must be balanced.

Attention

Do not remove or shift the wheel balancing weights.

Note

Have the tyres replaced at a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre. Correct removal and installation of the wheels is essential. Some parts of the ABS (such as sensors and phonic wheels) are mounted to the wheels and require specific adjustment.

Minimum tread depth

Measure tread depth (S) at the point where tread is most worn down: it should not be less than 2 mm (0.08 in), and in any case not less than the legal limit.

Important

Visually inspect the tyres at regular intervals for detecting cracks and cuts, especially on the side walls, bulges or large spots that are indicative of internal damage. Replace them if badly damaged. Remove any stones or other foreign bodies caught in the tread.

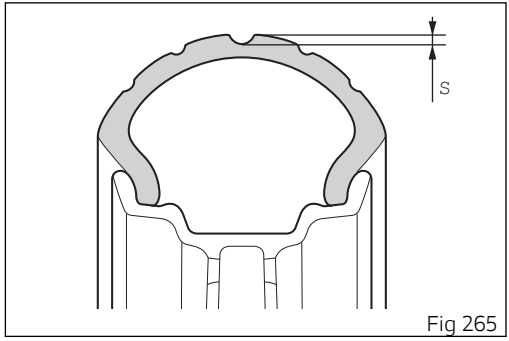


Fig 265

Check engine oil level

Engine oil level can be checked through the sight glass (1) located on the left side of the engine block. Oil level should be between the marks on the sight glass. If the level is low, top up with engine oil. Remove the oil filler cap (2) located on the right side of the vehicle and top up until the oil reaches the required level. Refit the filler plug (2).
Ducati prescribes the only use of SAE 15W-50/JASO MA2 oil and recommends the use of Shell Advance 4T Ultra 15W-50 oil (JASO: MA2 and API: SN).

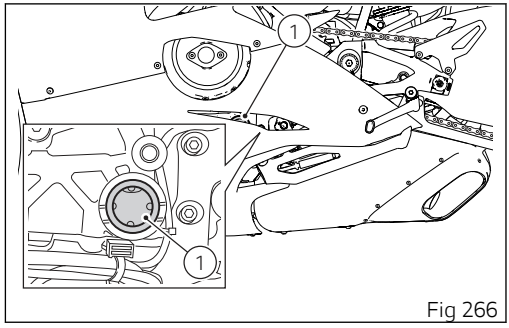


Fig 266

Important

UK VERSION: Ducati recommends you use Shell Advance DUCATI 15W-50 Fully Synthetic Oil.

Important

Engine oil and oil filters must be changed by a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre at the intervals specified in the scheduled maintenance chart reported in the Warranty Card.

To check the oil level correctly, carefully follow the instructions below.
1) The level check must be carried out with engine off for at least 2 hours, to allow time for the oil flowed in the cylinder heads to reach the sump.

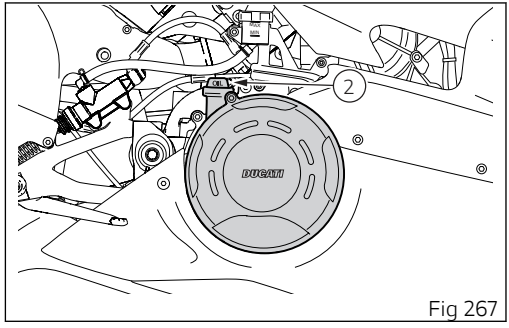


Fig 267

2) Position the bike with both wheels on a flat ground and in straight position.
3) Then, check the engine oil through the sight glass.
4) If the oil level is below the middle line between the MIN and MAX marks, add oil until reaching the maximum level indication.

Attention
Never exceed the MAX mark.

Recommendations concerning oil

It is recommended to use oil complying with the following specifications:
- viscosity grade SAE 15W-50;
- standard API: SN;
- standard JASO: MA2.

Attention
UK VERSION: It is recommended to use oil complying with the following specifications:
- viscosity grade SAE 15W-50.

SAE 15W-50 is an alphanumerical code identifying oil class based on viscosity: two figures with a W ("winter") in-between; the first figure indicates oil viscosity at low temperature; the second figure indicates its viscosity at high temperature. API (American standard) and JASO (Japanese standard) standards specify oil characteristics.

Cleaning the motorcycle

To preserve the finish of metal parts and paintwork, wash and clean your motorcycle at regular intervals, anyway according to road conditions. Use specific products only. Prefer biodegradable products. Avoid aggressive detergents or solvents.
Use only water and neutral soap to clean the Plexiglas and the seat.
Periodically clean by hand all aluminium components. Use special detergents, suitable for aluminium parts. Do NOT use abrasive detergents or caustic soda.



Note

Do not use sponges with abrasive parts or steel wool: only use soft cloths.

However, the warranty does not apply to motorcycles whenever poor maintenance status is ascertained.



Important

Do not wash your motorcycle right after use. When the motorcycle is still hot, water drops will evaporate faster and spot hot surfaces.
Never clean the motorcycle using hot or high-pressure water jets.
Cleaning the motorcycle with a high pressure water jet may lead to seizure or serious faults in forks, wheel hubs, electric system, headlight (fogging), fork seals, air inlets or exhaust silencers, with consequent loss of compliance with the safety requirements.
Clean off stubborn dirt or exceeding grease from engine parts using a degreasing agent. Be sure to avoid contact with drive parts (chain, sprockets, etc.).

Rinse with warm water and dry all surfaces with chamois leather.



Attention

Braking performance may be impaired immediately after washing the motorcycle. Never grease or lubricate the brake discs to avoid losing braking power. Clean the discs with an oil-free solvent.

Attention
The headlight might fog up due to washing, rain or moisture. Switch headlight on for a short time to help and dry up any condensate.

Carefully clean the phonic wheels of the ABS in order to ensure system efficiency. Do not use aggressive products in order to avoid damaging the phonic wheels and the sensors.

Attention
Avoid direct contact between instrument panel lens and oils/fuels that may stain or damage it thereby impairing information readability. To clean such parts, do not use alcohol-based detergents, containing solvent or abrasive agents; do not use sponges or cloths featuring hard or rough areas since they might scratch the surface.

Note
Clean instrument panel lens using soft cloths with water and mild soap or detergents specific for cleaning clear plastic parts.

Note
To clean the instrument panel do not use alcohol or its by-products.

Pay special attention when cleaning the wheel rims since they have parts in machined aluminium; clean and dry them every time you use the vehicle.

Important
To clean and lubricate the drive chain, refer to the paragraph “Lubricating the drive chain”.

Cleaning and replacing the spark plugs

Spark plugs are essential to smooth engine running and should be checked at regular intervals.
Have the spark plug replaced by a Ducati Dealer or an authorised Service Centre.

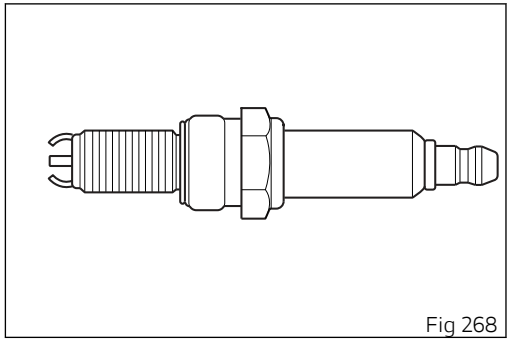


Fig 268

Storing the motorcycle

If the motorcycle is to be left unridden over long periods, it is advisable to carry out the following operations before storing it away:

- clean the motorcycle;
- empty the fuel tank;
- place the motorcycle on a service stand;
- disconnect, remove the battery and periodically charge it using the battery maintainer;
- protect the motorcycle with a suitable canvas. This will protect paintwork and let condensate breathe out. The canvas is available from Ducati Performance.

Important notes

Laws in some countries set certain noise and pollution standards.
Periodically carry out the required checks and renew parts as necessary, using Ducati original spare parts, in compliance with the regulations in the country concerned.

Various electronic components of your vehicle have data memories that temporarily or permanently store technical information on the status, events and faults of the vehicle.
In general, this information documents the status of a component, module, system or environment.

- Operating status of system components (e.g. emission control system).
- Status messages of the vehicle and its components (e.g. wheel rotation speed, engine rpm, engaged gear, etc.)
- Malfunctions and faults of important system components (e.g. lights, brakes, etc.)
- Vehicle response in particular riding situations (e.g. traction control system, etc.)
- Environmental conditions (e.g. temperature, etc.)

These data are always of a technical nature and are used to detect and correct faults and optimise vehicle functions.
During service operations such as repairs, maintenance activities, operations under warranty, and quality assurance, service network personnel (including manufacturers) can read this technical information from the event and fault data memory using special diagnostic tools. Once the fault has been eliminated, it is possible to progressively delete or overwrite the information in the fault memory.
Vehicle data are collected as a result of a service requested by the Customer or provided under a contract (on the vehicle).
Within the scope of these services, personal data are processed in compliance with current legislation on data protection, based on a legitimate interest of Ducati to ensure increasingly efficient assistance, and finally to comply with legal obligations (e.g. information obligations on repairs and maintenance). If necessary, personal data are read and used in combination with the vehicle identification number.
Our control units do not collect geolocation data.

Vehicle transport

Before transporting the motorcycle using another vehicle, follow the safety instructions below.

1) Remove all loose objects and accessories from the vehicle;
2) Align the front wheel straight in the riding direction and lock it properly to prevent any movement;
3) Engage the first gear;
4) Use the anchoring straps and apply them to strong components (e.g. frame) and NOT to the handlebar (or handlebars, where present) or to components that could break (e.g. handgrips, rear-view mirrors, etc.);
5) The straps or ropes must NOT rub against any painted motorcycle components;
6) The suspensions, if possible, must be in a partially compressed position so as to allow less movement of the vehicle with respect to the road surface during transport.

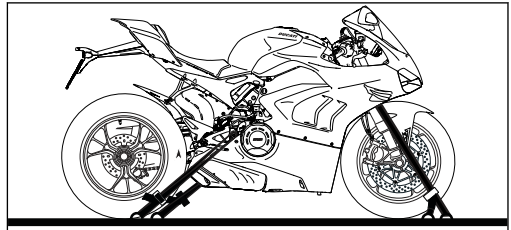


Fig 269

Do NOT attach the ropes to the handlebar.

Scheduled maintenance chart

Scheduled maintenance chart: operations to be carried out by the dealer

Attention

This scheduled maintenance chart is designed for a road use of the Panigale V4. If it is used on the track, even if not during sport competitions, all parts of the motorcycle are more stressed so the routine maintenance operations must be carried out more frequently than indicated.

Attention

Please contact a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre where you can receive customised service advice according to the sport use you make of your Panigale V4.

List of operations and type of intervention [set mileage (km/mi) or time interval *]	Km. x1000 mi. x1,000	1 0.6	12 7.5	24 15	36 22.5	48 30	Time (months)
Reading of the error memory with DDS 2.0 and check of Software version update on control units		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check the presence of any technical updates and recall campaigns		●	●	●	●	●	12
Change engine oil and filter		●	●	●	●	●	12

List of operations and type of intervention [set mileage (km/mi) or time interval *]	Km. x1000 mi. x1,000	1 0.6	12 7.5	24 15	36 22.5	48 30	Time (months)
Change engine oil mesh filter assembly				●		●	-
Check and/or adjust valve clearance				●		●	-
Visual check for wear of the chain timing system and of the oil pump drive chain						●	-
Change spark plugs				●		●	-
Clean air filter			●		●		-
Change air filter				●		●	-
Replace the fastening screws of clutch cover, clutch protection cover, generator cover, and oil sump				●		●	-
Check brake and clutch fluid level		●	●	●	●	●	12
Change brake and clutch fluid							24
Check brake pads. Change, if necessary		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check the proper tightening of brake calliper bolts and brake disc flange screws		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check front and rear wheel nuts tightening		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check wheel hub bearings				●		●	-

List of operations and type of intervention [set mileage (km/mi) or time interval *]	Km. x1000 mi. x1,000	1 0.6	12 7.5	24 15	36 22.5	48 30	Time (months)
Check and lubricate the rear wheel shaft				●		●	24
Check the cush drive damper on rear sprocket				●		●	-
Check the proper tightening of final drive front and rear sprocket nuts		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check final drive chain sliders for wear		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check final drive chain tension and lubrication		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check steering bearings and lubricate, if necessary				●		●	24
Change front fork fluid							36
Visually check the front fork and rear shock absorber seals		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check for proper tightening of the frame-to-engine fasteners and swinging arm			●	●	●	●	-
Check the freedom of movement and tightening of the side stand		●	●	●	●	●	12
Visually check the fuel lines			●	●	●	●	12
Check rubbing points, clearance, freedom of movement and positioning of hoses and electric wiring in view		●	●	●	●	●	12

List of operations and type of intervention [set mileage (km/mi) or time interval *]	Km. x1000 mi. x1,000	1 0.6	12 7.5	24 15	36 22.5	48 30	Time (months)
Lubricate the levers at the handlebar and pedal controls			●	●	●	●	12
Change coolant						●	48
Check coolant level		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check electric fan operation		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check tyre pressure and wear		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check the battery charge level		●	●	●	●	●	12
Check idling		●	●	●	●	●	12
Adjustment of the Bowden cable of the exhaust valve opening through the DDS 2.0		●		●		●	-
Check secondary air system operation				●		●	-
Check the operation of all electric safety devices (side stand sensor, front and rear brake switches, engine kill switch, gear/neutral sensor)		●	●	●	●	●	12
Reset the variable-length intake manifold system (VIS) using DDS 2.0				●		●	-
Check the indicators and lighting		●	●	●	●	●	12
Reset the Service indication through the DDS 2.0		●	●	●	●	●	-

List of operations and type of intervention [set mileage (km/mi) or time interval *]	Km. x1000 mi. x1,000	1 0.6	12 7.5	24 15	36 22.5	48 30	Time (months)
Road test of the motorcycle, testing the safety devices (ex. ABS and DTC)		●	●	●	●	●	12
Softly clean the motorcycle		●	●	●	●	●	12
Fill out that the service was performed in on-board documentation (Service Booklet)		●	●	●	●	●	12

* Service operation to be carried out in accordance with the specified distance or time intervals (km, miles or months), whichever occurs first.

Scheduled maintenance chart: operations to be carried out by the customer

Important

Using the motorcycle under extreme conditions, such as very damp and muddy roads or dusty and dry environment, could cause above-average wear of components like the drive system, the brakes or the air filter. If the air filter is dirty, the engine could get damaged. Therefore, this might translate in required service or replacement of the wear parts earlier than specified in the scheduled maintenance chart.

List of operations and type of intervention [set mileage (km/mi) or time interval *]	Km. x1000	1
	mi. x1,000	0.6
	Months	6
Check engine oil level		●
Check brake and clutch fluid level		●
Check tyre pressure and wear		●
Check the drive chain tension and lubrication. If necessary, contact your dealer to adjust components.		●
Check chain and sprocket for wear. If necessary, contact your dealer to replace components.		●
Check brake pads. If necessary, contact your dealer to replace components.		●

* Service operation to be carried out in accordance with the specified distance or time intervals (km, miles or months), whichever occurs first.

Technical data

Weights

Overall weight (in running order with 90% of fuel - 44/2014/EU Annex XI): 195 kg (429.90 lb).
Overall weight (without fluids and battery): 174 kg (383.60 lb).
Maximum allowed weight (carrying full load): 370 kg (815.71 lb).

Attention

Failure to observe weight limits could result in poor handling and impair the performance of your motorcycle, and you may lose control of the motorcycle.

Dimensions

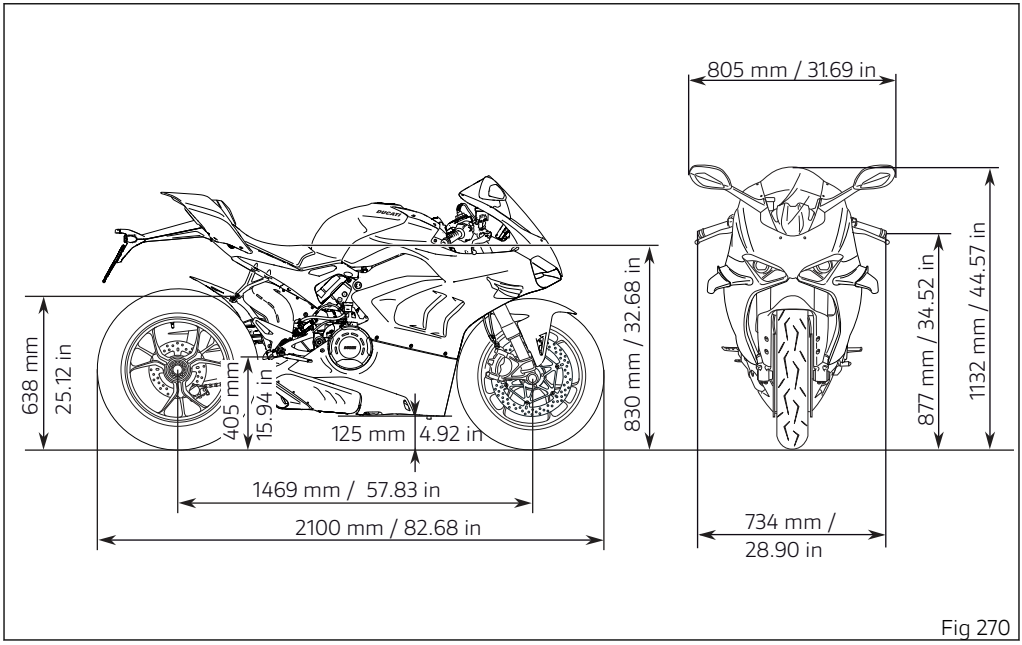


Fig 270

Fuel, lubricants and other fluids

TOP-UPS	TYPE	
Fuel tank, including a reserve of 4.5 litres (0.99 UK gal)	Ducati recommends SHELL V-Power unleaded premium fuel with a minimum of octane rating of RON 95	16 litres (3.52 UK gal)
Oil sump and filter	Ducati prescribes the only use of SAE 15W-50/JASO MA2 oil and recommends the use of Shell Advance 4T Ultra 15W-50 oil (JASO: MA2 and API: SN). SHELL Advance DUCATI 15W-50 Fully Synthetic Oil (UK VERSION)	3.4 litres (0.75 UK gal)
Front/rear brake and clutch circuits	DOT 4	-
Protectant for electric contacts	Protective spray for electric systems	-
Front fork	SHELL Donax TA	230 mm (9.05 in) 382 ± 4 cu. cm (23.31 ± 0.24 cu in)
Cooling circuit	ENI Agip Permanent Spezial antifreeze (do not dilute, use pure)	2.05 litres (0.45 UK gal)

Important

Do not use any additives in fuel or lubricants. Using them could result in severe damage of the engine and motorcycle components.

Attention

The motorcycle is only compatible with fuel having a maximum content of ethanol of 10% (E10). Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% is forbidden. Using it could result in severe damage of the engine and motorcycle components. Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% will make the warranty null and void.

Important

These references indicate the fuel recommended for this vehicle as specified by the European regulation EN228.



Engine

Desmosedici Stradale: V4 90°, counter-rotating crankshaft, Desmodromic timing system, 4 valves per cylinder, liquid cooling.

Bore: 81 mm (3.19 in)

Stroke: 53.3 mm (2.1 in)

Total displacement: 1,103 cu. cm (67.31 cu. in)

Compression ratio: 14.0 ± 0.5:1

Maximum power at crankshaft (EU) Regulation no. 134/2014, Annex X, kW/HP:
157.5 kW/214.0 HP at 13,000 rpm

Max. power at crankshaft Regulation (EU) no. 134/2014 Annex X kW, for France version only:
84 kW/114.2 HP at 10,500 rpm

Maximum torque at crankshaft (EU) Regulation no. 134/2014 Annex X:
124 Nm - 12.6 kgm at 10,000 rpm

Max. torque at crankshaft Regulation (EU) no. 134/2014 Annex X, for France version only:
99 Nm - 10.1 Kgm at 7,500 rpm

Maximum rpm: 14,500 rpm / 15,000 rpm (6th gear).

Note

The engine control unit disables the 2 rear bank cylinders when engine is idling and the throttle twistgrip is fully released. This disabling is only implemented when some conditions are verified and namely depending on the engine temperature, gear engaged and clutch lever position (that must be completely pulled unless gear is in Neutral). This strategy ensures advantages in terms of fuel economy and rider's comfort because of less heat.

Important

Do not exceed the specified rpm limits in any running conditions.

Note

The indicated power/torque values have been measured with a static test bench according to type-approval standards and match with the data detected during type-approval process; they are indicated in the vehicle registration document.

Timing system

Desmodromic, 4 valves per cylinder

Desmodromic timing system

1) Opening (or upper) rocker arm;
2) Opening rocker shim;
3) Closing (or lower) rocker shim;
4) Return spring for lower rocker;
5) Closing (or lower) rocker;
6) Camshaft;
7) Valve.

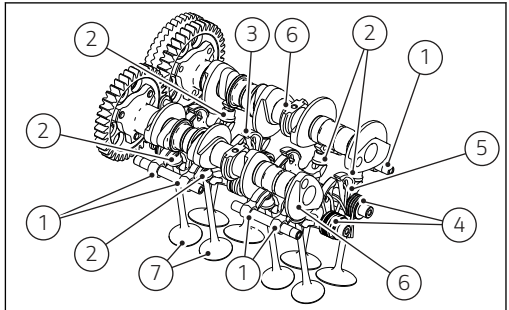


Fig 271

Performance data

Maximum speed in any gear should be reached only after a correct running-in period with the motorcycle properly serviced at the recommended intervals.

Important

Failure to follow these instructions releases Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. from any liability whatsoever for any engine damage or shorter engine life.

Spark plugs

Make: NGK.
Type: LMDR10A-JS.

Fuel system

Inductive discharge indirect electronic injection, intake system with variable length ducts
Throttle body: Full Ride-by-Wire elliptical (corresponding diameter):
52 mm (2.05 in)
Injectors per cylinder: 2
Fuel supply: 95-98 RON.

Attention

The motorcycle is only compatible with fuel having a maximum content of ethanol of 10% (E10). Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% is forbidden. Using it could result in severe damage of the engine and motorcycle components. Using fuel with ethanol content over 10% will make the warranty null and void.

Brakes

Separate-action anti-lock braking system operated by hall-type sensors mounted to each wheel with phonic wheel detection: ABS can be disabled.

FRONT
Semi-floating drilled twin-disc.
Braking material: stainless steel.
Carrier material: stainless steel.
Disc diameter: 330 mm (12.99 in).
Brake disc thickness: 5 mm (0.2 in)
Hydraulically operated by a control lever on handlebar right-hand side.
Brake calliper make: BREMBO.
Type: Stylema monobloc (R) M4.30, radial mount (ABS Cornering EVO)
Number of pistons per calliper: 4

Friction material: BRM10H.
Master cylinder type: PR16/21 S, self-bleeding.
Front brake master cylinder lever DBC: 21 mm (0.83 in).
Front brake master cylinder diameter: 16 mm (0.63 in).

REAR
With fixed drilled stainless steel disc.
Disc diameter: 245 mm (9.6 in).
Brake disc thickness: 5 mm (0.2 in)
Hydraulically operated by a pedal on RH side.
Brake calliper make: BREMBO.
Number of pistons per calliper: 2.
Cornering ABS as standard.
Friction material: TOSHIBA TT 2172 HH.
Master cylinder type: PS 13.
Master cylinder diameter: 13 mm (0.51 in).

Attention

The brake fluid used in the brake system is corrosive.
In the event of accidental contact with eyes or skin, wash the affected area with abundant running water.

Transmission

Hydraulically-controlled slipper/self-servo wet multiplate clutch controlled by the lever on left-hand side of the handlebar.
Drive is transmitted from engine to gearbox primary shaft via spur gears.
Primary drive: 1.80:1
6-gear gearbox with Ducati Quick Shift (DQS) up/down EVO, gear change pedal on left side of motorcycle.

Gearbox output sprocket/rear chain sprocket ratio: 16/41
Total gear ratios:
1st gear 38/14
2nd gear 36/17
3rd gear 33/19
4th gear 32/21
5th gear 30/22
6th gear 30/24

Drive chain from gearbox to rear wheel.
Make: DID 525HV3 KAI ZB
Links: 114

Important

The above gear ratios are the homologated ones and under no circumstances must they be modified.

However, if you wish to tune up your motorcycle for competitions or special tracks, Ducati Motor Holding S.p.A. will be pleased to provide information about the special ratios available. Contact a Ducati Dealer or Authorised Service Centre.

Attention

If the rear sprocket needs replacing, contact a Ducati Dealer or authorised Service Centre. Incorrect replacement of this component could seriously compromise your safety and cause irreparable damage to the motorcycle.

Frame

Aluminium alloy frame.
Aluminium alloy rear subframe.
Steering head angle: 24.5°
Steering angle: 26° LH side / 26° RH side
Trail: 100 mm (3.93 in).

Wheels

Front

3-spoke, aluminium alloy forged rim.
Size: MT3.50x17"

Rear

3-spoke, aluminium alloy forged rim.
Size: MT6.00x17"

Tyres

Front

Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SP "tubeless" radial type.
Size: 120/70-ZR17.

Rear

Pirelli Diablo Supercorsa SP "tubeless" radial type.
Size: 200/60-ZR17.

Suspension

Front

Öhlins NIX30 upside-down fork with TiN coating of fork legs, completely adjustable.
Electronic compression and rebound damping adjustment with Öhlins Smart EC 2.0 controlled semi-active mode
Stanchion diameter:
43 mm (1.7 in), TiN-coated.
Wheel travel:
120 mm (4.7 in).

Rear

Ohlins TTX36 fully adjustable monoshock.
Electronic compression and rebound damping adjustment with Öhlins Smart EC 2.0 controlled semi-active mode.
Aluminium single-sided swinging arm.
Wheel travel:
130 mm (5.1 in).

Steering damper

Adjustable Öhlins electronic steering damper.

Exhaust system

Layout: the exhaust system structure is 4 into 2 into 1 into 2.
Four Lambda sensors and two catalytic converters.

Available colours

Ducati Anniversary red 473.101 (PPG);
Primer (White Acriflex) code LMC06017 (LECHLER);
grey frame and black rims.

Electric system

Basic electric items are:

Dashboard

MAE instrument panel with 5" TFT colour display.

Headlight

Low beam: no.2 LEDs;
High beam: no.1 LED;
Parking light / DRL: no. 4 LEDs.

Turn indicators

Front: no.15 LEDs
LED rear turn indicators (Europe version): no.1 LED
BULB rear turn indicators (USA version) type:
RY10W (12V-10W) Amber.

Tail light

Parking light: no.18 LEDs;
LED stop lights: no.18 LEDs.
Number plate light: no.3 LEDs

Battery

Lithium-ion battery:
LiFePO4 (12.8V - 4Ah)

Horn.
Stop light switches.

Generator: 14 V - 425 W.
ELECTRONIC RECTIFIER, protected by a 30A fuse located on the solenoid starter, next to the battery.
Starter motor: Denzo BA06 (12V - 0.6 kW)

Note

For bulb replacement instructions, please see the paragraph "Replacing the high and low beam bulbs".

Fuses

There are fuses that protect the electric components, located inside the front fuse boxes, and one on the electric solenoid starter. There is a spare fuse in every box.

Refer to the table below to identify the circuits protected by the various fuses and their ratings.

The front left fuse box (A) and the front right one (B) are located above the battery.

To access the fuses, remove the left-hand side fairing.

To expose the fuses, lift the box protective cover.

Mounting position and ampere capacity are marked on box cover.

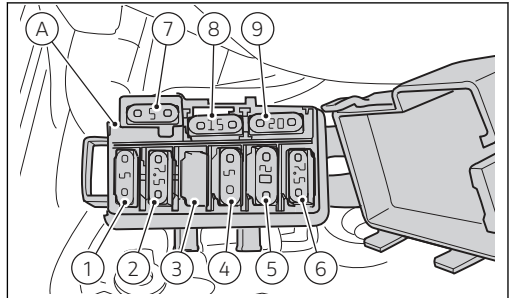


Fig 272

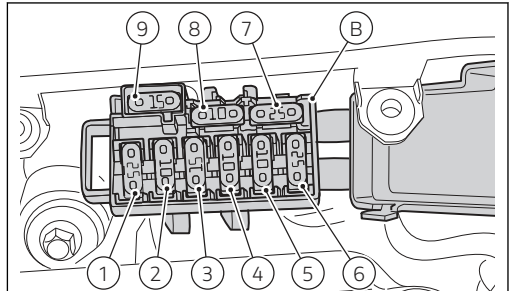


Fig 273

Front left fuse box (A) key		
Pos	El. item	Rat.
1	EMS/ABS/IMU	5 A
2	DASH/BBS/SMEC	7.5 A
3	-	-
4	Accessories (SW)	5 A
5	Injection relay	20 A
6	Diagnostics/ Recharge	7.5 A
7	Spare	5 A
8	Spare	15 A
9	Spare	20 A

Front right fuse box (B) key		
Pos	El. item	Rat.
1	ABS 1	25 A
2	ABS 2	10 A
3	Instrument panel	15 A
4	Black Box System (BBS)	10 A

Front right fuse box (B) key		
5	Fuel pump relay	10 A
6	EMS powered relays	25 A
7	Spare	15 A
8	Spare	10A
9	Spare	25 A

The main fuse (C) is located on the right side of the fuse box (B , on solenoid starter (D).
To reach it, it is necessary to remove the tank cover as described in chapter “Charging the battery” and the protection cap (E). A blown fuse can be identified by breakage of the inner filament (F).

Important

Switch the ignition key to OFF before replacing the fuse to avoid possible short-circuits.

Attention

Never use a fuse with a rating other than specified. Failure to observe this rule may damage the electric system or even cause fire.

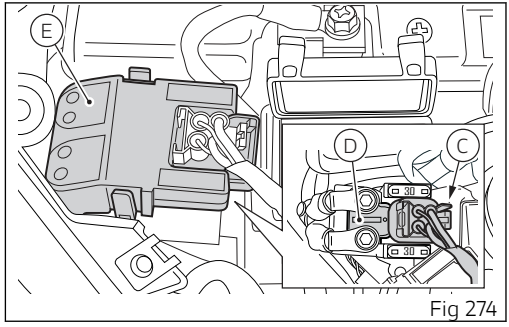


Fig 274

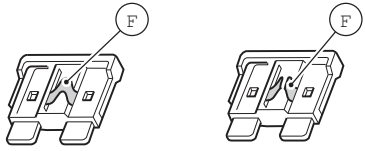


Fig 275

Declarations of conformity

EU Directive 2014/53/EU

CE

Addresses of radio component manufacturers

All radio components must carry the manufacturer's address according to the provisions of directive 2014/53/EU. For components that, due to their size or nature, cannot be furnished with a sticker, the respective manufacturers' addresses as required by law are listed in the table 2.

Note
Only skilled person can access and install the device.

Table 1

Radio equipment installed in the vehicle	Frequency band	Max. transmission power
Instrument panel 5”	134.6 KHz 119 KHz ÷ 135 KHz	< 66 dBμA/m (10 m)

Ducati Multimedia System (Bluetooth)	2402 ÷ 2480 MHz	4.4mW
Antitheft	433.92MHz (±75KHz)	<0.6mA
GPS	1575.4 MHz	

Table 2

Radio equipment installed in the vehicle	Manufacturers' addresses
Instrument panel	**MAE** Via Presolana 31/33 24030 Medolago (Bergamo), Italy
Ducati Multimedia System (Bluetooth)	**COBO S.p.a.** Via Tito Speri, 10 25024 Leno (BS), Italy
Antitheft	**PATROLLINE** Via Cesare Cantù, 15/C 22031 Albavilla (CO), Italy

GPS	DANFOSS A/S 6430 Nordborg Denmark CVR nr.: 20 16 57 15

Simplified EU declaration of conformity

[Austria]
Ihr Fahrzeug ist mit einer Reihe von Funkgeräten ausgestattet. Die Hersteller dieser Funkgeräte erklären, dass diese, wo gesetzlich vorgeschrieben, mit der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU übereinstimmen. Der vollständige Text der EU-Konformitätserklärung ist unter folgender Adresse verfügbar: certifications.ducati.com

[Belgium]
Votre véhicule est équipé d'une série d'appareillages radio. Les constructeurs de ces appareillages radio déclarent que ces derniers sont conformes à la directive 2014/53/UE lorsque la loi le requiert. Le texte complet de la déclaration de conformité UE est disponible à l'adresse suivante : certifications.ducati.com

[Bulgaria]
Твоят мотоциклет е оборудван с различна по вид радиоапаратура. Производителите на тази радиоапаратура декларират, че тя съответства на Директива 2014/53/ЕС, съгласно изискванията по закон. Пълният текст на декларацията за съответствие ЕС, ще намерите на следния адрес: certifications.ducati.com

[Cyprus]
Το όχημά σας εξοπλίζεται με μια σειρά από ραδιοσυσκευές. Οι κατασκευαστές των συσκευών αυτών δηλώνουν ότι οι συσκευές συμμορφώνονται με την οδηγία 2014/53/ΕΕ, όπου απαιτείται από το νόμο. Το πλήρες κείμενο της δήλωσης συμμόρφωσης ΕΕ είναι διαθέσιμο στη διεύθυνση: certifications.ducati.com

[Czech Republic]

Vaše vozidlo je vybaveno řadou rádiových zařízení. Výrobci těchto radio zařízení, prohlašují, že zařízení jsou v souladu se směrnicí 2014/53/EU, pokud to vyžaduje zákon. Úplné znění prohlášení o shodě EU je k dispozici na internetových stránkách: certifications.ducati.com

[Germany]
Ihr Fahrzeug ist mit einer Reihe von Funkgeräten ausgestattet. Die Hersteller dieser Funkgeräte erklären, dass diese, wo gesetzlich vorgeschrieben, mit der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU übereinstimmen. Der vollständige Text der EU-Konformitätserklärung ist unter folgender Adresse verfügbar: certifications.ducati.com

[Denmark]
Dit køretøj er udstyret med et udvalg af radioudstyr. Producenterne af dette radioudstyr erklærer, at dette udstyr overholder direktiv 2014/53/EU, hvis det kræves i henhold til loven. Den komplette tekst af EU-overensstemmelseserklæringen findes på følgende webadresse: certifications.ducati.com

[Estonia]
Teie sõiduk on varustatud raadioseadmete seeriaga. Selle raadioseadme tootjad kinnitavad, et see seade vastab direktiivile 2014/53/EÜ, kui seadus seda nõuab. EÜ vastavusdeklaratsiooni terviktekst on saadaval järgmisel veebisaidil: certifications.ducati.com

[Spain]
Su vehículo está equipado con una serie de equipos de radio. Los fabricantes de dichos equipos de radio declaran su conformidad con la directiva 2014/53/UE, como requiere la ley. El texto completo de la declaración de conformidad UE está disponible en el siguiente sitio: certifications.ducati.com

[Finland]
Ajoneuvossasi on radiolaitteita. Näiden radiolaitteiden valmistajat vakuuttavat, että laitteet vastaavat direktiiviä 2014/53/EU lain edellyttämällä tavalla. EU-vaatimustenmukaisuusvakuutuksen täydellinen teksti on saatavilla seuraavasta osoitteesta: certifications.ducati.com

[France]
Votre véhicule est équipé d'une série d'appareillages radio. Les constructeurs de ces appareillages radio déclarent que ces derniers sont conformes à la directive 2014/53/UE lorsque la loi le requiert. Le texte complet de la déclaration de conformité UE est disponible à l'adresse suivante : certifications.ducati.com

[United Kingdom]
Your vehicle is equipped with a range of radio equipment. The manufacturers of this radio equipment declare that these equipment complies with Directive 2014/53/EU where required by law. The complete text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following web address: certifications.ducati.com

[Greece]
Το όχημά σας εξοπλίζεται με μια σειρά από ραδιοσυσκευές. Οι κατασκευαστές των συσκευών αυτών δηλώνουν ότι οι συσκευές συμμορφώνονται με την οδηγία 2014/53/ΕΕ, όπου απαιτείται από το νόμο. Το πλήρες κείμενο της δήλωσης συμμόρφωσης ΕΕ είναι διαθέσιμο στη διεύθυνση: certifications.ducati.com

[Croatia]
Vaše vozilo je opremljeno nizom radio uređaja. Proizvođači ovih radio uređaja tvrde da su uređaji u skladu s Direktivom 2014/53/UE ako je propisano zakonom. Cjelokupan tekst deklaracije o sukladnosti dostupan je na: certifications.ducati.com

[Hungary]
Járműved egy sor rádió készülékkel van felszerelve. Ezeknek a rádióberendezéseknek a gyártói kijelentik, hogy a készülékek megfelelnek a 2014/53/EU irányelvnek, ahol ezt a törvény megköveteli. Az EU megfelelőségi nyilatkozat teljes szövege az alábbi címen érhető el: certifications.ducati.com

[Ireland]
Your vehicle is equipped with a range of radio equipment. The manufacturers of this radio equipment declare that these equipment complies with Directive 2014/53/EU where required by law. The complete text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following web address: certifications.ducati.com

[Italy]
Il tuo veicolo è dotato di una serie di apparecchiature radio. The manufacturers of these radio equipment declare that equipment comply with Directive 2014/53/EU where required by law. Il testo completo della dichiarazione di conformità UE è disponibile al seguente indirizzo: certifications.ducati.com

[Lithuania]
Jūsų transporto priemonėje įdiegta daug įvairios radijo įrangos. Šios radijo įrangos gamintojai patvirtina, kad ji atitinka 2014/53/ES direktyvos reikalavimus, kaip tai numato galiojantys įstatymai. Visas ES atitikties deklaracijos tekstas pateikiamas svetainėje adresu certifications.ducati.com

[Luxembourg]
Votre véhicule est équipé d'une série d'appareillages radio. Les constructeurs de ces appareillages radio déclarent que ces derniers sont conformes à la directive 2014/53/UE lorsque la loi le requiert. Le texte complet de la déclaration de conformité UE est disponible à l'adresse suivante : certifications.ducati.com

[Latvia]
Jūsu transportlīdzeklis ir aprīkots ar dažādām radioierīcēm. Šo radioierīču ražotājs apliecina, ka ierīces atbilst Direktīvas 2014/53/ES prasībām, ja to paredz attiecīgie tiesību akti. Pilnīgo ES atbilstības deklarāciju skatiet šajā tīmekļa vietnē: certifications.ducati.com

[Malta]
Il-vettura tiegħek hija mgħammra b'firxa ta' tagħmir tar-radju. Il-manufatturi ta' dan it-tagħmir tar-radju jiddikjaraw li dan it-tagħmir jikkonforma mad-Direttiva 2014/53/UE fejn meħtieġ mil-liġi. It-test kollu tad-dikjarazzjoni ta' konformità tal-UE huwa disponibbli fuq l-indirizz tal-web: certifications.ducati.com

[Netherlands]
Uw voertuig is voorzien van diverse draadloze apparatuur. De fabrikanten van deze draadloze apparatuur verklaren dat deze, daar waar dit door de wet voorschreven wordt, overeenstemmen met de richtlijn

2014/53/EU. De volledige tekst van de EU-verklaring van overeenstemming is beschikbaar op het volgende webadres: certifications.ducati.com

[Poland]
Państwa pojazd został wyposażony w szereg urządzeń radiowych. Producenci tych urządzeń radiowych oświadczają, że są one zgodne z dyrektywą 2014/53/UE, tam, gdzie wymaga tego prawo. Pełny tekst deklaracji zgodności UE jest dostępny pod następującym adresem internetowym: certifications.ducati.com

[Portugal]
O seu veículo é dotado de uma série de equipamentos de rádio. Os construtores desses equipamentos de rádio declaram que os mesmos estão em conformidade com a diretiva 2014/53/UE sempre que a lei o determinar. O texto completo da declaração de conformidade UE está disponível no seguinte endereço: certifications.ducati.com

[Romania]
Vehiculul dvs. este dotat cu o serie de aparate radio. Producătorii acestor aparate radio declară că acestea sunt conforme cu directiva 2014/53/UE, dacă legea impune acest lucru. Textul complet al declarației de conformitate UE este disponibil la următoarea adresă: certifications.ducati.com

[Sweden]
Ditt fordon är utrustat med radioutrustning. Radioutrustningens tillverkare förklarar att denna utrustning uppfyller direktiv 2014/53/EU där så lagen kräver det. Fullständig text om EU-försäkran om överensstämmelse finns på följande adress: certifications.ducati.com

[Slovenia]
Vaše vozilo ima tudi vrsto radijske opreme. Proizvajalci eteh radijskih naprav izjavljajo, da so ti v skladu z uredbo 2014/53/UE, kjer zakon to predvideva. Celotno besedilo izjave o skladnosti EU je na voljo na spodnjem naslovu: certifications.ducati.com

[Slovakia]
Vaše vozidlo je vybavené rádiofónnymi zariadeniami. Výrobcovia týchto rádiofónnych zariadení prehlasujú, že tieto zariadenia sú v zhode so smernicou 2014/53/EÚ v rozsahu predpísanom zákonom. Úplný text ES prehlásenia o zhode je k dispozícii na nasledujúcej adrese: certifications.ducati.com

United States (USA)

“This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.
Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation."
“Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.” "NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment gene rates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interfere nee to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help."

- RF exposure Information according 2.1091/2.1093 / OET bulletin 65:
Radiofrequency radiation exposure Information: This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with

minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
The manufacturers of these radio equipment declare that devices comply with the FCC

DASHBOARD	FCC ID: 2AVGH-DSBV4HTG
Ducati Multimedia System (Bluetooth)	FCC ID: Z64-2564N

Canada

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/ receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause interference.
(2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:
(1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
(2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

RF Exposure Information:
This equipment complies with Canada radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations: Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

DASHBOARD	IC: 25794-DSBV4HTG
Ducati Multimedia System (Bluetooth)	IC: 4511-2564N

South Korea
해당 무선설비는 전파혼신 가능성이 있으므로 인명안전과 관련된 서비스는 할 수 없습니다



Ducati Multimedia System (Bluetooth)

Japan

当該機器には電波法に基づく、技術基準適合証明等を受けた特定無線設備を装着している。
This equipment contains specified radio equipment that has been certified to the technical regulation conformity certification under the Radio Law.

本無線機器の改造を禁ずる（これに反した場合は当該認証登録番号は無効となる）
This radio device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid)

South Korea

해당 무선설비는 전파혼신 가능성이 있으므로 인명안전과 관련된 서비스는 할 수 없습니다



Brasil

Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário. Para consultas, visite: www.anatel.gov.br .



07755-17-10873

91375141EN

Stampato 12/2020



Ducati Motor Holding spa
ducati.com

Via Cavalieri Ducati, 3
40132 Bologna, Italy
Ph. +39 051 6413111
Fax +39 051 406580

A Sole Shareholder Company
A Company subject to the Management and Coordination activities of AUDI AG